The Bee.

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DRAPER & NUGENT

IN THE BEE TO-DAY.

WEATHER.

Ohio forecast—Local showers; warmer, followed by clear weather; southwesterly winds.

Lower Michigan—Local showers; westerly winds.

Local indications for the next 24 hours from 3 p. m.: Showers, followed by clearing; southwesterly winds.

LOCAL.

Notes in labor circles.
Some of Toledo's attorneys.
Vessel insurance rates fixed.
Councilmen to go to Detroit.
Death of Mrs. Joel W. Kelsey.
Gas trustees' doings last night.
Points at Uncle Sam's building.
The board of councilmen's work.
Italian laborers brought to Toledo.
cu Farmer Ibbed on his way home.
Democratic meetings for organization.
Bids received for public improvements.
State league of C. K. of A., to be formed.
C. J. & M. offices will likely leave Toledo.
Central avenue stone road case once more.
Board of education pass on routine matters.
Program for next week's Central Ohio conference.
Proposed rink to be erected by the Burns curlers.
The steamer Kirby accepts the challenge of the City of Toledo.

UNITED STATES.

Fostoria gossip.
Fire in Fostoria.
The wheat exports.
The Ohio campaign.
New German daily in Chicago.
Work for the coming congress.
Great railroad time made in New York.
Murderer Fitzgerald saws his way out of jail.
New York democrats in session at Saratoga.
Farmers advised to hold back their wheat.
Col. McKenzie booms Springer for speaker.
William Waldorf Astor to make his home in London.

FOREIGN.

Mrs. Maybrick's case.
Two men to swim the English channel.
Austria's position in the Dardanelles case.
The Mitylene affair was greatly exaggerated.
An excited Englishman talks about war with the United States.

WANTED FOR MURDER.

Cortland, N. Y., Sept. 15.—The three tramps arrested here are wanted for the murder of Theodore Freze, of Brooklyn, at Washington, N. J. State Detective Richter has gone to the penitentiary at Syracuse for them. He is positive they are the men.

CALLED TO ORDER.

New York's Democracy in Session To-day.

No Bossism or Plattism in the Convention.

A Gathering of the People of the Great State

To Nominate a Ticket That Will Be Elected.

Maynard Withdraws from the Race for Attorney Generalship—The Deliberations of a Great Body in Detail.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 15.—The streets of Saratoga were noisy all through the early morning hours. There was room in the hotels for the strangers who had come to the convention but several hundred of them preferred to hold a jubilee in the hotel corridors and in the streets.

When morning came the delegates and their friends began to turn out and at 9 o'clock the brass bands opened up their campaign of noise.

The only bit of political gossip of any importance that floated about the lobbies during the morning was the announcement that Maynard had withdrawn from the contest for the attorney-general in favor of Rosendale. This seemed to assure the nomination of Rosendale and to simplify further the work of the convention.

There were a number of delegation meetings held during the morning for the purpose of selecting state committeemen chiefly.

The county democracy met during the morning and decided not to carry its contest for seats in the convention before the committee, but to go before the full convention with the demand that their 36 delegates be admitted. They refuse to go before the committee on the ground that they are not contestants.

The rink in which the convention was to be held was in the hands of the Jeffersonian Democratic club all the morning. The decorations were simple but effective, consisting of bunting, flags and mottoes.

The delegates began to arrive at 11 o'clock. There was not the rush for seats in the body of the hall that may be expected at the next session of the convention because the preliminary work had been well outlined and there was but little interest in it.

A conspicuous figure on the platform was the three-foot mascot of Tammany hall in the full costume of an Indian brave, carrying a small flag. There was a number of ladies on the platform.

The delegates as they took their seats found spread out before them a big circular, setting forth the claims of Alfred C. Chapin to the nomination for governor. On the second page was a fine photo-engraving of Mr. Chapin.

At 11:45 the Erie county Shehan delegation entered the hall, headed by a brass band and carrying a banner with Sheehan's picture. There was some cheering, but the enthusiasm was not marked.

Robert Oppenheim, of the Troy Central Labor council, was an early visitor to the convention hall with a resolution which he wished to have adopted by the committee on platform, favoring "such a revision of the present obnoxious prison laws as will prevent convict labor being brought into competition with honest men and women."

At noon Chairman Murphy, of the state committee, appeared, and was greeted with applause.

Two minutes later he called the convention to order and announced the action of the committee in choosing Hon. George H. Raines, of Rochester, for temporary chairman.

Amid applause Mr. Raines was escorted to the chair. He thanked the convention for the honor conferred upon him, and spoke at some length, congratulating the democracy of the state on the bright prospects before it, and dwelling upon the fact that it was free from bossism and Plattism.

Raines closed his speech at 12:40 amid great applause, and the convention took a recess until to-morrow at 10 o'clock a. m.

A BLAZE IN NEW YORK.

Disastrous Conflagration on Nassau Street.

The Old Commercial Advertiser Building a Mass of Ruins—The Loss Heavy.

New York, Sept. 15.—Fire was discovered on the second floor of the old Commercial Advertiser building on the southwest corner of Fulton and Nassau streets at 9:15 this morning, and in 15 minutes the flames had gained such headway that they were practically beyond control.

Four alarms were sent out but the streams from the engines were weak, the pressure of water being so poor that the flames rapidly spread to the adjoining buildings, and for a time even threatened the buildings on the opposite side of the street.

The people employed in the Advertiser building, of which there were several hundred, all made their escape by means of the fire escapes on the front of the building, and so far as reported no one is said to have been injured.

The building, which is old, and is said to have been condemned by the fire department 25 years ago, burned fiercely, and before the firemen were able to obtain a greater pressure of water the flames spread with great rapidity.

By 10 o'clock the flames having spread to the adjoining buildings on Nassau street, two more alarms were sent out but the narrowness of the street and the intense heat prevented the firemen from getting near enough with the hose to do execution and the men had to content themselves with saving the adjoining property.

By 11:30 the whole building was a mass of ruins and the fire complete was completely under control.

The following are the names of the occupants of the building which was No. 87 Nassau street:

First floor, Ira Perego & Co., clothing department.

Second floor, Douglass Taylor printing office.

Third floor, Douglass Taylor composing room.

Fourth floor, Douglass Taylor storage room.

In the Commercial Advertiser building:

Edwards, tailor.

H. Thorn, electrician, and Charles Usner, optician.

The building was owned by Charles Y. Beach, of Bridgeport, Conn., and was valued at $400,000.

Ira Perego & Co., the gents' furnishing goods dealers, had $80,000 worth of goods and they have lost everything. They are insured for $60,000. So far as can be learned only two persons were injured at the fire. They are Wm. Wilson, a tailor, who injured his arm while dropping from a fire escape, and Sam Roxburg, an engineer, whose arms were burned.

The fire department officials place the loss at $400,000. A number of girls and other employes who made their exi by the fire escape, had narrow escapes from loss of life or limb.

CUT HIMSELF TO PIECES.

An Ohio Farmer Adopts a Horrible Mode of Death.

Zanesville, O., Sept. 15.—Wilkes Nelson, a wealthy young farmer near Deavertown, suicided Sunday afternoon. After a hearty dinner and a romp with the children, he told his wife he would go up stairs for a nap. Two hours later Mrs. Nelson went up to awaken him and was horrified to find him lying on the bed covered with blood, his throat cut from ear to ear and two horrible gashes in his stomach from which his entrails protruded.

By his side lay a razor with which the deed had been done. There is no known cause for Nelson's act, except that the suicide mania seemes to run in the family, his father and two uncles having taken their lives without apparent cause.

WAGES ADVANCED.

Boston, Sept. 14.—The Cigarmakers' union at their meeting yesterday announced that a new price list for packers which advances wages for packers about 10 per cent. has been accepted by the manufacturers in all union shops in the city.

International delegates were instructed to advocate a law making the election of international president by popular vote of the whole union membership.

SIR JOHN STEELL DEAD.

London, Sept. 15.—Sir John Steell, R. S. A., sculptor to her majesty for Scotland, is dead. He was born in Aberdeen in 1804. In 1872 Sir John executed in bronze a full size copy of his colossal statue of Sir Walter Scott, for the Central park, New York. He also executed the colossal statue of the Scotch poet, Robert Burns, which is erected in the same place.

THINKS HE SMELLS WAR.

An Excited Englishman in Canada.

The United States Boundary to be Guarded to Prevent an Invasion of Canada.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 15.—A British army officer on his way to inspect the defenses of British Columbia says his government intends to strengthen the defenses of Canada on both of the oceans and along the St. Lawrence and great lakes, and that the ships and armament of the Atlantic and Pacific squadrons will be greatly strengthened.

At Halifax the British government is building immense fortifications at the York redoubts and on McNab's islands, at the entrance of the harbor, where two revolving turrets with heavy ordnance will be completed this fall.

He says that the general belief in England is that trouble with the United States is inevitable, unless the cause of irritation between Canada and the republic is removed, and matters of dispute between the two countries are settled before very long.

The defiant and insulting attitude that members of the Dominion cabinet assumed toward the United States during the recent election campaign is generally deprecated in England.

Very little confidence is placed in executive circles in England in the successful termination of the negotiations, which are to open at Washington on the 12th of October, between the Canadian and United States representatives.

As he regards the treaty of 1817 between the United States and Great Britain, which if carried out would prevent any demonstration on the part of the American navy at the world's fair at Chicago, he believes that Great Britain would remove any obstacle by suspending operations for the time being of the cause of the treaty which provides that the navy force of each government on the lakes should be limited to four vessels.

A SNAKE IN THE BOX.

Exciting Scene in a Wauseon Dry Goods Store.

Wauseon, Sept. 15.—(Special)—While Spencer & Steumpel, dry goods merchants, were unpacking a box of goods from Buffalo yesterday, a mountain adder was found concealed in the box. The box had no holes, and the adder must have entered at Buffalo. It was killed after quite an exciting scene in the dry goods store.

CONFESSED HIS CRIME.

New York, Sept. 15.—Emil Bock, a passenger on the steamer Saale, was taken into custody yesterday by Deputy United States Marshal Bernhardt. He is the bookkeeper of the Prussian Mortgage company, who fled September 3 with property of the concern valued at $90,000. He had registered on the passenger list as Fritz Hildebrand. When arrested the prisoner broke down and confessed his crime.

SAVE THE MONEY.

Washington, Sept. 15.—Twenty-five special agents of the land office, at work in the field, will be dismissed in a few days because of lack of funds.

DEATHS FROM CHOLERA.

Boston, Sept. 15.—A report received at the custom house states that between June and August there were 950 deaths from cholera in Aleppo.

WILL MAKE THE FUR FLY.

More Sensations in the Keystone's Affairs.

Four of Philadelphia's Banks to Go on the Stand and Tell What Dealing They Had.

Philadelphia, Sept. 15.—A sensation that will strike deep in the financial world is promised when the presidents of four banks that paid interest on deposits to John Bardsley will be called before the courts.

These include B. B. Comegys, of the Philadelphia National; R. L. Brownfield, of the Seventh; S. W. Bell, cashier of the Farmers' and Mechanics', and President Lewis, of the Third National.

Judges Fell and Gordon will sit as committing magistrates. The idea of the district attorney is to lay the matter before the judges.

If they decide that the bank presidents have violated the law, then the district attorneys will proceed to find indictments against them. General Auditor McCamant has been summoned also to appear, and a summons has been issued for Cashier Livsey, of the treasury department, who is in hiding in Milwaukee.

While the action can in no wise affect the standing of any of the banks, it has created a great sensation in financial circles.

GAVE THEM TIME TO PRAY

The Gilliland Brothers Lynched by a Mob.

The Murder of Sheriff McCargue Avenged.

Somerset, Ky., the Scene of an Exciting Lynching at an Early Hour This Morning.

Somerset, Ky., Sept. 15.—The Gilliland brothers, James H. and Josiah, were lynched this morning by a mob, for the murder of Sheriff McCargue, of Pulaski county, last Saturday.

The mob is supposed to have come mostly from Whitely and Laurel counties. McCargue was raised in Laurel county and had many friends in that section.

At a late hour last night there was a great crowd of men gathered in front of the court house and the ominous words "one o'clock" was whispered from one to another.

Without any conference they filed down to the jail, only to be repulsed by a guard of some ten men in charge of Chief of Police Anderson.

The guards stood at their post until they saw it was useless and then came the demand for the victims. Jailor Shepherd was called to the door and was overpowered by the mob and forced to give up the keys to the jail, when the prisoners were taken out and hanged.

The Gilliland boys were game to the last, and no confession could be procured, they only asking to kneel and pray and protesting their innocence. Their groans were only answered by angry curses from the mob.

The authorities did all in their power to suppress and quell the angry mob. McCargue was one of the most popular men in the county.

The streets at 2 a. m. were as quiet as if nothing had occurred other than the usual.

The men were hanged on the limbs of two sycamore trees, one on each tree, in a hollow about three squares west of Somerset, in sight of the cemetery.

James H. Gilliland was a tall, blonde man, with a light mustache, and blue eyes. His younger brother, Josiah, is a slight, smooth-faced lad of 20 summers.

James protested innocence so the last and his last words were: "I am dying for another's crime."

He uttered a short prayer, but was interrupted by one of the mob, who told him to die telling the truth: "don't die with a lie on your lips."

He is the one that is supposed to have fired the fatal shot, and many crimes have been laid at his door.

Josiah protested his innocence but acted as if he wanted to tell something. At this juncture the word was passed down the line "we are pursued," which proved to be a false alarm. When the crowd got settled the younger brother was hanged to another sycamore tree.

AFFAIRS IN FINDLAY.

Prohibs Put a Ticket in the Field.

Knights of Pythias Enjoy a Picnic—Small Burglary—General Mention.

Findlay, O., Sept. 15.—(Special)—The prohibitionists of this county held their county convention at the Wigwam yesterday and nominated the following ticket:

Representative—H. T. Shull, Amanda township.

Commissioner—Elmond Harpet, Union township.

Infirmary director—Samuel Speller, Allen township.

An earnest effort will be made to establish a county paper for the campaign at least. The majority of the delegates present were ministers.

K. of P. Picnic.

The several K. of P. lodges in this county held their first annual picnic to-day at Carnahan park with a fair attendance, impromtu speeches, a rich dinner and the balance of the day devoted to field sports made up the program. This popular order has had a wonderful growth in this county in the past year.

Knocked Out.

Hon. David Joy is slightly disfigured but still in the ring. He was severely handled yesterday while taking care of a Jersey cow. He has concluded Jerseys are not as amiable and loving as they look.

Bitten by a Dog.

Frank Ebersole, a traveling agent for the Toledo Blade, was severely bitten by a large dog while passing along the crowded street on Saturday evening. He was taken to a physician's office near by and had his wounds dressed.

Small Burglary.

Some sneak thief went through the residence of A. B. Jenkins on Center street yesterday and secured $4.30 belonging to the domestic, but took nothing else of value, being frightened away before going through the lower rooms. No clue to the guilty party.

Don't Want a Change.

There is a small school book war on at present in our city, among the members of the board and the superintendent and his teachers. The board at one of their former meetings passed a resolution adopting the Wentworth arithmetic in place of White's which has been used for years in all the different grades. The members of the board and Superintendent Zelar are stating their side of the controversy in the columns of the city press. The end is not yet.

CHINESE OUTRAGES.

London, Sept. 15.—A Tientsin dispatch says that the foreign ministers at Pekin have united in an urgent protest to the Chinese government in connection with the recent otrages at Ichang and elsewhere.

There is a renewal of the talk about the making of a naval demonstration in Chinese waters.

WHITEWASH BY THE PAIL.

Investigation in Canadian Crookedness.

Two Reports Filed Which Differ Very Materially in the Essential Parts.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 15.—The majority report of the Langevin-McGreevy investigating committee exonerates Langevin from the boodle charges, but blames McGreevy and some other public works officials and recommends prosecutions. The liberal minority report that the charges of corruption are fully established.

NICKEL STEEL ARMOR.

It Has Been Proved to be Very Valuable.

Washington, Sept. 15.—The navy department on Saturday last made another experiment of the relative resistance capacity of nickel steel for protective deck armor. A six-inch projectile weighing 100 pounds was fired against two targets, one composed of two one and a half inch all steel plates and the other of two one and a half inch nickel steel plates.

In the round against the nickel steel plate the projectile was given a velocity of about one hundred feet greater than with all steel, giving a striking force of nearly three hundred tons greater than against the nickel plate.

The result showed very clearly the superior quality of the nickel steel as the all steel target was perforated, the projectile passing through both plates, two feet of oak and eight feet of earth backing. The projectile fired against the nickel steel glanced off without rupturing the upper plate. It made a small crack five inches long and an indentation about five inches deep. The projectile was shattered into small fragments.

THE BAND STILL PLAYS

Music That is Sweet to Democratic Ears.

Republican Discord Grows Greater Each Day.

Governor Campbell Will Return to Ohio in Full Health and the Campaign Will Boom.

Columbus, Sept. 15. — (Special)—On Wednesday morning Ohio's chief executive and the next governor of Ohio will return to Buckeye soil a well man. His visit to the seaside has placed him in splendid form, and after he has eaten his breakfast on Wednesday morning, the democracy of Ohio can rest assured that the leader of 1889 in the memorable fight against fraud, corruption and ballot-box thievery will once more lead the sturdy sons of democratic proclivities, and those in favor of honest tariff reform, to victory.

On the day of his return he will make a speech to the agriculturists of Ohio who will be assembled on the fair grounds of this city. The state board of agriculture being republican and, in fact, all of its officials of the same political faith, they gave Campbell Wednesday, which is a day noted in the history of the state fair of not being a day that is largely attended.

Every year for the past 15 years Thursday has been put down as the big day and every exertion is made to secure the attendance of about 40,000 people.

For this day John Sherman has been booked by the state board of agriculture to speak.

He has already announced that he will speak upon the silver and tariff questions, thereby carrying out the plans laid down by the officials of the state board of agriculture to make a republican political harangue upon grounds that belong to every tax payer of Ohio. Campbell will not enter into any political discussion on the day on which he has been booked to speak, but will in his own happy style congratulate the farmers upon their good crops of this year and try to convince them that the farmers are the most independent people in Buckeyedom.

After he has made his speech in the afternoon, he will dispose of all work in his office so as to be able to sound the keynote at Sidney on Thursday, assisted by able democratic speakers from this and other states. Clubs from all parts of the state will be in attendance, and it is expected that 50,000 people will attend the opening of the campaign and Sidney is now putting on airs in the shape of decorations.

Senatorial Fight.

While the republicans opened their campaign sometime ago, and the democrats are on the eve now of opening their campaign, it is interesting to out-siders to witness the position of the beligerents at the present time. While the democrats have not really commenced their fight beyond making a few preparations, there will be after Tuesday next a hard, short and sharp campaign.

There have been no dissensions in the democratic ranks and all the workers are shoulder to shoulder and the northwest can rest assured when the returns of the vote are received in November, Hamilton county will be found in the democratic line and the senators and representatives from that county will be on the democratic roll side, in both branches of the general assembly.

Notwithstanding the fact that Foraker says that John Sherman forced him into the fight, the two principle factors on the republican side in the senatorial fight, is John Sherman's boodle and Foraker's league of republican clubs.

The last named has Squire of Toledo as its mouthpiece. The citizens of this city wonder whether this fellow possesses any ability whatever. If he has any talent he has failed to show it in any conversation with the people or the newspaper men.

He has been hounding certain republicans for the purpose of having them secure a promise from McKinley that he will give him the position of railroad commissioner in the event of his election. This would be a travesty on the office, as it is believed that Squire does not know a draw bar from a valve yoke.

The friends of Sherman say that he is strong with the administration and will surely pull the senatorial toga out of the trunk which Foraker claims to have the key to, while the friends of Foraker say that he will be backed by the machine all over the state and the employes of the institutions who have been retained by democratic trustees, who are now giving their money to aid his friends.

The heads of several institutions who were elected by democratic trustees are now trimming their sails and pretend to be mugwumps and will not allow the employes of the democratic faith to talk politics in their presence.

The sooner such men are scalped the better. While the friends of Foraker are continually fighting Hahn, it is a self-evident fact that he is securing the boodle from federal and state officials and putting it where it will do the most good for John Sherman, and, although the majority of the committee are in favor of Foraker, Hahn has the handling of the boodle and knows where to put it.

He has been dickering and speculating in certain quarters for the purpose of securing a genuine republican organ for central Ohio. It is alleged that he even went so far as to offer a certain amount of money for stock in a paper now in existence that would enter the morning field in this city and favor the selection of John Sherman, but this little scheme was discovered and nipped in the bud by certain friends of Foraker, who said that they would see that no patronage came to such a sheet if McKinley was elected governor.

On the other hand republican clubs are being organized all over the state, and when the reports are received by Squire the names are scanned by him and his henchmen to learn their position upon the senatorial question, and it is safe to say that 80 per cent. of them are Foraker men, while the balance are in favor of Sherman, and although greatly in the minority they are the men who have the money and will see that Sherman has his share of followers when the time comes for action.

Foraker will receive considerable financial aid from the organization of these clubs.

SPLIT IN THE ALLIANCE.

Anti-Sub-Treasuryites Are Getting in Their Work.

St. Louis Sept. 15.—Messrs. W. S. McAllister and U. S. Hall, members of the national executive committee of the Farmers' alliance, held a conference to consider whether or not the meetings of the antis' convention will be secret or open.

After looking over the ground carefully it was decided to hold the convention with open doors, and the public is invited to be present.

The decision has been reached to go into a new national organization. The idea is to create an industrial alliance and adopt a policy as to eligibility that will admit a powerful class heretofore excluded from membership.

The order is to be non-political and non-secret. Delegates from Texas, Mississippi, Arkansas and Minnesota have arrived, and every train brings representatives of the anti-sub-treasury and anti-third party wing of the Farmers' alliance.

The Texas delegation, where the alliance originated, is a unit for new organization, and a lot of hard work is being done in that direction. The concensus of opinion seems to be that the new national alliance is a certainty.

Ex-Lecturer McAllister, who recently had the scrimmage with McCune, is outspoken for the new organization.

B. & O. MEETING.

Baltimore, Sept. 15.—The belief is general in financial circles that at the meeting of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad's finance board to-morrow a scrip dividend will be declared. The first regular meeting of the board since June will be held Wednesday. President Mayer is expected to preside. As a result of the heavy grain shipments to the seaboard it is thought the earnings for the month will show a gratifying increase.

SENTENCED TO TEN YEARS.

Philadelphia, Sept. 15. — Francis W. president, and Henry H. Kennedy, cashier of the defunct Spring Garden National bank, who were convicted recently for wrecking that institution, were sentenced by Judge Butler this morning to 10 years each in the eastern penitentiary.

RESUMED WORK.

Milan, Sept. 15.—The strikers in the factories at this place have resumed work and the strike is over. Twenty anarchists have been arrested for inciting the strikers to violence.

A QUEEN IMPROVING.

Venice, Sept. 15.—The queen of Roumania is improving.

OCEAN MARINE.

London, Sept. 15.—The Wieland, from New York for Hamburg, passed Scilly at 8:30 this morning.

IT WAS A FALSE ALARM

England Has Not Seized the Island of Mitylene.

The Story Grew Out of an Innocent Little Picnic,

But the Attention It Attracted All Over the World Only Illustrates the Strained Condition of Affairs.

Paris, Sept. 15.—Outside of financial circles the feeling here with regard to the reported occupation by a British naval force of the port of Sigri seems to be one of quiet content with the situation.

England, it is considered, has shown her hand to be a weak one by her failure to make the momentous demonstration which she is reported to have made at Sigri, many miles nearer to the sea of Marmora.

If the English government has taken the action attributed to it, why, it is asked, did not that government supplement the occupation of Sigri by the seizure of the island of Tenedos, a course which would have placed the British power at the mouth of Dardanelles, with Mitylene to protect its rear.

As it is, England appears in the eyes of Frenchmen as tentatively existing about for the support and forward mandate of the dreibund, and being by no means sure of receiving either.

In Berlin.

Berlin, Sept. 15.—Yesterday's downward movement of the bourse, apparently in sympathy with alarmist reports as to the occupation of the port of Sigri on the island of Mitylene by the British, was in reality in a great measure due to the eagerness of the "bear" element to exaggerate the gravity of the political situation.

Away from the money-changers and stock manipulators, Berlin is calm.

The North Germans understand that in their mighty force, moral and physical, is found the backbone and blood and sinew of that dreibund which must be consulted before any other power than France or Russia breaks the peace, whether on the Mediterranean sea or elsewhere.

The opinion in this city is very decided that no really warlike movement will be undertaken in connection with the Dardanelles so far as Germany, Austria, Italy or England are concerned, until such time as the emperor has signified his will.

The historical cry of the Peether Lloyd of Vienna, as to what Berlin will do with regard to Russian aggressions in the direction of Constantinople, falls upon German ears with modified force.

While some of the papers comment upon it with more or less spirit, the general feeling is that the order of the political day will bear an unmistakable German date.

No one fancies for a moment that anything less than the extremest emergency will influence Germany to withdraw her immediate attention from her Russian and French frontiers.

Were Only on a Picnic.

London, Sept. 15.—A dispatch just received here from Constantinople says there is no other foundation for the story of a British occupation of the port of Sigri on the island of Mitylene than is found in the fact that a party of British naval officers on Saturday last left their ship for the purpose of picknicking on a deserted islet off Cape Sigri. The party re-embarked the same evening and on Sunday their vessel sailed.

False Alarm.

New York, Sept. 15.—A private London dispatch to a broker in this city says: "There is apparently no foundation for the rumor that England has occupied Sigri."

HARNESS MAKERS.

Philadelphia, Sept. 15.—The fifth annual convention of the Harness Manufacturers Protective association convened in Mercantile Library hall in this city yesterday. E. S. Carrick, of Cincinnati, president of the association, presided and made a brief address of welcome. The other officers are: D. W. Worthington, of Philadelphia, vice president; E. Louder, of Cincinnati, secretary; H. Wellman, of Cincinnati, treasurer; C. Mahlman and H. B. Fuchs of Covington, Ky.; I. B. Woisefer, L. Hegner and H. I. Roberts, of Cincinnati executive committee.

There were about seventy-five delegates present from all parts of the country, and in order to facilitate matters President of Carrick announced Messrs. Worthington and Haedrich, of this city, and Roland, of Illinois, a committee on credentials.

TO SWIM THE CHANNEL.

London, Sept. 15.—On Monday next the swimmers Dalton, Fisher and Albert will enter the water together at Cape Grisnez, France, for a swimming contest to Dover.

MADE HIM A MANIAC.

The Sad Case of Joseph M. Juvenal.

Scenes at the Trial of Miss Pfaffman.

A Half Bushel of Revolvers Taken Away from the Spectators Before the Trial Commenced.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 15.—The blowing up of his house in Armourdale, Kan., and the strange death of his wife by poison have seemingly crazed Joseph M. Juvenal. Twice he insanely attempted to do murder. Yesterday was the day set for the preliminary hearing of Miss Millie Pfaffman, charged with blowing up Juvenal's house with dynamite.

Miss Pfaffman was the young woman whom Juvenal jilted for the woman who subsequently became his wife and who died from the effects of arsenic poisoning last Saturday.

The arrangements for the trial were unique. The crowd of people who wanted to hear the trial was too great to be accommodated in the small office of Justice Herring.

There is a large lodge room over the justice's office which could be procured for the hearing at a rental of $7.50, and so as not to disappoint the hundreds of people anxious to hear the trial, the justice announced that if the necessary sum could be raised among the crowd to pay the rent, he would adjourn court to the lodge room. Two constables passed around their hats and soon the desired amount was raised. The justice then announced that court would be held in the room above.

The case had attracted wide attention in Armourdale, and among the friends of the parties interested the feeling had run high. As a precautionary measure, therefore, the justice ordered that every male spectator should be searched for weapons before leaving the court room.

Two constables were stationed at the entrance and they made the search. A half bushel of revolvers and weapons of various kinds were gathered from the crowd.

Juvenal gave up two revolvers and John Hale, attorney for Miss Pfaffman, gave up one. The search, however, was not a very exhaustive one, and the constables failed to find a dagger which Juvenal had secreted in an inner pocket and a derringer which Hale had placed beyond the searchers' reach.

The trial was about to begin when Juvenal drew his dagger and made for Hale. Before he could reach him, however, he was intercepted by the bystanders, who disarmed him. Hale was expecting the attack and drew his derringer. He, too, was disarmed. After a hasty consultation with the attorneys Justice Herring adjourned court.

Juvenal was arrested and taken to the central police station, where a reporter followed to interview him. When the reporter was admitted to the corridor Juvenal seized a heavy stove iron and would have beaten him to death but for the interference of the guards. It is believed Juvenal has become insane as a result of his troubles.

MAPLE CITY GOSSIP.

Successful Raid on the Gamblers.

Norwalk Proposes to Have Its Laws Enforced—Miscellaneous Mention.

Norwalk, O., Sept. 15.—(Special)—Frank Barber's gambling room, in the third story of the St. Charles block, was raided by Marshal Burton and Policeman Sattig, Sunday night about 9 o'clock. The officers took the gentlemen completely by surprise as they were engaged in their unlawful practice of gambling.

Four young men, two from this city and two strangers, were playing cards. They were arrested on the spot. Barber, who is well known in Cleveland and Toledo among the gambling fraternity, was not in the room at the time, but was arrested afterwards.

They were brought before the mayor yesterday morning who fined Barber $50 and costs and the other four $10 and costs.

Barber had been notified several times to keep his room closed, but he paid no heed to official warning.

McKinley addressed a crowd of 7,000 or 8,000 people at North Fairfield yesterday. Delegations were present from all over the county and surrounding counties.

The ladies' branch of the Iron hall will give a banquet and reception Wednesday evening to Chief Justice K. E. Christian and Vice-Justice Mary J. Graves, who have both returned from an all summer outing in the west.

The Fifty-fifth O. V. V. I. holds its annual reunion at Fostoria Wednesday. The former chaplain, Rev. Alfred Wheeler, a noted Methodist divine, will deliver an address on the Life and Services of the Late General John C. Lee, of Toledo, colonel of that gallant regiment.

Charles Tyler, who ran into the buggy last Thursday night, occupied by Mrs. Judge Fox and Mrs. Curtiss, throwing the ladies violently out on the pavement, was fined $10 and costs yesterday by Mayor Crawford.

HAS A FISHY SOUND.

Norris Trying to Keep Before the Public.

He Charges That Van Tine Did Not Commit Suicide But Was Murdered.

Tiffin, O., Sept. 15.—Charles H. Van Tine, son-in-law of the late Dr. A. B. Hovey, was found dead in the dwelling on the stock farm of Mrs. Hovey, near Republic, O., in a room on the second floor on June 22, 1890.

He slept alone in the room with the window open. His family were absent. The coroner's inquest showed that he committed suicide, and no suspicion ever existed up to the present time that he came to his death by other means.

John T. Norris, the detective, came here with the view of appreh ending the murderer of Van Tine. Norris has ascertained through a convict in the Ohio penitentiary that Van Tine did not come to his death by his own hands, but was murdered. Van Tine, in company with his mother-in-law, Mrs. Hovey, had been doing business under the firm name of Van Tine & Co., vice president; E. Louder, of Cincinnati, secretary; H. Wellman, of Cincinnati, treasurer; C. Mahlman and H. B. Fuchs of Covington, Ky.; I. B. Woisefer, L. Hegner and H. I. Roberts, of Cincinnati executive committee.

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TO SWIM THE CHANNEL.

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NO DEMAND FOR WHEAT.

Europe Troubled With Commercial Indigestion.

The Country Has Gorged Herself and Exports Stop.

One Hundred and Seven Million Bushels of Wheat Sold Has Blocked Trade Channels.

Philadelphia, Sept. 15.—The export trade in wheat has come to a dead halt. After several months of unprecedented activity there is a complete subsidence of demand. Within the last week exporters have offered September cargoes right and left in European markets without meeting with satisfactory response.

There is no halt in the outward movement, which represents previous sales, but there is no new demand. Several cargoes cleared last week from Montreal and New Orleans that were evidently unsold in Europe, as they were consigned to Cork for orders.

It costs 3 pence per quarter or the equivalent of ¾ of a cent per bushel more to ship wheat to Cork for orders than it does to ship it to a direct port, and the inference is fair that wheat thus shipped is still unsold in Europe, or the shipper would save that difference in cost by sending his cargo direct to the point of its final destination.

The causes that have led up to this condition of affairs are easily traced. It is a bad case of indigestion in Europe. The shipments of new wheat from the United States ports did not amount to much until August, when they reached a total of about 32,000,000 bushels.

The exports for September to date and the business assured for this month, according to most conservative estimates, will not fall short of 25,000,000 bushels.

In addition to these clearances there have been sales of exchange and ocean freight engagements and other details perfected for the shipment of fully 50,000,000 bushels of wheat during October and November.

This enormous aggregate of 107,000,000 bushels shipped and to be shipped during the four months ending with November 30, has sold exclusively from the winter wheat crop that was harvested in June and July.

The big spring wheat crop of the northwest—that will not fall much short of 200,000,000 bushels, and that has just been harvested—has contributed scarcely more than 2,000,000 or 3,000,000 bushels to the total, and it is now coming into Duluth and Minneapolis at the rate of about 4,000 carloads per week.

The big shipments have temporarily choked the foreign outlet, and the big receipts are choking the domestic markets. As a result prices are tending downward, and although they have reached the dollar level on the seaboard, which is the price at which the bulk of the foreign business of the season has been done, it is no longer practicable to sell cargoes to Europe; and in the opinion of exporters prices must go still lower before there can be any revival of trade.

While it is true that there has been a great shortage of crops in Europe, it is still of uncertain extent, and even if it were as bad as represented in the most pessimistic reports the fact remains that foreign buyers are temporarily overloaded.

All of their big purchases cannot be marketed and consumed in a day or a week, but pending the slow absorption of supplies by consumers the foreign buyers must arrange for carrying the grain. This financing of the business under existing monetary conditions abroad is no easy matter, and adds to the difficulties in the way of an early resumption of the foreign demand.

The continent has thus far been the principal buyer of American wheat. The United Kingdom has bought comparatively little. Her buyers have held aloof and allowed the continental buyers to get their full, with a probable prescience of the very situation which has been brought about, and which will result in the advantage of the English importer during the next few months, while the big American spring wheat crop crowds forward into a congested market.

The weakness of the situation is indicated by the premium that is now obtainable over cash prices for the deferred deliveries. Early in the season Chicago shippers sold freely to the east, and bought August options as a hedge against speculative fluctuations, in the confident belief that they would be able to buy the wheat to make good their contracts on its arrival in Chicago, at least at the option prices.

But the demand for actual wheat was so great that there was, during the greater part of August, a premium of ½c to 2c per bushel in the price of cash wheat over the price of the August option, and the Chicago shippers had to meet this loss, and incidentally got caught for a further loss by a rise in freight rates, resulting from the extraordinary demand for eastern shipment. Now the situation is reversed.

Cash wheat in New York is selling at a discount of 4¼ cents per bushel from the price of the December option. This shows the pressure of the actual grain. It is always a weak feature of the market when cash wheat is at a discount. It is on the other hand an evidence of strong demand from some quarter when the actual wheat commands a premium.

The capitalists who profit by carrying grain for the difference in cost between the "spot" stock and the "options" have no field for investment when the export trade is taking the grain as it did last month.

All this does not indicate that the cereal year ending with next July may not be the biggest export year in the history of the country. The needs of Europe and the opportunities of American growers point to a possible export of 200,000 bushels of wheat in twelve months if prices shall be kept at a moderate level.

But foreign buyers who have bought 107,000,000 bushels of this possible 200,000,000 in a couple of months are in the position of a gourmand who has gorged himself at a banquet, and must rest a while pending the process of digestion before he can take another meal.

There may be occasional orders or business of semi-speculative character like those shipments of last week from Montreal and New Orleans, but exporters do not look for any general revival of demand until late in the fall. Then, if prices shall have dropped under the weight of supplies to a basis low enough to tempt new investment, the foreigners, who will by that time have digested their August to November importations, will be likely to come into the market for additional cargoes for December and January clearances.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 15.—A special from Menasha, Wis., says the works of the Menasha Wood Split Pulley company, the flour mill of James Jones and the warehouse of the Menasha Woodenware company burned this morning. Loss, $85,000; insurance, $33,000. Several firemen were injured by falling walls. About one hundred men are thrown out of employment by the fire.

NEW GERMAN DAILY.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—The first number of the National Zeitung, a German republican daily, appeared this morning. It is an eight page publication and is backed by local German capitalists, Joseph Bruecker is the editor-in-chief, and Paul Haldecke, the associate editor of the new venture. It receives the full service of the United Press.

DR. EGGLESTON MARRIED.

Madison, Ind., Sept. 15.—Dr. Edward Eggleston, the well-known writer, author of the "Hoosier Schoolmaster," "The Faith Doctor," and other stories, was married to-day to Miss Fannie Elizabeth Goode, an estimable lady of this city. They went at once to Lake George and will go from there to New York, where they will reside.

No one knows better than those who have used Carter's Little Liver Pills what relief they have given when taken for dyspepsia, dizziness, pain in the side, constipation, and disordered stomach.

GREAT RAILROAD TIME.

The New York Central Breaks All the Records.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 15.—The special train sent over the New York Central road to make the fastest time between New York and Buffalo whirled into the Central station here at 12:15 p. m. yesterday. It was made up of locomotive No. 876, with Edward Chase as engineer, and a baggage and two drawing room cars. Several officers of the road were on board.

The train left New York at 7 a. m. and made the run to this city, a distance of 303 miles, in 5 hours and 15 minutes. The trip from Albany to Syracuse was run in 2 hours and 20 minutes. The flyer now makes the trip from New York in 6 hours and 55 minutes.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 15.—The special flyer from New York over the Central arrived here at 2:50, making the fastest long trip on record. The distance, 436¾ miles, was covered in 449 minutes, including three stops, which consumed 14 minutes.

A BOOM FOR SPRINGER,

Col. McKenzie Has One in His Pocket.

He Tells a Chicago Reporter Why He Thinks the Illinois Man Should Be Selected.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—"Has it occurred to you," said James A. McKenzie, the Kentucky orator, "that for the first time in 26 years the northern democrats will be in the majority in the federal congress? Yes, sir, for the first time in those years more democrats from the north than from the south will sit there. This fact will lend an added interest to the contest for the speakership.

"For this reason, although intensely southern in my feelings, I believe that good policy would indicate the unmistakable propriety of selecting the next speaker from the north or west. And now it occurs to me that in view of his great personal popularity, his wide experience, his well recognized ability, his accurate knowledge of parliamentary law and procedure, his imperturbable self-possession, the amiability and at the same time the great firmness of his character, his sense of delicacy and diplomacy; the fact that while he is a strong partisan he is bigoted in nothing except his hatred of a bigot, the election of William M. Springer, of Illinois, would be the wisest and most politic that could be made."

"I know Mr. Springer well," he continued. "I served with him for six years in congress. He is one of the best equipped parliamentarians I ever saw. But aside from this, the fact that he resides in a doubtful northern state, in the very heart of the great food producing basin of the Mississippi valley, and that the great political contest of 1892 must be fought out upon economic rather than sectional issues, it occurs to me that the south could do nothing wiser than to assist in the selection of a man of Mr. Springer's well known honesty and soundness upon questions of tariff and finance to the speakership, where he will have it in his power to do much to divest the contest of 1892 of sectional or sentimental interest, and make it solely and directly in the interests of the great body of the people in questions that are purely economic.

"I have the profoundest respect for Mr. Crisp and Mr. Mills and Mr. McMillan. I know them all well. Their ability is conceded. Their patriotism and fitness for the place to which they aspire is without question. But in all candor and from the standpoint of a southern man, I am unhesitatingly of the opinion that the best interests of the South and of the democratic party, in view of the great struggle before us, lie in the direction of selecting some man of Mr. Springer's ability north of Mason and Dixon's line."

"Has Kentucky any candidate for speaker?"

"Well, not that I am aware of. Mr. Breckinridge and Mr. McCreary would make excellent presiding officers, but if there is any well matured purpose to present their names on the part of the Kentucky delegation, I am not aware of it. Why, do you know that my state has had the speakership of the federal Congress for more than one-fifth of the whole time we have had a country or a Congress?"

The Kentuckian halted and looked down with pride.

"Do you know," he continued, that we have supplied this nation with more speakers than any other state in the union? Why, let me see." The colonel knit his brow in a network and began to con history. "Henry Clay was speaker from 1811 to 1814, then from 1815 to 1820, and again from 1823 to 1825—that's about ten years for him. John White was speaker from 1841 to 1843—there are two years for Lynn Boyd presided from 1851 to 1855, four years for him, and Mr. Carlisle served from 1883 to 1889, a six-year term. So Kentucky has had the most speakers and they have served the longest terms."

"Who is Kentucky's choice for president?"

"I would answer unhesitatingly," said Col. McKenzie, "that in my judgment her choice is Grover Cleveland."

RICH IN POSSIBILITIES,

Work for the Next Congress to Do.

The Senate and President May Stop Some Things But It Can't Stop the Investigations.

Washington, Sept. 15.—Even if the next democratic house is to be debarred from carrying through any reform legislation on account of the hostile majority in the senate and the republican president in the white house it cannot be prevented from putting its investigating probe into the scandals and corruptions that have disgraced this administration.

There will be as many investigations as there were when the democrats regained power in 1875 and put an end to the era of corruption and jobbery that characterized Grant's administration.

The next house will turn the light on Wanamaker's connection with the Keystone bank, which has been so zealously concealed, and on Commissioner of Pensions Raum, who has made himself a stool-pigeon for a refrigerating company.

It will also try to find out why Commissioner of Indian Affairs Morgan discriminated against the Catholics and why Blaine hoodooed everybody connected with the Bering sea matter from Prof. Elliott up, or down, as the case may be.

There are plenty of other things to investigate, but perhaps none of them would be as interesting to the general public as the determination of why the cabinet officers and their assistant secretaries are allowed to luxuriate in carriages at government expense.

When Cleveland came in this government carriage business had reached such a scandalous point that the custom was entirely abolished. All the government carriages were sold at public auction and the secretaries rode in the street cars to cabinet meetings. This was found, however, to be impracticable and subsequently carriages were again furnished for the cabinet officers. But since the advent of this administration the privilege has again been abused.

The four assistant secretaries of the treasury have each been furnished with a $600 span of horses, a $1,000 carriage and a coachman at government expense.

The assistant secretary is driven to the department every morning and home every evening and between times the ladies of the household make use of the government turnout to shop and call.

The coachman receives $60 per month and is granted 30 days leave each year by the department the same as a government clerk.

His "official" duties would not require two hours work a day and he becomes in fact a servant of the assistant secretary's. When he is not driving he is usually waiting on the table at the secretary's house or performing the other duties of a man servant. The law does not contemplate such abuse of official privilege and the next congress ought to be prompt and call a halt.

HOLD OUT YOUR WHEAT.

Circulars Issued to the Farmers.

The Situation Reviewed by the Alliance.

Dollar and a Half and Two Dollar Wheat Expected Before the Snow Flies.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 15.—"Facts worth money" is the heading of the new circular in relation to the wheat question now being sent out by The State, the alliance organ of this city. In it the arguments contained in the famous "Hold your wheat" supplement of six weeks ago are revived, and the farmer is urged to hold back his crop, as better prices await him in the next few weeks. The claim is made that wheat will be $1.50 soon, and possibly $2, a review of the European shortage being made the basis of this assertion.

The circular opens with the statement that the farmers will be saved millions of dollars if the advice given in the document is followed. Alliance secretaries are instructed to give the circular as wide a distribution as possible, while newspapers are requested to publish the same. Continuing the circular says:

"The farmer needs honest advisers who understand the situation, because he has too many of the other kind just now, and it is high time that he learned to discriminate among counselors.

"There are in the first line the elevator men and the millers, the grain dealers, speculators and large commission firms, and those newspaper men who go to them for their information about the conditions of the market, and lay it as valuable truths before the public.

"Two months ago all other advisers predicted low prices on account of enormous crops in the United States, and advised the farmers to sell as soon as they had a chance.

"If at that time these advisers did not tell the farmer that the condition of the European crops were such that during this crop year wheat must inevitably reach the highest price ever obtained, they were either very ignorant men, or they were knaves who wanted to benefit themselves by spreading lies, or suppressing truth.

"In either case they were unfit counsellors, and as two months have not likely changed their intelligence or honesty the farmer had better beware of them.

"They, of course, admit now, when the question has been thoroughly ventilated, that an immence shortage exists in Europe, which no surplus of our crops can offset; but still they try to tempt the farmers into sacrificing their crops by different tricks.

"The press, for instance, is literally over-flowing with articles congratulating the farmers on the immense crop raised.

"These newspaper articles are at least suspicious, for we hope that few newspaper men are so ignorant that they don't know that a large crop of itself is no ground for congratulation to the farmer. It is the farm value of the crop, which does not depend on its size, as the following official figures will show:

Year.	Bushels.	Farm Value.
1884	512,765,000	$330,862,000
1886	457,218,000	214,136,000
1887	456,329,000	226,613,000
1889	483,546,000	347,492,000
Total	1,916,872,000	$1,298,103,000
1888	498,550,000	$474,302,000
1891	383,280,000	456,880,000
1888	415,898,000	385,348,000
1890	399,202,000	334,774,000
Total	1,696,960,000	$1,651,103,000

"The above figures are very significant.

"They prove that it does not matter how large the farmer's crop is, but what he gets for it, for, while the crops during the first four years in the above table exceed by 200,000,000 bushels the other four years, the farmer got $400,000,000 less for them.

"Therefore, look with suspicion on the newspaper articles congratulating about immense crops, and on those who inspire them.

"The same parties now enlighten the farmers that Europe will need all they have raised and more, but that they cannot buy it at exorbitant rates. This is true, and it only remains to be ascertained when exorbitant prices commence. The shortage in Europe can now be figured accurately.

"About a week ago a congress of grain dealers from all parts of Europe met at Vienna, Austria, and computed figures about the crops in Europe. These figures are the highest which well-informed, reputable men could furnish; for if, in a famine year like this, they should give for the crop of any one country lower figures than circumstances justified, the government of that country would certainly remonstrate.

"It is surely the policy of Europeans not to exaggerate their disaster. The figures of the Vienna congress show that Europe raises 258,000,000 bushels of wheat and 490,000,000 bushels of rye less than last year.

"Last year it consumed all of its own wheat crop and at least 50,000,000 of reserves, 100,000,000 bushels imported from America, all the other countries could supply and all its rye crop. This year it will have from America 120,000,000 bushels more than last if we take the extreme figures which any reputable authority has made for our really splendid crop.

"It will have, as usual, what other countries supply, which is very insignificant, but it will have 748,000,000 bushels less to its own credit and 50,000,000 bushels less to be drawn from reserves.

"In short, it will have 120,000,000 bushels extra from America to make up a deficiency of 798,000,000, and must consequently eat 678,000,000 bushels less grain.

"Rye being dearer in Europe than wheat, the latter becomes a substitute, and is equally affected by deficiency in rye or wheat supply.

"When it is entirely certain that Europeans will have to economize in bread to the extent of 678,000,000 bushels, and when the situation is aggregated by the partial failure of the potato crop, it is to be considered what prices they would have to pay for American wheat.

"The above named advisors of the American farmer tell him that a price of $1 per bushel in Chicago is about the highest Europeans will stand and that they would rather eat other things than pay more for wheat.

"Let us see how true that is.

"They can surely not substitute meat for bread, because at the highest price of wheat ever known bread still remains the cheapest food.

"When driven to extremes they could substitute corn, barley or oats, and they will have to do so anyhow, without question, for of wheat and rye there is not enough on this planet to come anywhere near making up the deficiency; but when it becomes necessary to draw upon these products to fill the shortage they will also rise to heretofore unknown prices.

"It being admitted that the shortage in European crops is far the worst ever known in history, it would only be natural for Europeans to expect high wheat prices.

"The average price for wheat for the last 32 years in England, on a gold basis, was $1.41 per bushel, which now corresponds with a price of $1.21 in Chicago; during the eight highest years of that period, namely: 1861, 1867, 1868, 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874 and 1877, the average price was $1.77 3-4, equal to $1.57 3-4 in Chicago.

"During 1866 and 1868 the average price was $1.95 and prices went up as high as $2.21 per bushel, equal to more than $2 in Chicago.

"Though well posted about European affairs, we do not recollect that these high prices of wheat changed the diet of Europeans to any great extent, and the exorbitant prices at which Europe, as the farmers' advisers say, will refuse to take our wheat, must, therefore, be somewhere beyond past experience.

"The shortage in Europe being four times as large as the American surplus, there is no doubt that the price of wheat will reach the highest figure ever known, before this year is up, and will exceed it by far before the new crops come in.

"European countries who lend us thousands of millions of dollars are not going very easily on boiled hay and root diet.

"The talk that $1 wheat in Chicago is a high price under present circumstances is absolutely idiotic, for an average price in England being 1.41, no one in Europe dares to expect to eat wheat 21 cents below an average price this year.

"Speculators, having made reckless contracts with Europeans, succeeded in drawing out of the farmer enough winter wheat to fill their engagements so far, by offering for cash wheat about as much as they promised to sell for in December.

"Holding up the Chicago quotations, and proving that the prices for cash wheat were equal to December futures, the agents who overran the country said to the farmer: 'Why should you hold your wheat and incur all expenses and risk if you can buy for delivery in December the same article for the price which you sell now?' This argument succeeded so well that speculators grew bolder, and even reduced the prices a little in hopes of getting the spring wheat crop still cheaper.

"It is talked all over America and Europe that wheat from Minnesota and the Dakotas will flow into the market at a rate which will be limited only by the capacity of railroads for carrying it.

"It is said that wheat will come so fast that there will not be money enough to buy it and elevator capacity to store it.

"Of course, if the farmer should insist in offering more wheat than there is money to buy it with, he could keep prices down a little, even if the grain were worth its weight in silver, but, unfortunately for speculators, there is little prospect that this tremendous rush into the market will take place.

"The warning came in good season to the spring wheat farmers, so that they have had no time to discuss the question, and they will hold back much better than the speculators expected.

"We are perfectly assured of this by our immense correspondence.

"Those who are forced by absolute necessity to sell, or who are too imbecile to understand the situation, are not so numerous that their actions can keep down prices any length of time, and as soon as the fools are out of the market intelligent farmers will get prices adequate to the circumstances. The above mentioned class of advisers want to make farmers believe that they must come in before navigation closes, while, as a fact, during the last five years without exception, wheat has brought more money in December than in September.

"The same men talk incessantly about our tremendous surplus, though they know that it is only one-fourth of the European shortage, while in other years it was equal to it.

"Never was there any good reason for having wheat prices as low as they are even to-day, for wheat crops have never been so far in excess of the demand that extremely low prices were justified, nor was it entirely due to the action of speculators that prices became unremunerative.

"It was the idiotic way of western farmers selling their wheat which broke prices, kept them poor, nearly ruined eastern farmers, reduced English farm property to half value and compelled Germany and France to protect their farming industries by high import duties.

"By selling a year's supply during a few months, prices naturally start in very low and generally stay there. This year, however, it will unfortunately, not make much difference how low prices start in, for wheat will soon be over $1.50, no matter how much farmers and speculators work together to keep prices down, and we advise those who can comprehend the situation to hold their wheat for $1.50, and add for every month they keep it, say 5 cents to the price. There is no doubt they will get that price and probably more, and they will get it in the near future.

"We have consulted with many prominent farmers and the executive officers of the Grain Growers' association; their unanimous opinion is that farmers should provide themselves with granaries. We give working drawings for a very substantial granary, which holds 1,500 bushels and costs a little over 4 cents a bushel.

"Such a granary can be insured at low rates and furnishes a good security for loans as elevator receipts.

"It can be put up in a couple of days and will pay 10 times the cost this season.

"We summarize the above as follows: "Beware of ignorant or interested advisers.

"Remember that the yearly Vienna congress is the best authority in the world, making its report yearly from official reports, never over-estimating the shortage. Remember that these figures show European shortage four times as large as our possible surplus.

"Hold your wheat. You can not get left.

"Wheat is cheap at $1.50 this year. You will soon see it at $2."

WHAT WILL AUSTRIA DO?

The Dardanelles Incident the Chief Topic of Interest.

The Plan of Czar Nicholas to Capture Constantinople in 1858 Brought to View.

Budapesth, Sept. 15.—The Pesther Lloyd, in an article believed to have been inspired through its editor, Max Falke, reporter of the foreign committee of the Hungarian delegation, to-day says that the interests of Austro-Hungary in the Dardanelles question are greater than those of Great Britain. The paper adds:

"Can Austria look on with complacency while Russia, finding herself barred from expanding through Bulgaria, advances by a shorter route to the goal she has in view—the seizure of Constantinople. England can compensate herself with Egypt, but where is Austria's compensation? The powers ought not hesitate to check Russia. Does Berlin hesitate?"

With regard to the alleged Russian plot to take Constantinople by a coup de main, the Pesther Lloyd quotes a document prepared by Czar Nicholas in 1853, minutely detailing plans by which a force of 16,000 infantry, two Sotnias of Cossacks, and 32 guns could force the passage of the Bosphorus and carry Constantinople.

Admiral Mentchikoff pronounced the scheme to be an impossible one. The czar, it is said, then proposed, as an alternative, a surprise, landing at Burgaz, a seaport in eastern Roumania, 76 miles northeast of Adrianople.

It was believed that after a sudden and unexpected landing had been effected at Burgaz, a small Russian force could make a dash from there upon Constantinople and capture the city before foreign intervention was possible.

MORE CROOKEDNESS.

Philadelphia, Sept. 15.—Counsel for John W. Boughton to-day brought suit in equity in the United States circuit court against Robert M. Yardley, receiver of the Keystone National bank, for the recovery of $449.30, the proceeds of drafts said to have been collected by the bank in March last, a few days prior to the closing of its doors.

MRS. MAYBRICK'S CASE.

London, Sept. 15.—The committee formed to bring about the release of Mrs. Maybrick from prison has retained the services of Sir Charles Russell and Sir Horace Davey in order to test the legality of Mrs. Maybrick's detention in prison.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE LAKE REGIONS

THE PREVALENCE OF CATARRH AND LUNG TROUBLES.

Something About the Nature and Result of the Disease—The Statement of Miss Schnuringer.

In the lake climate catarrh is unquestionably the cause of more deaths than any other disease. At first it is as a rule a little thing, merely a cold in the head. But in a climate like ours, one cold is not entirely cured before another follows. A succession of cold constitutes chronic catarrh. A strong and healthy constitution will suffer only inconvenience from catarrh, but all others run a great risk from what may follow. The inflammation of the nose and back part of the throat gradually extends downward, involving first the larynx and vocal cords, ruining the voice for singing, and then proceeds on its march still farther. The trachea or windpipe is next attacked; following that the large bronchial tubes; then the bronchioles; and lastly the lungs themselves. The lungs, however, are not the only sufferer, for a great deal of this nauseating mucus secreted in the back part of the throat finds its way into the stomach, disarranges digestion, and produces various forms of stomachic and intestinal dyspepsia. "A long catalogue of evils to follow such a little thing as a cold. Isn't it? And yet everyone of them might happen, and every one of them does happen in hundreds and thousands of instances. The health is broken, the constitution weakened, and, although the catarrh itself may not be the actual cause of death, still indirectly, by so weakening the system that it is unable to resist the attack of other diseases, it is."

Miss Louise Schnuringer, 1631 Michigan St

That Drs. Copeland and Buffett are notably if not wonderfully successful in treating and curing catarrh in this region the columns of the daily papers show beyond a doubt. Another of the ladies to furnish direct and emphatic testimony of the results of their treatment is Miss Louise Schnuringer, 1631 Michigan street. She says:

"I had what the doctors called acute throat trouble. It started with pain in the throat, which caused a continual swelling, and although under treatment it could not be reduced.

"I at first paid but little attention to it, but as I was getting no relief I began to get alarmed. The mucus would gather in my throat and in the head, completely stopping up the nasal passage. After this I began to experience

'TERRIBLE HEADACHES.

"At this time my throat had assumed such a condition that I could take nothing but liquid food, and on this account each day I was gradually being reduced in weight. A short time ago my mamma brought me to Drs. Copeland and Buffett and placed me in their charge, and now I am

'ENTIRELY CURED.

"No more headaches, no more dropping of mucus. I can eat well and my throat has assumed its normal condition."

The story seeming truly wonderful, the writer was induced to call upon Louise's mother. He was graciously received, and in speaking of her daughter's case, says: "Yes, what my daughter says is really true. She was almost a wreck, and we had done all we could to have her cured. Why, when she wanted a drink of water I would have to hold her ears and nose in order that she might swallow. In addition to what my daughter has said, I would add that Drs. Copeland and Buffett have done wonders in her case, and to any and all I will be only too glad to tell them of my daughter's recovery."

$5.00 PER MONTH.

CATARRH AND ALL DISEASES OF THE NOSE and THROAT treated for $5.00 PER MONTH. MEDICINES FURNISHED FREE.

Doctors Copeland and Buffett.

The Copeland Medical institute is permanently located at 703 Madison street DR. W. H. COPELAND, and DR. G. P BUFFETT consulting physicians. Specialties: Catarrh and all diseases of the eye, ear, throat and lungs. Chronic diseases. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

Nervous Diseases Cured.
Skin Diseases Cured.
Catarrh Cured.

CHEATING IN HORSE BLANKETS

Nearly every pattern of 5/A *Horse Blanket* is imitated in color and style. In most cases the imitation looks just as good as the genuine, but it *hasn't the warp threads*, and so lacks strength, and while it sells for only a little less than the genuine it isn't worth one-half as much. The fact that 5/A *Horse Blankets* are copied is strong evidence that they are THE STANDARD, and every buyer should see that the 5/A trade mark is sewed on the inside of the Blanket.

Ask for 5/A Five Mile, Boss, Electric, Extra Test, Baker

HORSE BLANKETS

ARE THE STRONGEST.

100 5A STYLES

at prices to suit everybody. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us. Ask for the 5/A Book. You can get it without charge.

WM. AYRES & SONS, Philadelphia.

COOPER BROS.,
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE,
AUBURNDALE, O.

$2,800, 9-room house, lot 50x200. Monroe st $1,650, new 2-story dwelling, 8 rooms, Auburn ave; $1,800 fine 2-story house, lot 60 foot front, Albion st; $1,400, 2-story cottage, barn and henery, Milburn ave; $1,150, new pleasant house on Bush st; $1,200, 2-story house, Lorle st near Monroe; $1,100, cottage on Lorle st; $925 cottage on Hazel st near Detroit ave; $75, cottage on Bush st, 7 rooms and summer kitchen, well cistern and cellar; two 2-story houses on Macomber st, $1,250 each; $1,050, cottage on Bush st near Albion; $1,400, 2-story house on Hazel st. We have 5 acres rich garden land one mile from fair grounds on Dorr st; one acre of above is orchard of good bearing trees, large brick and frame house all for $1,900. Call on us for bargains in Auburndale lots; we have some of the choicest building lots at bottom prices. Call on us for reliable fire insurance; our companies' assets amount to over $12,000,000

POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT.

It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts gives it supreme control over *Piles*, however severe.

Also for *Burns, Scalds, Eruptions, Salt Rheum &c.* Testimonials from all classes prove its efficacy. Price 50c.

Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. Put up only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N. Y.

PILES

Dr. Clark, the Botanic Specialist,
Eleven years at his Toledo Office Parlors.

Patronize no longer, advertising quacks, who Infest our city for a few months and with their accumulated spoils depart.

Dr. Clark cures syphilis, gonorrhea, loss of manhood and power, spermatorrhea, night emissions, cancers sores, liver, kidney and blood diseases.

Special diseases of both men and women positively cured. Dr. Clark is the only botanic specialist in the state. If you mean business and wish to be cured call and see us and have a friendly talk and see what can be done for you. If not you probably will fall into the hands of an advertising charlatan or a base physician that is incompetent.

Dr. Clark has no spare time to lose but every case has a thorough examination so you can accept or reject. We are the friends of all sufferers. Dr. C. G. CLARK, Toledo, O., next to Hotel Hamilton.

Dr. MINGOS,
Corner Oak and Summit Streets,

Cures all private diseases, catarrh, scrofula ulcers, eruptions on skin, syphilis, and all disorders arising from its effect cured forever. No hindrance to business. Use no mercury. All medicines prepared by myself. Have never failed in curing a case. No experiments are made but a sure cure. On account of treating so many patients charges are kept low. A sure and positive cure for all cases of gonorrhea or gleet in a week or no charges. Also a sure and positive cure for all female complaints, leucorrhea, for whites, private boils se cured for ladies pending and during confinement. Ladies in need call or write. Consultation free and private.

DR. BIGELOW'S DENTAL OFFICE
has removed to
335 SUMMIT ST.,
opp. Electric Transfer Station. Cheap days for extracting—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Office open all night, with Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Musgrove in charge.
Phone 1234.
MISS HATTIE CHISSEY, Secretary.

"DRESSY MEN"

Appreciate our efforts in presenting for inspection some of the

Newest Designs in Woolens!

Do you intend buying anything in our line? If so, kindly call and allow us to give you quotations.

LOUIS STONE,
422 Adams Street.

Grand Central!

A First-Class Restaurant.
MEALS 25 CENTS.

503 Monroe St., cor. Market Space

HENRY WEITZEL, Propr.

DYNAMO

For Motors and Incandescent Lighting. Latest Designs. Estimates given on isolated plants. Send for Circular.

L. H. COLBURN,
369 Erie St.

C. A. Kirchmaier, Ph. C.
Chemist and Assayer!
Laboratory, 1316 Adams St.
PHONE 923.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL.
St. Clair St., end of Perry St.

Centrally located. Sample rooms on first floor Special rates to parties and Theatrical People.

ALBERT E. HALL, - - Proprietor.

WHO DID IT?

What? Why, who makes all these nice badges we see worn by members of clubs, societies, etc? Answer,

Roulet & Armstrong, 341 Summit St
Over Strasburger's Shoe Store.

14 Miles the Shortest. 5 Hours the Quickest.

Cincinnati to New Orleans.
Time 28 Hours.
Entire Trains, Baggage Car, Day Coaches and Sleepers run through without change.
110 Miles the Shortest. 7 Hours the Quickest.

CINCINNATI to JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA
Time 28 Hours.

The Only Line running through Sleeping Cars
ONLY LINE FROM CINCINNATI TO
CHATTANOOGA, TENN., FORT PAYNE, ALA., MERIDIAN, MISS., VICKSBURG, MISS., SHREVEPORT, LA.
20 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Lexington, Ky.
5 Hours Quickest Cincinnati to Knoxville, Tenn.
116 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Atlanta and Augusta, Ga.
114 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Anniston, Ala.
6 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Birmingham, Ala.
5 Hours Quickest Cincinnati to Mobile, Ala.
Direct connections at New Orleans & Shreveport for TEXAS, MEXICO and CALIFORNIA.

Trains leave Central Union Depot, Cincinnati crossing the Famous High Bridge of Kentucky and rounding the base of Lookout Mountain.

Pullman Boudoir Sleepers on all through trains

Over One Million Acres of land in Alabama, the future Garden State of the South subject to pre-emption. Unsurpassed Climate.
For Rates, Maps, etc., address
NEIL C. KERR,
Central Trav. Pass'r Agent, No. 9 W. 4th St., Cincinnati, O.
S. G. GAULT, Genl Manager. D. G. EDWARDS, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agent.
CINCINNATI, O.

WERUM BROS
508 ADAMS STREET,

For Elastic Stockings take measure opposite letters on the cut.

Manufacturers of
TRUSSES!
Abdominal and other Supporters, Braces, Bandages,
ELASTIC
STOCKINGS!
Knee Caps, Anklets, Crutches, Etc.
Special appliances for the mechanical treatment of injuries, etc., etc.
Trusses Skillfully Adjusted.
We cure ALL Children and about one out of every 5 adults.

Cook's Cotton Root
COMPOUND.

A recent discovery by an old physician. *Successfully used monthly by thousands of Ladies.* It is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND, *take no substitute* or inclose $1 in letter, and we will send, sealed, by return mail, full sealed particulars in plain envelope, to ladies only. Stamps. Address "ENDELLY COMPANY, No. 3 Fisher Block, Detroit, Mich.

Are You Well Located?

If Not, Why Not?

Desirable Offices!

—IN THE—

NEW BEE BUILDING

Now For Rent.

This splendid business block, by far the most complete in Toledo, is located in the very center of business. It contains a number of choice rooms, single and en suite, suitable for offices. Well lighted, well heated, and supplied with all modern conveniences. Electric light and gas. Fast running elevator. Ceilings are steel panel work.

THE ONLY BUILDING IN TOLEDO
WHICH HAS THE
Cutler Government Mail Chute!
By which letters can be mailed from any floor in the building.

NOW FOR RENT.

Inspect the Building and call or write for particulars and terms to

THE TOLEDO BEE CO.

ELEVATORS
Hydraulic Steam and Hand Power
—OR—
PASSENGER AND FREIGHT!
Elevator Repairing Given Prompt Attention.
Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
GENERAL MACHINISTS
And Machinery Repairing of Every Description.
The Toledo Machine & Tool Co.
501,503 and 505 Superior St

For Sale in Toledo by W. K. West, Boody House Drug Store.

Occupying Our New Bank Building, 383 Summit St. Near Adams.

Merchants' and Clerks' Savings Bank.

Interest paid on deposits. Safe deposit boxes for the keeping of jewelry, valuable papers, etc., for rent. Every renter holds the key to his box.

OLIVER S. BOND, Prest. JOHN H. BAILEY, Vice Prest. E. L. SCHOMBURG, Cashier.

JUST OUT

Messrs. Dickman & Schmidt, 623 Cherry St., corner of Erie, have an entire new line of PICTURES and FRAMES at low prices and any finish known to man. Having secured one of the best workmen in the city, all work is done on the premises.

AGENTS WANTED.

OUR STOCK OF
FURNITURE!
MUST BE REDUCED

Call and see our prices on—Parlor Suits, all prices; Sideboards, antique oak and 16th century; Chamber Suits, very cheap; Fancy Rockers, large variety.

ACCEPTS THE CHALLENGE.

The Frank E. Kirby and the City of Toledo

Will Race to Determine the Question of Which is the Speedier—Manager Ashley's Statement.

It now looks as if the steamer City of Toledo and Frank E. Kirby, which are undoubtedly the fastest boats on the great lakes, will race to determine which is the faster of the two.

It will be remembered that Manager Cone a few days ago stated what he would do with the Kirby people, and the latter have evidently accepted the challenge. Here is Manager Ashley's statement addressed to the Detroit Free Press and appearing to-day:

In your issue of the 13th, I notice a communication from Henry Penton, draughtsman for the frontier iron works, in relation to the relative speed of the steamers Frank E. Kirby and City of Toledo, in which he says, "As a Detroiter my sympathies are with the Kirby, but unfortunately they will not help her do business. As a steamboat man I have seen and been in a good many races and know when I am beaten, and the refusal to recognize that fact makes ultimate defeat the worse. I was on board the City of Toledo last Sunday when the race was going on; I know that by my own and several other timepieces the Kirby was turning a fraction over thirty-six, etc."

Calvin Cone, manager of the City of Toledo, in his communication to the Toledo BEE, says: "The Kirby was making 32½ turns."

Manager Cone appears to be fairer in his statements regarding the Kirby than this Detroiter, who says his sympathies are with the Kirby. My experience and observations have been that a passenger's interest and hopes are with the boat that he happens to be on when a supposed race is going on.

I desire to have this communication close the controversy in the newspapers as far as the Kirby is concerned. I have always published our position in regard to racing with passengers on board.

The City of Toledo people, in a communication to the Daily Bee, say: "We will race the Kirby an any course on Lake Erie for $100 or more." I have placed in the hands of I. F. Mack & Bro., editors of the Sandusky Register, $500 to back our opinion that the Kirby is the fastest boat, and name any one of the following courses as a test of speed: From Put-in-Bay to Toledo, from Put-in-Bay to Turtle Island light and back to Put-in-Bay, from Put-in-Bay to Detroit, from Put-in-Bay to Bois Blanc light, from Put-in-Bay to West Sister Island and back to Put-in-Bay. The owners of the City of Toledo can take their choice of any of them. The City of Toledo manager can have until October 10 to put the same amount of money in the same hands; the race to take place as soon after the money is put up as the details can be arranged. W. O. ASHLEY,
Managing owner steamer Frank E. Kirby.

Now, gentlemen, without further brag, or bluster, fix the preliminaries for this race, and let it be settled which boat is the faster. There is no personal feeling in this matter, it brings simply a question of speed. The race course will probably be laid from Put-in-Bay to Cleveland and return.

Detroit people imagine that nothing is, that is not from or at Detroit, and it would afford much pleasure to Toledoans to see this contest come off. It is not likely that there will be any flunking on the part of the Kirby people. Although, strange to say, the Sandusky Register people have notreferred to any money deposited by Mr. Ashley with them for the purpose mentioned.

A FARMER CLUBBED

On His Way Home—The Parties Not Known.

A farmer living in Spencer township named William Keogh, was in the city this morning, and reported to the police that he had been assaulted while driving towards home on the Holland road Saturday afternoon.

He stated that he was driving a spirited team hitched to a light buggy, and had his little boy with him. When a few miles from the city two men, both drunk, came driving up behind at a rattling gait, and his team immediately took fright and started on a run. Mr. Keogh pulled them down and motioned to the parties behind to hold their horse until they passed him.

In pulling the team down a tug became unfastened and Mr. Keogh got out to fix it. While in a stooping position he received a blow on the back of the head and knew no more until he came to, shortly after, to find himself prostrated on the roadside and alone. Fearing for the safety of his child Mr. Keogh staggered down the road and found that the team had been stopped a quarter of a mile down the road and the boy was uninjured. He did not see either of the parties plain enough to identify them. The police are investigating.

FIXED INSURANCE RATES.

Detroit and Toledo Establish an Equalized Schedule on a 10 Per Cent. Advance.

Messrs. W. B. Rice and W. H. Whitaker, who represented the Detroit insurance agencies at the conference held in the Produce Exchange yesterday relative to the establishment of a uniform schedule of insurance rates on grain laden vessels, left for Detroit last evening after accomplishing their mission.

The schedule of rates agreed upon is an advance of 33⅓ per cent. over the rates prevailing the first part of the season, and about 10 per cent. over the rates of the corresponding period of a year ago.

The following, giving rates per $100, is the schedule adopted:

FROM TOLEDO OR DETROIT.

	Steam.	Sail.
To Cleveland	25c	25c
Buffalo & Erie	30c	40c
Lake Ontario ports	40c	50c
Ogdensburg	45c	55c
Montreal	60c	70c

These rates are for the balance of the season only.

THE OPENING GUN.

Gov. Campbell Will Fire It at Sidney, Thursday.

Gov. James E. Campbell will fire the opening gun of his campaign at Sidney, Thursday. Extensive preparations have been made, and the crowd in attendance will be enormously large.

Besides the governor, who will return from the east to-morrow morning greatly improved in health, a number of other prominent democrats of national renown will be present. Among them may be mentioned Senator Calvin S. Brice, Hon. Roger Q. Mills, of Texas; Hon. J. L. De Witt, of New York; Congressman Outhwaite, Congressman-elect M. D. Harter, Hon. T. T. Yoder, Hon. John A. McMahon and Hon. Charles W. Baker.

Democratic clubs from Cincinnati, Columbus, Piqua, Troy, Lima, Dayton and other cities will be in attendance. Quite a number of Toledo democrats will be there to assist in giving the campaign an enthusiastic start.

TAKEN INTO COURT.

Boston, Sept. 15.—Suit has been brought against the Renfrew Manufacturing company, of Adams, Mass., and other defendants, by H. C. Hurlbut and W. W. Crapo. The suit involves about $350,000 and arises from the claims of the bondholders of the Renfrew company that they are entitled to the proceeds of certain insurance policies on the property of the Renfrew company, which burned March 22, 1891. It is also contended that certain securities in the hands of some of the defendants are invalid.

THINKS IT A WINNER.

To the Editor: Here is a democratic ticket which would win this fall:

Representatives—Sylvester Lamb, Chas. Zirwas, Foster R. Warren.
Treasurer—Clarence E. Armstrong.
Sheriff—O. B. Clark.
Commissioner—Lawrence Burkhardt.
Infirmary Director—John S. Walsh.
Coroner—Dr. C. L. Van Pelt.
X. Y. Z.

TO ORGANIZE A STATE LEAGUE

The Catholic Knights of America to Meet Next Sunday.

This evening at St. Mary's hall on Cherry street there will be a meeting of representatives of the various branches of the C. K. of A. for the purpose of discussing the proposed organization of a state league.

The Toledo branches have elected delegates who will attend a state meeting to be held at Hamilton, O., next Sunday. The object of the meeting is to form a State League Branch No. 147. Immaculate Conception parish has elected the following delegates: Dr. J. T. Lawless, J. C. Phelan, W. C. Coyle, J. J. Flood, Joseph Murphy and J. M. Gorman.

TRYING TO AGREE

On a Settlement of the Central Avenue Road.

Conference Between the County Commissioners and Bick & Glann's Attorney—Another Measurement Probable.

The county commissioners took another turn at the Central avenue stone road muddle this morning. Prosecutor Barber and attorney Tolerton, counsel for Bick & Glann, were present, aside from the members of the board.

Mr. Tolerton stated that his clients had instructed him to bring suit in the common pleas court against the county to recover the amount lost by them in discounting the estimates on this road on account of the non-payment of them when due, according to contract. He said that Bick & Glann claim that they were over $2,500 out of pocket by being compelled to stand a heavy discount in order to realize any cash on the estimates. After thinking the matter over he concluded to confer with Mr. Barber and the commissioners, and make a proposition in the interest of harmony, and if possible avoid a lawsuit. He then proposed that if, after the county commissioners had sent a party out over the stone road, and were ready to pay the estimates due, then there would be no suit brought, and the whole matter could be dropped.

Mr. Cook stated that the work on the road according to evidence, should have properly begun April 1. Instead, however, as a special favor to Bick & Glann, they were permitted to begin the work in the fall, several months ahead of time, in order that they might take advantage of the cheapness of labor incurred by winter and scarcity of work, but coupled with this was the understanding that there would probably be no money at the time when the road would be completed, and they would have to wait a little for it.

Mr. Tolerton stated that the written contract with Bick & Glann was that the estimates allowed by the surveyor were to be paid at certain specified times and that no verbal agreement or understanding between the county commissioners and Bick & Glann would alter the force of the contrat in black and white.

"Well," said Englehardt, "supposing that Bick & Glann did have to discount their estimates. They could do that and then make money by the favor we granted them. Now, if we had said so, Bick & Glann would have been compelled to wait until April 1st before beginning work on the road. Instead of that we permitted them to go ahead several months before. Don't you see where they made money by it? Work is scarce in winter, and they can get a lot of 'fellers' to work for half what they could in the spring. Then they build a tram-way through the woods from their stone quarry to the road. Wouldn't their quarry have been idle all winter but for us allowing them to go ahead with the work. Now they want to come in on us in this manner."

Mr. Cook—"We didn't agree to pay for the work any sooner than the contract called for, beginning April 1."

Mr. Tolerton—"Have you that in writing?"

Mr. Cook—"No, it was an understanding between us."

Mr. Tolerton—"That's a very loose way of contracting, gentlemen."

Mr. Cooke then suggested that surveyors Wilhelm and Bodette go out, measure the stone in the disputed sections, and come to some agreement as the amount of masonry therein.

Mr. Tolerton stated that he would submit the matter to his clients and report at once.

The board the adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

At 2 o'clock Mr. Tolerton reported his clients out of the city, hence he could give no answer. The commissioners, however, decided to have Engineers Wilhelm and Bodette with one of their number, go over the disputed road and endeavor to arrange a settlement.

HERE ARE THE BIDS.

Now Make Your Choice.—Figures for Council Committees.

The following are the figures on the bids received at the city civil engineer's office yesterday:

COLLINGWOOD AVENUE FROM DETROIT AVENUE TO BRIDGE OVER OTTAWA RIVER.

	Medina curb.	Berea curb.
Old Medina stone:		
Werner & Son	$ 6,341 37	$ 6,181 37
Wm McMahon	6,640 39	6,499 43
John Streicher	8,214 73	8,063 14
Boulder stone:		
Wm McMahon	$ 6,026 81	$5,885 90
John Streicher	7,498 99	7,347 39
Cedar block:		
Chas. McKinley	4,776 84	$4 627 84
Werner & Son	5 292 61	5,188 02
Wm McMahon	5,4 9 65	5,288 75
John Streicher	6,986 24	6,854 64
Macadamizing:		
Wm T. Ryan		$3,104 60
C. W. Ryan		3,323 64

BRIDGE STREET FROM FRONT STREET TO DOCK LINE, MAUMEE RIVER.

George H Burdette	$27,371 58
Claflen Paving Co	24 621 16
Wm McMahon	25,756 19
John Streicher	23,692 85

MONROE STREET FROM OLD CITY LINE TO BANCROFT STREET.

Warren Scharf Asphalt Co	$9 530 10

SEWER NO. 884, ALLEY BETWEEN LUCAS ST AND FORBES ST, EWING TO HAWLEY ST

Andrew Maher	$3,194 50
Wm McMahon	2,480 38
Frank Cole	3,219 20

SEWER NO. 883, ALLEY BETWEEN NEBRASKA AVE AND TECUMSEH ST FROM JUNCTION AVE TO HAWLEY ST.

Frank Cole	$5,647 16
Andrew Maher	6,005 20
Neh Husten	6,042 20
Wm McMahon	5,388 54
Artesian well:	
Geo Ludlow	1.35
Frank Hake	1.40

A GAY CROWD

That Wants to Be Tough and Would Be Great Food for Mr. Bunco.

A party of fly gents entered the People's theater last evening, dropped or staggered into a box and proceeded to share honors with the company. After the first act they proceeded to a near-by saloon and tried to bulldoze the proprietor. That individual wouldn't be bulldozed, however, and he up with a club and knocked down a few of the gay individuals, whereupon they were subdued by the police. This same party has been in trouble before, and one is a well known railroad man. They have requested from time to time that their names be kept from the paper as it might result in their losing their positions. The first time, however, that their names are registered in the big book at the police station they will be published along with other news of the kind. Some men when drunk know at least enough to shut up, sit down and keep quiet. There is a species though that must get right in the front row with the band wagon and play the jackass while their inebriated retinue gather about and bray forth a wheezy drunken accompaniment that divulges their asinine propensities.

WRECKED IN THE STRAITS.

London, Sept. 15.—A steamer arriving at Valparaiso reports having seen a 1,500-ton steamer wrecked in the Straits of Magellan. The name of the lost vessel could not be made out.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

SENATOR GEYSER BETTER.

Ex-Senator William Geyser, who has been quite ill for some time with something resembling Bright's disease, was in the city this morning. He has been at the springs at Mt. Clemens for some time, and his condition has materially improved within the past month.

DIDN'T SHOW HIS LICENSE.

John Castle, of Curtice, Ottawa county, was up before U. S. Commissioner Hall yesterday afternoon, on the charge of carrying on a liquor traffic, without exposing his revenue stamps, as required by law. He was held in $100 to the next term of the U. S. district court.

AN INVITATIONAL RECEPTION.

The ladies of the Working Band of the First Congregational church are arranging for an afternoon reception to take place in the church parlors Monday next. The affair is to be invitational. Refreshments are to be served and a pleasant time is anticipated.

KISSED AND MADE UP.

The Chamberlains whose story of marital difficulties was printed in yesterday's BEE, have made up, and as Chamberlain promises to live with his wife and support her and their boy he will not be prosecuted. The woman with whom he had been living here has been sent back to Michigan.

GOOD SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

The schools open this year with an attendance greater than ever, and the High school is especially well filled. The actual attendance yesterday was 417, which is greater than the total enrollment of last year. Professor Adams states that the pupils this year seem to take a greater interest in their studies, and commence work as though they meant business.

A COMPOSIT QUILT.

Last evening, previous to his departure for Dayton to attend the Northwestern Ohio conference, Rev. O. P. Ross, of Warren chapel, was tendered a benefit in the shape of a pleasant entertainment. During the evening Rev. Ross was presented with a crazy quilt, the separate pieces of which were prepared by different members of the congregation. It was a very pleasant occasion all around.

ANOTHER RICHMOND IN THE FIELD.

Mr. John E. Walsh, the popular democrat of the Eighth ward, has acceded to the wishes of his friends and has entered the field as a candidate for nomination as county commissioner. Mr. Walsh has been the efficient ward committeeman in the Eighth for several years and should he receive preferment at the hands of the democratic party will put in his best licks to win.

PEOPLE'S PARTY FORMED.

A club or branch of the people's party was organized at Carpenter's hall last night. The attendance was not large, but what was lacking in this respect was made up in enthusiasm. After some discussion, Messrs. W. H. Strong, J. A. Asper and W. H. Dennis were nominated as candidates for representative, and J. M. Anderson for county commissioner. The Springfield platform was indorsed. Another meeting will be held at the same place next Monday evening.

A MORNING WEDDING.

This morning at the Church of the Immaculate Conception occurred the marriage of John McManus and Miss Bridget McHugh, Rev. Father McCarthy officiating. Thomas McManus, brother of the groom, acted as best man, and Bridget Cassidy was bridesmaid. After the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride on Morton street. This evening the festivities will continue, and there will be music, dancing and refreshments. Mr. McManus is a pony conductor on the C., H. & D. railroad, and has a large circle of acquaintances who wish him and his charming wife no end of happiness.

MONTHLY SOCIAL SESSION.

St. John's Chapter of the Epworth league last evening held the regular monthly business and social meeting, a large attendance of the members being present. Devotional exercises, conducted by President L. S. Churchill, being over, the routine business was disposed of, following which this program was observed: Piano duet, Miss Flora Van Gorder and Mrs. L. S. Churchill; paper, The Funny Side of a Trip to Chicago, Miss Lillie Bramwell; vocal solo, Mrs. E. H. Mauzy; reading, Domestic Economy, Miss Bertha Hood; vocal solo, Mr. L. S. Churchill. A short time was then spent in a social.

DEATH OF MRS. KELSEY.

After an illness covering some time, Mrs. J. W. Kelsey, wife of ex-County Treasurer Kelsey, died this morning at the age of 63 years. The deceased has been a resident of Toledo since 1835, and during all of the years intervening has been active in all good works, especially with the Woman's Relief corps. She leaves a husband and five children to mourn her loss, not to say anything of the many who were intimately associated with her in the various organizations to which she belonged. The funeral will be held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the family residence on Collingwood avenue.

ABSORBED BY THE SMEAD.

The Toledo stove works has been absorbed by Isaac D. Smead's Foundry company, who are now the proprietors and successors of the former owners, J. J. Leonard & Co. The above fact is a sufficient evidence to show that the Toledo stove works will boom from now on. Mr. Leonard has been retained as superintendent, and a line of 40 stoves will now be made by Isaac D. Smead at his new factory. Mr. Smead has so many traveling salesmen all over the country that his ability to place the goods is equal to any, and as there is no other stove factory in Toledo, the BEE predicts that this new feature of Mr. Smead's business will readily respond to his push and energy.

THE BRICK LOOKS VERY BAD.

Considerable complaint is being made by property owners regarding the brick being used in the Nevada street district sewer on the East Side. Samples of the brick which have been brought to this office are very poor, both in shape and quality, and large pieces of lime show all turough the bricks. It is claimed that brick of this kind will quickly crumble when wet.

This sewer is one and one-half miles long and five feet in diameter. Some 500 feet back from the river is already constructed and a large quantity of this brick is on the ground. The property owners along the river seriously object to this kind of brick being used and if it is still put in will probably fight the assessment.

HIGH ART.

While the manufacturers of Cabinet Organs are at the present time keeping up the quality of the interior construction of their instruments, they are also evidently paying special attention to the outward make-up, as is evidenced by the Cabinet work and finish. Every one will get this same impression by looking through the extensive stock of J. W. Greene & Co. in the new Pythian Castle. Such a variety of styles is impossible to imagine and rarely ever gotten together. They have just received some Packard Organs in elegant carved oak cases that are a delight to the eye. A Wilcox & White in an upright piano case of oak is a very pleasing design they are showing.

They have also any number of these Organs, and the Celebrated Estey in Walnut cases, both plain and highly ornamental.

DEMOCRATS CAN VOTE IT.

To the Editor: What do you think of the following as a democratic ticket for Lucas county?

Representatives—John H. Puck, Sylvester Lamb, John Weckerly.
Treasurer—T. W. Childs.
Sheriff—Harry Dowling.
Commissioner—Wm. Wachter.
Infirmary director—Nathan Gardner.
Coroner—Dr. G. A. Hollister.
DEMOCRAT.

THE FEDERAL BUILDING.

Walter C. Ely takes his position as cashier in the internal revenue office tomorrow morning. He is being introduced and instructed to-day, and this evening will be placed in charge of the vault.

Master in Chancery Irving Belford is hearing the case of Defiance county v. the Mackinaw Railroad company postponed from last week.

Postmaster Brown is still busily engaged in getting up the postoffice directory.

Miss Hallie Brown, of the United States court, returns from a brief vacation next week.

Revenue Collector Waldorf is giving the United States district attorney an opportunity of making a fat thing out of his office.

FEARS FOR HER SAFETY.

A Toledo Woman Disappears in Chicago.

Much Anxiety Felt for Mrs. McMahon, Nee Edwards, by Her Many Friends.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—Mrs. Elizabeth McMahon, of 250 Michigan avenue, over whose son there has been bitter litagation between herself and her husband's relatives, has disappeared, and her friends fear that she has committed suicide.

While in her attorney's office yesterday afternoon she showed signs of hysteria.

Preparations were being made to have her conveyed to her home, when she suddenly left the office, and all trace of her has been lost.

Mrs. McMahon is the daughter of the late Col. Edwards, of Toledo.

HARBOR AND LAKE NEWS.

Barge Zapotec Having a Hard Time Getting Into Harbor—Marine Notes.

Special Marine and Weather bulletin, compiled from the war department map. Observations taben at 8 a. m.

Port.	Bar.	Tem.	Wind. Dir.	Vel.	State We
Oswego	30.02	52	SE	6	cloudy
Buffalo	29.92	55	SE	6	cloudy
Cleveland	29.96	66	SW	22	cloudy
Toledo	29.96	70	SW	20	clear
Port Huron	29.86	62	S	14	cloudy
Alpena	29.74	58	SE	14	cloudy
Green Bay	29.94	58	N	10	cloudy
Milwaukee	29.88	68	W	8	cloudy
Grand Haven	29.84	66	W	2	cloudy
Chicago	29.92	68	SW	24	cloudy
Sault Ste. Marie	29.82	52	E	6	rain
Marquette	29.84	56	NW	12	cloudy
Duluth	29.96	52	NW	14	cloudy

Lake region forecasts: For western New York and Ohio—Local showers; warmer; southwesterly winds; slightly cooler Friday.

For Indiana—Fair; warmer in southern, slightly cooler in northern portion; southwesterly winds.

For Lower Michigan—Local showers; westerly winds; slightly cooler.

For Upper Michigan—Showers; stationary temperature; variable winds.

For Wisconsin—Generally fair; slightly cooler; northwesterly winds.

For Illinois—Generally fair; cooler in northern, stationary temperature in southern portion; southwesterly winds.

Saved a Horse and Wagon.

A horse and wagon loaded with groceries, belonging to E. G. Ashley, backed off the dock into the river yesterday at the Michigan Central elevator. Matters looked bad for the horse and wagon for a while, but the animal was rescued by the steam yacht H. P. Tobey, which happened along. The harness was cut and the horse towed across the river, where he could land. The wagon was picked up by the tug Lizzie a few minutes later.

In Hard Luck.

The barge Zapotic loaded with ore is aground in the river near the shipyards. She is loaded with ore to a depth of 15 feet 6 inches, and has been since Sunday morning trying to get in, being aground several times in the bay. The water is very low to-day and vessels have been bothered considerably in moving about.

Snags.

The steamers St. Paul and consort Scotia leave to-day for Cheboygan to load ore. They have been in port several days and were unable to get a charter.

The steamer Dominion and consort J. R. Benson arrived this morning for grain.

Charles Culver, late engineer on the steamer Evening Star, is now engineer on the tug Doan.

Barge 103 arrived yesterday ore laden for the Ohio Central.

The steam yacht Stranger had her bow slightly damaged by collision with the steamer Flora yesterday. She was trying to keep out of the way of the tug Runnels at the time.

The rudder of the tug Green was broken last night against the dock.

The Britain and consort George W. Bissell leave to-day.

J. N. Dewey & Co. received the first fish of the season from West Sister to-day.

The schooner Mt. Blanc, loaded with coal at the Ironville docks, for Charlevoix, cleared last night.

The schooner Black Diamond, loaded by the W. & L. E. at the Ironville docks with coal for Pt. Edward, cleared to-day.

PERSONAL MENTION.

J. B. Battelle is at Cincinnati.

W. S. Wagner is at Columbus.

Miss Maud Wood has returned from a Chicago trip.

Mr. John La Barre is convalescent after a severe illness.

Miss Etta Walker and Miss Rose Carens are visiting in Stryker and Bryan.

Mrs. Lou Cook is visiting her daughter, Mrs. McClelland, at Pittsburg, Pa.

Mr. Irving, of Grand avenue, is recovering from an attack of lung fever.

Alphonso L. Rafter left this morning for Cleveland, O., to be gone several days.

Mr. Tom C. Banks, jr., a prominent merchant of Antwerp, O., is in the city to-day.

Miss Marie Pomeroy will leave this week for an eastern trip to be absent until October 1.

Mrs. James Church, of Indianapolis, is the guest of Mrs. M. C. Moore, of Twenty-second street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Eccles will move into their pretty new home on Twenty-second street this week.

Senator Calvin S. Brice, of Lima, was in the city last evening for a few moments on private business.

G. K. Brown and family have returned from Tiffin, where they were in attendance at the funeral of Mr. Robert Lysle Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. A. P. Stevens, of the BEE, received this morning from Secretary Ben Butterworth, a commission as member of the Women's Auxiliary of the world's fair labor congress.

The Misses Lemmon, of Richmond, Ind., are the guests of Miss Dennison, of Vermont avenue for a few days. The young ladies are on their way to Painesville to attend the Lake Erie seminary.

Mrs. William H. Maher, with her two daughters, started east yesterday. She will make a short stop at Saratoga, where Miss Hope will be left at school, and will then go to Connecticut for a few weeks' stay with her parents.

Mrs. Dr. Parmelee and her son Charles leave for Boston to-day by way of New York. The young man will enter the School of Technology in Boston, and Mrs. Parmalee expects to spend several weeks in Massachusetts with her relatives.

Riots in Pennsylvania.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Sep. 15.—A big riot is in progress here. A mob, this morning rescued a prisoner from the jail.

The authorities attempted to recapture him when a battle ensued. The governor has just ordered out the militia.

NOMINATED A FARMER.

Forest, O., Sept. 15.—(Special)—C. M. Carson, who was turned down by the farmers of this county for representative, has been nominated by the democrats. Mr. Carson is secretary of the alliance.

See our assortment of Fall Millinery.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

IN TRADING CIRCLES

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

Wheat Quotations for the Day—Price Current for Produce and Other Articles.

The market quotations in the BEE are compiled from United Press special dispatches and from reports received by the Toledo Produce Exchange, and specially arranged by Mr. Denison L. Smith, secretary of the Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO BEE,
TOLEDO, O., Sept. 15.

London wheat market firm and higher; corn steady. Weather unsettled. Liverpool wheat, demand improving and ½ pence up; corn a shade higher.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 1,464,562 bu, compared with 475,968 bu on the same day last year.

The imports into the United Kingdom for the week were 2,464,000 bu of wheat and 199,000 bbls of flour, equal to 3,359,000 bu of wheat, and 688,000 bu of corn.

The quantity of flour and wheat on ocean passage increased last week 2,400,000 bu, being an increase to the United Kingdom of 1,064,000 bu and 1,336,000 bu to the continent. Corn decreased 88,000 bu. The quantity of flour and wheat afloat for the United Kingdom is equal to 3,512,000 bu less than at corresponding date last year, and the quantity to the continent equals 16,728,000 bu more.

Our table herein of available wheat and corn shows an increase of 4,473,466 bu wheat, and an increase of 1,231,628 bu corn.

A private letter from a high authority in England, September 1, says; "There is a curious calm about the wheat trade here just now. A calm which I think will end in a storm of buying. English millers are holding out as long as possible in the hope of getting plenty of new wheat. But this hope is gradually lessening, owing to the very bad weather and I should not be surprised to see active buying again, and a sharp advance very soon."

India Crops.—The British India office publishes the following cable from the viceroy: "Prospects continue gloomy in most provinces. There is an improvement in Hyderabad, but Madras and Rajpootana are in need of more rain. The cattle mortality has been increased at Madras. There has been rain in Upper Burmah, but prospects continue unfavorable. In several districts prices are tending upward."

The receipts of wheat to-day at seven principal western points are 988,594 bu in excess of the corresponding Tuesday in 1890.

The export clearances yesterday at four Atlantic ports were 885,909 bu of wheat, and flour to an aggregate of 1,090,000 bus.

English markets, as reported herein, are firm and higher.

It is just as difficult now as it ever was to account for the mutations in the wheat market. Last week dealers were nearly all bearish, and nearly all disposed to sell the market down. Of course they did so, and the sales east and west provoked a decline in England and all the continental markets. There is no change in market conditions this week, but prices for Saturday, yesterday and to-day are decidedly improved. To-day the markets are strong regardless of an increase of 4,400,000 bu in our visible and in the ocean quantity. It is the time of year to stock up and accumulate, and if it is not done now prices will be all the higher later on in consequence.

Some strength has been imparted to the market by the last "Farmers' Alliance Output," advising farmers to hold their wheat, but as Kansas, Minnesota and the Dakotas are pouring out more wheat than they ever did before it does not seem to be effective to an alarming extent.

Some firmness may also be attributed to the seizure by England of a port on the island of Mitylete, but it is as evident that the sultan agreed to it as that he did to the passage of the Russian war vessels through the Dardanelles. It was a checkmate.

No; the market has advanced because it should not have declined, which it did below a fair basis. Say what you please, it is too evident and on both sides of the ocean dealers are scheming to break down prices. In London and Liverpool winter wheat is quoted about 13c below California.

That is unrighteous, unless New York and Baltimore have been sending a mixed stump-tail wheat over there. Our No. 2 Winter wheat is as good as California to make flour with. On a speculative market it may not be the leading wheat. A year ago to-day California and winter wheat were 2 pence per hundred pounds apart, and our winter wheat is better this year than last. We propose to know, you know, why this is thus.

The markets in this country made a very handsome advance on wheat to-day. On the basis of the December future Chicago at one time was 2c better and New York nearly as much. Later prices eased off and much of the advance was lost. Liverpool wheat and corn market closed higher for wheat and corn. Ocean freights equal to ⅞c higher. Now equal 9c bu. The export clearances Monday of wheat and flour were very large, nearly 1,100,000 bu. They have stopped buying, have they?

Corn markets have been broken to-day very badly by sales based on the warm weather and prospects of the crop escaping frost.

In New York December wheat closed at a gain of ⅜c, and October corn at a loss of 1⅛c.

In Chicago December wheat closed about steady with yesterday. September corn 1¼c and October 2c lower.

In Toledo we have had quite an active business in wheat futures, and at very unsteady prices. On the basis of December the opening trades were at an advance of 1¼c, which was increased ¾c, when the market began an irregular decline, which at the close left but ¼c advance over yesterday. On the call October wheat sold at 97c and December at $1 01. After the call September sold at 98c and closed at 96¾c, a loss of ¼c; October sold at 99¾c, and at close was worth 97¾c. December sold at $1 02 to $1 02⅜ and closed at $1 01, a gain of ¼c. Maysonda at $1 08¼ and at close was $1 07¾, a gain of ¼c. Cash wheat was only moderately active and the sales were less than usual. No 2 soft sold at 96½c to 98c and declined to 97c. At close 96¾c represented the market. No 3 soft at 95c to 94½c; No 4 soft at 87c; rejected No 1 at 83c to 84c; No 2 at 78c; No 2 white at 93¾c to 94½c.

Corn—No 2 at 63c, No 4 at 60c.

Oats—No 2 at 31c, No 3 at 31c, No 2 white for May at 36c, No 3 white at 31c.

Rye was firm and higher. No 2 sold at 91@92c and October at 92.

Clover seed was active and lower. The quality of the seed arriving is poor and does not grade well. Prime at $4 55; Sept. at $4 55 to $ 460; Oct $4 55 to $4 50; Dec at $4 60 to $4 62½; closing $4 60; No 2 at $4 40 to $4 20; closing $4 25. Rejected $3 25.

Daily Receipts and Shipments.

The following table shows the receipts and shipments at the points named:

	RECEIPTS. Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Bbls. flour.	SHIPMENTS. Corn.	Oats.
N Y	43400	59600	18500	16498	89000	2175
Balto	163571	975	1200	33555		
Phila	71992	8369	5650	1755	17469	29250
Boston	1350	1000	2000	1000		
Toledo	95623	20855	8460	28100	29000	600
Chicago	312458	446449	299.2	197697	117674	322.63
Milw'k'e	102800	1160	35000			3150
St L	144100	23000	91000	59000	12000	49400
Detroit	30122	1651	17 87	1000	1124	3000
Duluth	6778 9			223.84		
Minne	154880			41540		

Markets by Telegraph.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—Close: Wheat—May, $1 04⅝; December, 97¾c. Corn—October, 54¼c; May, 43¾c. Oats—October, 28c; May, 31¾. Pork—October, $10 50; January, $13 00. Lard—October, 16 95@7 00; May, 17 20. Ribs—October, $7 12½; May, $7 37½.

Stock Yards, Sept 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 11,000; market weak, but prices no lower than yesterday. Hogs—Receipts, 16,000; heavy and medium grades steady. Heavy, $4 75@5 45; mixed and medium, $4 65@5 30; light, $4 55@5 20. Sheep—Receipts, 7,500; barely steady.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—Opening: Wheat—May, $1 04½; Dec, 97¾. Corn—May, 44c; October, 55c. Oats—May, 31¾; October, 17¼c. Pork—Jan. $12 97½; October, $10 55. Lard—May, $7 20; Oct $6 97½. Ribs—October, $6 82½; Oct, $7 37½.

Detroit, Sept 15.—Closing: Wheat—No 2 red cash, 1 05¾; December, $1 01 asked; May, $1 07¾; No 1 white cash, 95¾c. Corn—No 2 cash, 60½c asked. Oats—No 2 cash, 32c bid.

London, Sept. 15.—1 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at opening firm; maize nothing offering. Wheat cargoes on passage and for shipment hardening; maize dearer. Spot today—Red winter wheat for prompt shipment 8s 9d; red winter wheat for present and following month 8s 9d. French country markets quiet. Weather unsettled.

Liverpool, Sept 15—1 p. m.—Wheat market firm, demand improving, holders offer sparingly. American mixed corn firm, demand fair. California wheat No 2 to No 1 8s 7½@8s 8¾d. California wheat off coast improving; corn demand fair.

New York, Sept. 15.—Cotton steady; middling uplands, 8¾c; futures closed quiet; September, $8 32; October, $8 43; November, $8 62.

Flour dull and generally unchanged; fine, spring, $3 20@3 50; superfine, spring, $3 55@3 75; city mill extra, $5 25 for West Indies. Wheat opened strong at ¾c advance and further improved 1¾c in the early trading. A reaction of ⅞c followed, and at noon the market was steady; No 2 red winter cash $1 04@1 04¾; October, $1 04¾; November, $1 06¾; December, $1 08. Corn opened weak and ¾c lower, and continued weak throughout the morning. At noon the market was dull; No 2 mixed cash 73; October, 64¾c; December, 56c. Oats quiet but steady. No 2 mixed cash 34c; September, 33¾c; October, 33¾c. Rye dull; barley nominal; molasses dull; domestic grades 25@35c for good to fancy. Sugar, refined, quiet, with prices firm; cutloaf and crushed, 5¾c; granulated, 4 7-16@4 9-16c; mould A, 4 9-16c. Coffee dull; fair rio cargoes, 19c. Rice nominal. Pork dull; new mess, $11 75@12 25. Lard dull; October, $7 31; December, $7 43. Butter firm but quiet. Cheese dull and easier; Ohio factory flat, fine, 8@8½c. Eggs firm but quiet; state fresh, 20½c; western fresh, 20c. Turpentine firm at 35¾@36¼c. Rosin dull; strained to good, $1 57½@1 60. Tallow dull, but firm at 4¾c. Petroleum dull. Freights quiet and unchanged.

New York, Sept. 15.—Money 3@4 per cent. Exchange quiet; posted rates, $4 82@4 84½; actual rates, $4 81¾@4 81¾ for 60 days, and $4 84¾@4 84 for demand.

Government steady; 4s coupon, 110 bid; currency, 6s 117 bid; extended 2s registered, 99½ bid.

The stock market opened very active this morning with generally heavy trading in Atchison, Erie and New England. The opening prices were generally ⅛@¾ per cent. higher, but this was lost before the first call under the lead of Union Pacific, which was quite freely sold and declined ⅝c. Whisky trusts and Buffalo, Roch & Pitts were exceptions, advancing ½@1 per cent, respectively. After the first call there was renewed buying, and the market began to advance. Burlington, Union Pacific and Whisky trust were the features. Their prices went steadily up and strengthened the whole list. At 11 o'clock the advance ranged from ½@1 per cent. The activity of the market increased durin the second hour. Missouri Pacific, St. Paul, Wabash and Manhattan took the lead in point of activity, and with the exception of St. Paul these all advanced sharply. The best prices of the morning were generally current at noon. The improvement ranged from ¾@2 per cent. At this writing the market is fairly active and firm. The sales for the morning amounted to 224,600 shares.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—Flaxseed—Cash, 98@98½c; S pt, 98c.

Live Stock.

New York, Sept. 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,814 head, including 95 cars for sale. The market was a shade firmer. Sales of native steers at $3 25@5 75 per cwt; Texas and Colorados at $3 00@4 00; bulls and cows at $1 75@4 25. Dressed beef was steady at 7@9½c per lb for native sides.

Calves—Receipts 1,403 head. The market was a shad easier. Sales of veals at $5 50@7 75 per cwt; grassers at $2 12½@2 75; butt

The Bee.

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

ELMER WHITE, G. G HADLEY, F. P. CHAPIN

ESTABLISHED 1876.

ONLY 15years old, and the leading paper of North western Ohio. It is the pioneer low priced paper, is *always* for the people and is read by the great masses. For these reasons THE BEE has always enjoyed the largest circulation, and is consequently the best advertising medium.

OFFICE 136 AND 138 ST. CLAIR ST.

THE BEE Is regularly placed on file and may be seen at the BEE'S New York Office, Room 236 Potter Building, opposite Postoffice, New York City.

TOLEDO, OHIO, SEPTEMBER 15, 1891.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES E. CAMPBELL, Butler County.
For Lieutenant Governor,
W. V. MARQUIS, Logan County.
For Auditor of State,
T. E. PECKINPAUGH, Wayne County.
For Attorney General,
JOHN P. BAILEY, Putnam County.
For State Treasurer,
C. F. ACKERMAN, Richland County.
For Judge of Supreme Court,
GUSTAVUS H. WALD, Hamilton County.
For Commissioner of the Public Schools,
CHARLES C. MILLER, Erie County.
For Member Board of Public Works,
JOHN McNAMARA, Summit County.
For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
A. J. THUMBO, Lawrence County.

JUDICIAL TICKET.

For Common Pleas Judge,
GRAYSON MILLS, Erie County.

DEMOCRATIC Senatorial Convention.

The democrats of the Thirty-Third Senatorial district will assemble in the city of Ottawa, Putnam county, on Thursday, September 24 at 10 o'clock a m. for the purpose of placing in nomination two candidates to represent the district in the Ohio Senate.

The basis of apportionment is fixed at one delegate for every 100 votes and fraction over 50 cast for Hon. T. E. Crowley, candidate for secretary of state in November, 1890.

Each county will be entitled to representation as follows:

	Vote.	Delegates.
Wood	4,147	41
Lucas	7,369	74
Putnam	3,584	35
Henry	3,333	33
Fulton	1,953	20
Hancock	4,674	47
Total		250

By order of the committee.

H. C. GROSCHNER, Chairman.

W. H. HANDY, Secretary.

Democratic County Convention

The Democrats of Lucas county are requested to meet in the various wards and townships, at one place to be designated by the County Central Committeeman, on Friday evening Sept. 18, between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock, to vote under the primary system for a member to the County Central Committee and delegates to the county convention, to be held at Walbridge Hall, on Saturday, Sept. 19 at 10 a m. which will nominate

Three Representates to the Legislature,
A County treasurer,
A Sheriff,
A County commissioner,
An Infirmary director,
A Coroner,
And select 74 delegates to the senatorial convention which meets, at Ottawa, Sept. 24.

The basis of apportionment is fixed at one delegate for every 50 votes and an additional delegate for each fraction over 25 votes, cast for Hon. T. E Crowley, at the November election in 1890, which will give the wards and townships the following representation:

Townships and Wards.	Delegates.
Adams	2
Maumee	4
Monclova	2
Oregon	4
Providence	2
Richfield	2
Spencer	2
Springfield	2
Swanton	1
Sylvania	2
Toledo—1st ward	14
2d ward	9
3d ward	10
4th ward	13
5th ward	13
6th ward	12
7th ward	20
8th ward	16
9th ward	9
Washington	6
Waterville	2
Whitehouse	2
Waynesfield	1
Total	150

Supervisors to take charge of the primary election will be announced by the committee.

M. M. EPPSTEIN, Chairman.

F. T. VANFLEET, Secretary.

Assistant President Platt's announcement of whom he has chosen to succeed Collector Fassett is awaited with a great deal of interest.

The connection of Messrs. Platt and Fassett with the loss of the world's fair to New York will get a fine airing during the present campaign. Already it is made a leading issue.

The Tennessee tin mine, from which Mr. Niedringhaus was to order 38,000 pounds of tin, has fizzled out. This will make no scarcity in the tin plate lapel buttons the McKinleyites in Ohio wear. They are made in Wales.

If the American snobocracy which goes to Europe annually to toady to European snobocracy has been snubbed by Homburg society and the Prince of Wales, as is reported, the matter will not become an international issue. The sensible people of the United States, and they are still the large majority, will be heartily glad of it.

Mr. Lodge, he of force bill fame, opines that "Massachusetts has a liberal share in the distribution of ability." Mr. Lodge is quite right, and the present governor of the state is an illustration of the truth of his remark. Governor Russell is an able, democratic statesman, and his ability will be recognized by the Bay state people in their votes which will return him to the office he now dignifies.

Secretary Blaine's views of the importance of electing Major McKinley governor of Ohio, as conveyed through our townsman, ex-Senator Brown, are highly interesting. But how much more value would attach to them if Secretary Blaine evinced his earnestness by coming to Ohio to tell us these things himself, as of course he will, now that he is so hilariously well as Mr. Brown reports him to be.

The congressional party in Chile is making good its claim to be the defender of the people's rights. The junta has ordered a general election, which will be held on October 18. The congress assembled when this regular and free election shall have taken place may or may not be made up of the persons whom Balmaceda's usurpations drove to revolt, but to the chosen representatives of the people "the rebels" will cheerfully surrender the reins of government. When the new congress is assembled it will undoubtedly give immediate attention to necessary legislation for re-establishing the public credit and the industries of the country. All in all it looks as though Chile will come out of its terrible ordeal in an orderly manner, and it behooves every other republic to rejoice therein.

NO ONE DOUBTS.

That the treasury department is so seriously embarrassed for funds that it cannot carry on the legitimate business of the United States is now so evident that the most zealous organs of the administration cease to deny it. In discriminating as to what shall be postponed or set aside in order to give him use of funds to meet present emergencies, Secretary Foster is exercising his own sweet will. One of the things brought to a standstill is the Keystone bank investigation. As the New York World observes, this inquiry into criminal proceedings in which the good name of high government officials is involved ceases, but the building of $100,000 postoffices and other public buildings in ten-cent towns goes on, to serve the partisan ends of the administration.

The government experts in the Keystone Bank investigation have withdrawn, upon orders from Washington, and the work, it is intended, shall now lie dormant until congress shall make an additional appropriation for its continuance. And congress meets in December, while certain elections, that in Pennsylvania included, come off in November. The reason for this iniquitous proceeding is not far to seek nor hard to find. The questions asked by the Philadelphia Times in connection therewith will find but one answer with every honest citizen of this republic:

Does any one doubt that if it were the political interest of the powers at Washington to probe the Keystone bank robbery to the bottom as speedily as possible, the investigation would be halted for want of an appropriation by congress?

Does any one doubt that if it was not the supposed political interest of the administration to halt the Keystone investigation special officers of the government would be at once assigned to the duty with orders to finish the work that has been half or more done by the experts?

Does any one doubt that this sudden halting of the investigation of the most colossal bank robbery of modern times, has been deemed important for political or individual reasons, and that the want of money is the most plausible excuse that could be found?

Does anybody doubt, outside of stone blind political circles, that some influence has been sufficiently potent to postpone the completion of this inquiry until after the November election?

If European countries are really aching for war they might concentrate their energies upon giving China a needed lesson. Anarchy appears to reign in the Celestial empire, and to be exercised chiefly in destroying the property and threatening if not taking the lives of foreigners. The latest advices from China indicate that the government cannot or will not control the people of the kingdom, and foreign powers may have to interfere to prevent further outrages.

LIKE LINCOLN'S STORY.

In view of the free-handed appropriations of the billion dollor congress, Uncle Sam will be apt to think that there ought to be money enough somewhere to keep a few experts at work on the books of the Keystone bank till that dark scandal is probed to the bottom. The stoppage of the investigation just as the accountants had become hopeful of finding a clew to the maze looks very strange. It reminds us of the story Mr. Lincoln used to tell about a hunter who followed a bear for some time, and then gave up the chase because "the trail was getting too fresh."—Boston Herald.

PERTINENT SUGGESTION.

A new material has just been discovered for use in the construction of ships of war. When penetrated by a projectile it immediately expands and closes the orifice. Perhaps if Mr. McKinley had built his tariff of this substance it would not be showing the daylight in so many places where it has been pierced by the arguments of the democrats.—Chicago Times.

SKILLFUL MANIPULATOR.

If the president should appoint Clarkson to be secretary of the interior he would have a skillful manipulator of vast patronage that can be made a powerful agency in the struggle for Harrison's renomination. For partisan purposes Clarkson could serve the president far better than Secretary Noble.—Wheeling Register.

IS NOT INTENDED TO.

A freer trade by any other name is just as good. Reciprocity takes off some of the shackles which other countries had placed on our commerce, and gives their people cheaper because untaxed goods. But it has done nothing yet for the American consumers.—New York World.

A GLARING NEGLECT.

It appearing that skeletons are used in defrauding insurance companies, Major McKinley's neglect in failing to make a skeleton tariff duty becomes more glaring If skeletons were dearer our insurance companies would be more prosperous.—Courier Journal.

NO ONE DENIES IT.

There isn't an article in the category of necessities upon which the tariff was increased but what the cost is greater to just the extent of the additional tariff. No one with any brains denies that.—Mansfield Shield and Banner.

THE RULE APPLIES.

The rule of "love me, love my dog," works the other way sometimes. All the republican editors who don't love Prince Russell's Pa are taking it out in kicking Prince Russell.—St. Louis Republic.

IN THE DIM FUTURE.

"Some day, some day." Maj. McKinley is still harping on the theme in Ohio. He talks of great and glorious results for his bill, but they are all in the dim and distant future.—Boston Globe.

POSSIBLY SO.

The time may come when the picture of the American hog will occupy a place upon our national escutcheon.—Dayton Herald.

DEMOCRATIC SUPERVISORS

Appointed to Conduct the Primary Elections in the Townships.

By direction of the Lucas county democratic central committee the following gentlemen have been named to act as supervisors and conduct the primary elections in the townships next Friday evening from 7 to 9 o'clock. Those for the wards in the city will be announced later:

Adams—Louis Dennis, John Keavon.
Monclova—H. C. Van Fleet, Jacob Roth.
Maumee—J. A. Curren, J. E. Wilcox.
Oregon—Daniel Sheppard, Victor Metzgar.
Providence—Geo. Long, R. C. Roach.
Richfield—C. C. Latshor, L. C. Gibbs.
Spencer—Dr. S. Cosgrove, Geo. Sharples.
Springfield—B. H. Trumbull, M. D Jany.
Swanton—Barney Sheppler, John Duval.
Sylvania—F. O. Peak, Daniel Donavan.
Waynesfield—J. M. Wolcott, Andrew Beiner.
Washington—L. H. Wilkinson, C. R Swain.
Waterville—M. Utz, Albert Van Fleet.
Whitehouse—J. C. Myers, Sylvester Stohl.

WHITEHOUSE NOTES.

Whitehouse, Sept. 15.—(Special)—Our Union schools began yesterday. Prof. H. James, principal, and Mrs. James, his wife, primary teacher. Miss Hall, of Toledo, is intermediate teacher. There is a large attendance and all are satisfied with the teachers.

The funeral sermon of Mrs. John Emory, of Toledo, was preached to a large congregation Sunday at the Union meetinghouse by Rev. Britton, of Neapolis.

The funeral services of Frederick Bird was held at Swanton Sunday.

Ben Lucy, of Waterville, preached at the M. E. C. Sunday morning.

Ben Carish Obee, and John Shurhurne, of this place, two young men, have received appointments to charges in the Ohio district, by the last conference of the M. E. church.

HE WILL LIVE ABROAD.

Astor's Many Millions Going to London.

William Waldorf Has Tired of America.

The One Subject on Which New York Society People are Just Now Busily Talking.

New York, Sept. 15.—It is said by people in New York credited with being in the confidence of William Waldorf Astor that the millionaire has finally and irrevocably reached the determination of establishing his residence permanently in England. He will never return to this country, it is added, except on a visit and precisely as an Englishman would.

Vague rumors to this general effect have been in circulation during the past year. No confirmation of their truth could be obtained. The present announcement seems to have every warrant of authority. The information comes more or less directly from Mr. Astor himself, and from letters written by Mrs. Astor to friends in this country.

It would appear that ever since Mr. Astor went abroad last year and leased the Lansdowne house in London he has been shaping his affairs to make a permanent English residence possible. His agents, for example, have been selling off parcels of property ever since last spring—all property the proper holding and maintenance of which requires any attention or consultations by Mr. Astor himself. The money realized has either been put into unimproved land in the upper part of the city simply as an investment or houses have been purchased and built where the leasing of them and the collection of rents will be a purely formal and routine matter.

The fact that Mr. Astor purchased from Mr. Bonner, two years or more ago, the handsome property, corner of Fifty-sixth street and Fifth avenue, and that just at the time when everybody expected to hear he was about starting on the work of construction went abroad and leased a house in London for a period of years, has of course been quoted by society people as evidence that Mr. Astor did not at least intend to make New York his home for several years. This deduction, however, was met by the counter statement that the death of John Jacob Astor, Mr. Astor's father, had put the family in mourning for at least two years, and therefore all social activity had to be postponed for that time. It was argued as the most natural thing in the world for the Astors, in the meantime, to make their residence abroad, and that when the period of mourning was over they would return and resume their places in New York society.

This idea, however, lost force during the early summer, when a committee of the Union club, headed by J. Hampton Robb, canvassed the available market for an uptown site for the new club house. One of the possible sites, most frequently mentioned, was Mr. Astor's property at Fifty-sixth street and Fifth avenue. The proposition to put the club house on this spot was pooh-poohed on the assumption that it belonged to Mr. Astor and that he had designed to build his residence there. It is understood that a cable message sent to Mr. Astor on the subject brought answer of such character as to indicate that Mr. Astor would sell the property could he get his price.

This, of course, put a new face on the whole matter. The reports that Mr. Astor proposed hereafter to live abroad and did not propose to have a millionaire's palace in New York were revived. Just about this time the story came over from London that Mr. Astor had opened a business office there. The curious American traveler could go down a side street in the neighborhood of Trafalgar square and read on a sign over the doorway of a very modest house inscribed simply, "W. W. Astor." The room beyond the doorway had all the appearance of a counting-room on a moderate scale. There were young men behind the desks bending over immense ledgers and busily plying their pens. All this seemed to furnish proof of Mr. Astor's intention to live abroad. But as the reports that he would do so were neither denied nor confirmed, they failed to receive continued attention and these significant developments were forgotten.

Within the past few months, however proofs that Mr. Astor had arranged and was yet arranging in every way to dissassociate himself personally from New York has been accumulating. So far as his personal affairs are concerned it is known that he has refused to renew, or at least refrained from renewing, his subscriptions to various charitable institutions, presumably on the ground that such monetary outgoings are part and parcel of his personal residence here. Withdrawals of support of this kind have occurred with respect not only to several important charitable enterprises, but even to very small subscriptions. It is noted, for example, that his annual subscription to the Tuxedo church, which amounts to only $25 a year, has not been renewed.

In the city here the New York association for improving the condition of the poor, to which Mrs. William Astor subscribed in 1890 $500, has applied to Mr. William Waldorf Astor for a subscription for 1891 and addressed the communication to Lansdowne House in London. The association has received no answer whatever.

Mr. William Waldorf Astor is a life member of the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, and for 1891 was elected a member of the executive committee, with Ebridge T. Gerry, Joseph H. Choate, Frederic R. Coudert and Frederick W. Vanderbilt. It is usual for members elected to this committee to make a donation to the society. Mr. Vanderbilt's wife donated $100 during 1890, and her husband, on his election, made an additional donation of $200. The precedent, however, has not been observed by Mr. Astor. No donation from him has yet been recorded.

The mere rumor that Mr. Astor had taken up his residence abroad created some uneasiness among the various charitable associations in New York which depend for their working capital on voluntary contributions.

ITALIANS IMPORTED

To Work on the Pipe Line—What the Contractors and Superintendent Murphy Says.

The statement that 50 Italians had been brought here to go to work on the pipe line from a point in Indiana caused no little unfavorable comment in labor circles yesterday afternoon and evening. The men came to Toledo yesterday and went to work this morning.

Contractor Dick Kerlin was seen by a BEE last evening on the subject. He said: "I have a standing advertisement in the city papers and also with Mr. Murphy of the free employment office for men, but I have not been able to obtain all I need. I had working yesterday 225 men, but I was notified by the gas trustees that I must rush my contract, therefore the need of more men."

"Are you paying the strangers the same wages as the old men?"

"Just the same, and I propose retaining Toledo men when the rush is over. I don't expect it will last over a week or so. You ask Superintendent Murphy if I have not done everything to secure men."

Mr. Murphy was also seen. He said he had been sending all the men he could find to Mr. Kerlin, but the demand was greater than the supply.

THOMAS MOTT DEAD.

Oswego, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Thomas Mott, Oswego's leading banker and wealthiest citizen, died here yesterday, aged 65. He was president of the First National bank and owner of the Oswego water works. He was a prominent republican politician and had an extensive acquaintance with the leading men of the country.

In eastern New Mexico nearly six hundred thousand acres of fruit and farm lands have been reclaimed by the construction of storage reservoirs and irrigating canals during the past two years.

DEMOCRATIC WARD CLUBS.

Meetings Called for This Evening and Week.—The Young Men Right in Line.

Not in years has there been such interest taken by the young democracy of Toledo and Lucas county as in the present campaign. Their zeal and earnestness presages victory. Clubs have been, or are being organized in every ward and township, and by Saturday every ward will be in line.

Thursday evening the democrats of the upper part of the Sixth ward will meet for the purpose of organizing a club. There should be a large attendance.

The Second ward democrats will meet at Phoenix hall to-night with a view of forming a club. Every democrat in the ward should be on hand.

This evening the Fifth ward club will meet at Eversman's hall for the purpose of perfecting the organization. Everyone is invited.

Ward Committeeman Sheehan of the Third has called a meeting of democrats to meet at the Court house Friday evening, for the purpose of forming an organization. The Third is always in line.

The First Ward club will hold a meeting at the headquarters on Magnolia street to-morrow evening to discuss several important matters.

What is the matter with the Fourth and Eighth wards? The ward committeemen should call meetings at once—not later than Friday evening.

Councilman Jim Maguire, of the Ninth, is making arrangements for the organization of a club. It is time to hustle, Jim!

The Seventh is right in it, and will give a good account of itself on election day.

Democrats should remember that the caucuses will be held Friday evening from 7 to 9 o'clock. Ward committeemen should appoint supervisors and secure voting places.

The First, Fifth and Seventh ward clubs have undertaken the task of canvassing each precinct. A committee of one will be appointed on each block, and it will be his duty to see that every voter registers. This is business.

NORTHWESTERN NERVE.

Application to the City for Gas to Drill Its Wells.

Regular Weekly Meeting of the Natural Gas Trustees Last Night—More Streets to be Piped.

Perhaps the nerviest thing yet proposed by the city's competitor in the natural gas field was the proposition of one of its contractors to the board of gas trustees last evening to supply him with fuel for the purpose of drilling a gas well close to one of the city's wells at Bloom Center.

Judge Harmon appeared before the board and asked that he be furnished gas for drilling purposes. He is drilling wells for the Northwestern Gas company. The judge has a contract to furnish the Northwestern a certain number of wells. He had let the contract to a third party, who desired the gas as fuel for the operation of the drill. The application was laid over until later.

It was eventually taken up and discussed at great length.

Judge Harmon, in reply to a query, said the proposed well was located about a mile from the nearest of the city's wells. It was a plain business proposition. The city had gas to sell and he desired to buy it.

Mr. Brown moved that the request be granted and that the price be fixed at $60 per well.

Judge Harmon thought this was too high. He said $35 was the regular price but he would pay 5 cents per foot. He expected the well would be 1,100 feet deep.

President Parsons opposed the motion on the grounds that he did not propose cutting a stick to beat the city with.

After a lengthy discussion the matter was referred until the exact location of the proposed well could be found.

The committee on city plant recommended that a line be constructed on the following streets: Michigan, from Lagrange to Elm street and from Ash to Buckeye streets; Walnut, from Sherman to Noble; South, from Havre to Stebbins; Orchard, from Bowman to Congress; Tenth, from Madison to Oak; Woodruff, from Union to Canton avenue, and a number of smaller lines. Residents on the streets named petitioned for the gas, and in most cases the cost of construction in whole or in part has been paid in.

During a discussion which followed Dr. Jones moved that the resolution whereby a petition is required to advance the whole cost of construction of a line be considered. The motion was lost. Dr. Jones made a strong plea for the adoption of the report of the committee. It was impossible, he said, to collect all the money subscribed.

Dr. Jones moved that where less than one half the cost of construction is paid in and the probable income annually equal to the cost of construction, that the line petitioned for be constructed. This too was lost, Messrs Parsons and Backus voting no, Messrs Jones and Brown aye.

The streets named were taken up one after another, and the recommendations of the committee voted down by the same vote.

It was decided to lay a feed line on Erie, from Oak to Orange, to supply a line on Orange to St. Mary's church and schools, the money for the construction of which has already been paid in.

Mr. Brown introduced the following which was adopted:

Moved, that before petitions for laying pipe are presented for action by the board or the committee on city plant, the manager cause to be prepared and submitted with each petition a statement in writing, showing the length, size and estimated cost of such line, the amount subscribed thereof and the amount paid in, if any, together with an estimate of the probable number of consumers and the probable aggregate income of such line.

It was decided to lay a line in Prouty avenue when one-half the estimated cost is paid in. The same decision was reached in several other cases.

The committee on city plant also reported a batch of streets for the construction of lines on which one-half or over of the cost of construction was subscribed.

Mr. Parsons moved as an amendment that the lines be constructed when one-half has been paid in.

The amendment carried.

After the transaction of a great deal of general routine business the meeting adjourned.

Before adjourning Mr. Parks Foster explained why the trenches of lines already laid had not been refilled. He was pushing the work for all it was worth, and promises to leave everything in ship shape.

BLAZE AT FOSTORIA.

Calcine Glass Factory Again Destroyed.

Fostoria, O., Sept. 15.—The Calcine window glass works, the largest factory in the United States, with one exception, was discovered in flames at 11 p. m. last night and completely destroyed, excepting the lear and stock building. The fire was caused by the tank giving way, precipitating several hundred tons of red-hot glass in every direction.

The three watchmen barely had time to escape with their lives, so suddenly did the break occur. The loss will be about $35,000, without a cent of insurance.

The factory was completely destroyed by fire about seven months ago, and had just been rebuilt at a heavy expense entirely of iron. The buildings were just completed, and everything was in readiness to start as soon as the labor difficulties could be adjusted at Pittsburg. As everything was constructed of iron it was not thought necessary to insure it. Secretary of the Treasury Foster was one of the heaviest stockholders. It is not known whether the factory will be rebuilt, but it is altogether likely that it will. The factory employed about three hundred men.

SAWED HIS WAY OUT.

Daring Escape of a Pittsburg Murderer.

Iron Bars Melted Before His Genius.

Frederick Fitzsimmons Again at Liberty With Not the Slightest Clue to His Whereabouts.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 15.—Frederick C. Fitzsimmons, the murderer of Detective Gilkinson, and a desperate thief, escaped from the county jail about 2 o'clock this morning.

The escape is the most daring ever effected in this part of the country.

He was incarcerated in a cell in murderer's row on the first tier, awaiting his trial for murder, which was to begin next week. Fitzsimmons had already been convicted on several charges of robbery.

The prisoner entered the jail corridor by sawing the bars on his cell door. He then scaled the walls, reaching the top of the building, where he used his saw on the bars of a window overlooking the warden's residence.

By a most desperate leap, he gained the roof of Warden Berlin's residence; thence to the jail court by means of a lightning rod and then scaled the high stone wall by means of a rope that could have been secured only by means of outside assistance.

From the top of the jail wall, he jumped to the roof of a shed on the old avenue side of the jail.

The escape was not discovered until 6 o'clock this morning. One of the prisoners in the next tier to murderers' row says that at 2 o'clock he saw a man pass his cell door, but at the time supposed it to be the night watchman. It is now believed to have been the escaping murderer.

When the call boy discovered the vacant cell at 6 o'clock he gave an alarm, and in a moment all was confusion.

Warden Berlin summoned the city and county detectives, county commissioners and other officials, and a consultation was held. At 9 o'clock the work of hunting the escaped criminal was begun in earnest, but without a single clue as to his whereabouts.

Last Saturday Detectives Murphy and Beltshoover warned the authorities that Fitzsimmons would try to escape. A special guard was placed over the prisoner Saturday and Sunday nights, but last night the precaution was omitted.

DETROIT EXCURSION

Decided Upon by the Board of Councilmen.

An amusing and interesting special session of the board of councilmen was held last evening after the regular meeting. Nearly all of the members were present and extracted much fun out of it. President Hassenzahl presided with Mr. Tanner as clerk. Messrs. Nuendorf and Schmuhl were the star actors and some of their efforts were very elaborate to say the least.

Numerous minor matters were disposed of relating to vessel interests, but the principal business was an excursion to Detroit and Mt. Clemens. It was decided that the council board should visit those cities on Tauresday of next week, and Messrs. Streicher, Miller and Cole were appointed a committee to make railroad arrangements.

VERA AVA VERY TALKATIVE.

She Knows Who Put Cronin in the Sewer.

The Mysterious Woman Continues to Entertain Her Many Callers.

Cincinnati, Sept. 15.—Miss Edna C. Jackson, a journalist of this city, interviewed Vera Ava at the house of detention. "My name," said the mysterious woman, "is Vera Ava, but if I should tell the names which precede and follow these, the whole world would know me, they are distinguished."

"Why will you not tell?"

"Because it is my own affair; neither will I give a history of my life and work. But I will cause the Catholic church to tremble. I know who put the body of Dr. Cronin in the Chicago sewer. Father Kelly, who is a brother of the Cronin suspect, knows. I know all about it. I know other secrets that the church would give lives and money to suppress. I will lecture in bare feet and wrapper in a Cincinnati hall, and give the proceeds to the poor, but I will tell my secrets. The church shall pay me with interest for its robbery and abuse. Not that I care for money. I have millions. No, I will not tell who I am, not even then.

The exact description of the three persons who took me to the Cincinnati prison house is this: Two men, one a Jesuit priest, large, fair, with broad face, with a paralytic trouble that kept his face continually grimacing and his neck jerking. The other, a little weasoned man, not a Jesuit, with robes more like a cardinal, and an immense nose. The third, a sister, perhaps 45. The Jesuit was perhaps 40. The other priest about 65.

"I am not Diss De Bar. I am no one but Vera Ava with other names I will not tell.

"Mrs. Bolton had my India shawl, costing $800, in the carriage with her. Where is it? She knows I am Vera Ava. She is a rascal. I trust no one since she slandered me."

Miss Ava says she will walk out of the house of detention this afternoon, and the police "dare not prevent it," as they have no charge against her. She is attired in a pale blue Mother Hubbard, yellow wig and shoes, all but the wig being furnished by ladies of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union in this city.

LOCAL LABOR NEWS.

Meetings Last Evening—The Knights Will Give a Dance.

Last evening at the regular meeting of 1942 the question of giving a grand ball during the general assembly was favorably discussed. It is proposed that L. A. 10062 and L. A. 1942 jointly manage the affair. It is proposed to give the visitors a good time.

At the regular meeting of the Building Trades Council last evening a special committee was appointed to look after certain troubles now brewing. Quite a number of new delegates were admitted.

The Metal Polishers at their meeting last night appointed a committee to take charge of the Lozier & Yost trouble. Several delegates presented cards and were initiated.

L. A. 1942 is again looming up in politics. Three out of the five present at the People's party meeting last evening are members of 1942.

The clerks' early closing movement seems to be taking a rest. The boys, however, mean business, and are in it to stay.

Jupiter is now a magnificent object in the southern sky. A telescope of small power will reveal the presence of his moons. Three of the four of which he is possessed will only be visible, as one or other of them will be hidden from view by the planet himself.

NEXT WEEK'S CONFERENCE.

Program Arranged for the Various Sessions, Subject to Amendment.

Rev. P. P. Pope, presiding elder of the Toledo district, and Rev. J. H. Bethards, pastor of St. John's church, have arranged the program, as far as it can now be done, for the annual session of the Central Ohio conference, which meets at St. John's church next week. It is as follows:

TUESDAY.

9 a. m.—Examination of conference classes.

7:30 p. m.—Annual meeting of the Superannuated Preachers' Aid society, followed by a meeting of the conference board of trustees.

WEDNESDAY.

9 a. m.—Conference session opens.

8 p. m.—Epworth league anniversary, address by Rev. J. F. Berry, D. D., editor of the Epworth Herald.

7:30 p. m.—Church extension anniversary, address by Rev. A. J. Kynett, D. D., corresponding secretary.

THURSDAY.

8:30 a. m.—Conference session.

3 p. m.—W. M. F. S anniversary, in charge of Mrs. A. S. Cisson; address by Rev. J. T. Gracy, D. D., F. O. S., subject, "The Religion of the Coming Man."

7:30 p. m.—Missionary anniversary, address by Rev. A. B. Leonard, D. D., corresponding secretary.

FRIDAY.

8:30 a. m.—Conference session.

9 a. m.—At St. Paul's M. E. church, the lay electoral conference.

3 p. m.—Proposed joint session of clerical and lay conferences.

7:30 p. m.—Freedman's Aid anniversary, address by Rev. G. W. Gray, D. D.

SATURDAY.

8:30 a. m.—Conference session.

3 p. m.—W. H. M. S. anniversary, in charge of Mrs. W. G. Williams; address by Rev. T. L Wiltsee, M. A.

7:30 p. m.—Missionary sermon by Rev. Daniel Carter, of Spencerville.

SUNDAY.

9 a. m.—Conference lovefeast.

10:30 a. m.—Preaching, with ordination of deacons and elders.

3 p. m.—Sermon by Bishop J. F. Newman, D. D., LL. D., at Memorial hall.

7:30 p. m.—Preaching service.

MONDAY.

8:30 a. m.—Conference session.

It is likely that most of the pulpits of the city churches will be occupied by visiting clergymen on the Sunday of the conference.

RULED BY BRIGANDS,

And Robbed by the Government Officials.

The Future of the Island of Cuba Grows Darker as Time Rolls on.

New York, Sept. 15.—Advices from Cuba show that the island's future grows darker. With banditti on one hand, robberies by government officials on another, and enormous taxes for appropriations, the burdens of the people are becoming greater than they can bear.

The banditti have reached a state similar to that of the banditti in Italy years ago. No traveler is safe on the roads or in the country villas. Of late depredations have begun even in the province of Puerto Principe.

Near Caimoto lived a family of four persons—two very old people (man and wife), the daughter and her husband. One day half a dozen mounted men presented themselves at the door while the men were away, seized and bound the women.

After ransacking the house the robbers shamefully bused the young woman and left her for dead. The old woman was hit with a carbine and soon died.

The banditti waited for the two men to come from the field and shot them down as they approached the house.

Soldiers and police are in league with the banditti. Robber bands have been formed with startling rapidity each having its exclusive territory. The home rule party is dead and the revolutionary party is daily growing stronger.

It is not to be wondered at when men see their homes plundered, their property stolen, their daughters and wives assaulted and their lives in danger that they should come together and make an effort to rid themselves of the scourge which is daily making their lives more miserable.

Merchants are loud in protestation because the government has not entered into negotiations with the United States looking towards a treaty for the tobacco industry. So bitter is the feeling that the government has to have soldiers stationed at the election booths. Daily deficits are found in the treasury and custom house. Money paid for revenues disappears as if by magic.

NORTHWESTERN OHIO POINTERS.

The people's party will poll a large vote in Mercer county.

Democrats of Henry and Ottawa counties will hold their conventions next Saturday. Both will be rousing affairs.

The Fostoria Democrat says: "It is now Grandpa Foster. We congratulate him." So do we all, democrats and republicans.

John Deindorfer, a hustling young democrat, took possession of the auditor's office at Defiance yesterday. He is a newspaper man of ability, and will serve the county faithfully and well.

The democrats over at Wauseon are ready to conduct a red hot campaign this year. They have organized a splendid tariff reform club, and hold debates weekly. That's the way to educate the people.

It is now stated that the republicans of the Thirtieth senatorial district will sit hard upon the aspirations of Dr. James Taylor Petty, of Fremont, on the grounds that he has not been a Buckeye long enough.

The meeting at Ada, October 8, when Gov. Campbell and Major McKinley will appear in joint debate, will be very largely attended. Excursions will be run from all surrounding points, and the little city, famous for its splendid normal school, will be severely taxed to entertain its guests.

It is now reasonably certain that the republicans will not nominate a candidate for the senate against Billy Gear. With the exception of the candidate nominated by the people's party, and who will have no more show for election than George Francis Train has to become king of England, Gear will have no opposition. His election is a foregone conclusion.

Allen county has splendid public buildings, 350 miles of pike roads, other improvements in line with the progress of the times, and does not owe a dollar. It is a democratic county, and its affairs have been administered by a long line of democratic officials. Other counties in Northwestern Ohio, and Lucas county in particular, might well emulate old reliably democratic Allen.

The Sandusky Journal says: "All the talk about Judge Mills' unpopularity with the members of the bar is invented, and without foundation. He is not only popular in that quarter, but in every other. He will get the full democratic vote and be elected." Certainly he will be elected. The very fact of Judge Mills being made the target for republican abuse, is good evidence of his splendid standing with the people.

The Van Wert county democratic ticket will be elected by an average majority of at least four hundred. The republicans are not in fighting condition down there, owing to the existence of two party organs, which persist in queering whatever chance the ticket might have for election, by a senseless jealousy. Recently the republican county central committee appointed A. L. Sweet, a prominent attorney, as censor for both papers, and he will see that nothing to injure the high tax cause appears in either. Such monkey business is never conducive to party success.

A French engineer recommends the use of cork as a covering for steam or water pipes. The cork is cut in convenient shapes and applied to the pipes in strips. After having been in use on steam pipes for some time, the crevices at the joints of the strips are filled in and the whole is painted. Cork is a bad conductor of heat, and in one case keeps the heat from getting out, and in the other, the frost from getting in.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AUBURNDALE OUTSIDE,

And the Council Refuses to Allow Them Gas.

General Railway Ordinance Sent Back—Fassett Street Again—Business by the Board.

All members were present at the meeting of the board of councilmen last evening, and transacted a good schedule of business. Various street railway matters and street improvements attracted a goodly number of lobbyists.

Under the call for new business Mr. Walker introduced a resolution, which was adopted, requiring the city civil engineer to place suitable iron gratings at the mouth of all catch basins.

Mr. Walker also presented a resolution providing for the repair of the sidewalk on the south side of Hicks street, from Lawrence avenue to Waite avenue. This was referred to the committee on sidewalks.

The ordinance granting to the Robison Electric Street Railway company the right to construct an extension of their tracks on Spring street, Mulberry street and Stickney avenue, was finally passed. This ordinance has had a hard row to hoe, and was referred back to the committee four times.

An ordinance was also passed granting to the Robisons the right to double track their line on Galena street, from Ontario street to Chase.

From the street committee ordinances were passed to pave Lagrange street from Champlain to Bancroft, and providing for the cleaning of Irving street.

Resolutions were adopted to turnpike Germania street, and to allow scales to be placed in Everett street.

Mr. Pheatt objected to the ordinance allowing the natural gas trustees to furnish gas outside of the city. This was for the benefit of Auburndale, he said, and if they want gas they should come into the city. Gas should be held from them until they do come in, and besides it would be an injustice to citizens within the limits, for he considered that the gas supply is inexhaustible.

Mr. Morris thought the ordinance should be passed to give the gas trustees an opportunity to sell some of their gas and get money, which is badly needed.

Mr. Pheatt thought the ordinance was faulty, and moved that it be referred back to the committee.

Mr. Gill stated that on his side of the river private consumers can not get gas, notwithstanding that they are willing to pipe streets and pay for gas. He thought people in the city should be provided before outsiders.

Mr. Neuendorf spoke in favor of the ordinance.

Mr. Morris objected to the assumption that the city has no gas to sell. "There is plenty of it," said he, "and no probability that it will give out. The ordinance was for the purpose of allowing them to sell some of this gas and so get money to extend the mains within the city."

After more unimportant discussion, the motion to refer was carried.

Resolutions were adopted for new sidewalks on Second steet, Nashy street, Broadway, Front street, Orchard street, Bridge street, Hicks street, Bancroft street, Ohio street and Cherry street.

A resolution was presented instructing the clerk to return to Contractor John Streicher a check for $600 now in possession of the clerk.

It was explained that this was the check deposited by Streicher as a forfeit with his bid for paving Front street.

Upon being questioned City Solicitor Read stated that the city has no right to demand a check or money for forfeit with bids, as has been the custom.

The resolution was then adopted.

Mr. Tanner, on leave, introduced an ordinance to license transient dealers in the city and repealing the ordinance passed May 18, 1891. The former ordinance provides a penalty for violation of not less than $1,000 nor more than $1,500. The solicitor stated that this penalty is excessive as the statute provides only for a fine not exceeding $500. The new ordinance was referred to the committee on by-laws and ordinances.

A resolution was adopted directing the solicitor to collect damages from the natural gas pipe line contractors for cutting the fire alarm cable while laying pipe across Swan creek.

The report of the ways and means committee meeting Thursday evening was read and filed.

An ordinance was passed providing for the issuing of $15,000 bridge bonds.

A resolution rejecting the bids for sewer 381, in Bronson avenue, was referred back to the committee.

Business from the board of aldermen was taken up and on motion of Mr. Walker the new general street railway ordinance was referred back to the committee

FOR THE TOILET

There is no more useful or elegant article than Ayer's Hair Vigor—the most popular and economical hair-dressing in the market. It causes the hair to grow abundantly and retain the beauty and texture of youth; prevents baldness, heals troublesome humors of the scalp and keeps it clean, cool, and healthy. Both ladies and gentlemen everywhere prefer Ayer's Hair Vigor to any other dressing for the hair. Mrs. Lydia O. Moody, E. Pittston, Me., writes: "I Ask For have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for some time, and it has worked wonders for me. I was troubled with dandruff and falling hair, so that I was rapidly becoming bald; but since using the Vigor, my head is perfectly clear of dandruff, the hair has ceased coming out, and I now have a good growth, of the same color as when I was a young woman. I can heartily recommend the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor to any one suffering from dandruff or loss of hair."

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

AMMUNITION

Guns Fishing Tackle.

LAWN MOWERS SHARPENED, KEY MAKING AND GENERAL REPAIRING.

H. C. RUSHMORE
311 MONROE STREET.
NEAR SUMMIT.

TOLEDO
WIRE & IRON WORKS
MANUFACTURERS OF
FIRE ESCAPES
BRASS AND IRON RAILINGS,
Roof Crestings!
Flower Stands!
—AND—
GRILL WORK.
506 Summit Street

L. BECKMANN

THE OPTICIAN!

319 Adams Street.

$235.00

Will buy at our store a fine New Walnut or Mahogany

UPRIGHT PIANO

Full Size and Fully Warranted.

We do not employ a large force of canvassers and saving this great expense we can offer far greater bargains than any other music house in Toledo.

The Whitney & Currier Co.,
217 and 219 SUMMIT ST.

Chronic Diseases
TREATED WITH
SUCCESS!
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Spinal Diseases,
Locomotor Ataxia, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Troubles,
Blood and Skin Diseases,
And all Morbid Conditions peculiar to Either Sex,

Arising from debility of the nervous system, produced from whatever cause.

No matter what ails you, call and procure a diagnosis of your case FREE OF CHARGE, or communicate a description of your case by letter. Advice in all cases will be strictly honest and based on knowledge and experience. Diagnosis and medicine must be procured at the hands of the medical director.

No charge for consultation and examination.

Persons living at a distance can be treated at home. Electric appliances and medicines furnished. Write or call for Question Blanks and Health Journal.

Male and female attendants.

Office hours—8 a m to 8 p m. Sundays from 9 to 1 p m.

Address all communications to the

Electrical and Medical
INSTITUTE,
702 Madison St.

Permanently located. Established one year.

Asthma Permanently Cured

CINCINNATI, O., July 28, 1890.

J. W. Bergen, M. D., Petersburg, Ind.:

Dear Sir—My wife has the utmost faith in your Asthma Cure, having found great relief since using it, and we cheerfully recommend it to any one suffering from asthma, as we feel satisfied that by following directions given a permanent cure will follow.

Respectfully,
GEO. SPREADBURY,
Sup't National Accident Insurance Association, 227 Main St.

FOR SALE BY
THOS. VANSTONE
N. B. BACON. T. F. HUBER

BACON & HUBER
ARCHITECTS,
72 and 74 Chamber of Commerce.

A Noted Divine Says:
"I have been using Tutt's Liver Pills for Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach and Costiveness, with which I have long been afflicted.

Tutt's Pills
ARE A SPECIAL BLESSING.
I never had anything to do me so much good. I recommend them to all as the best medicine in existence."
Rev. F. R. GOODD, New York.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
Office, 39 & 41 Park Place, N. Y.

TELLING THE BEES.

Out of the house where the slumberer lay
Grandfather came one summer day.
And under the pleasant orchard trees
He spake this wise to the murmuring bees:
"The clover bloom that I kissed her feet
And the posie bed where she used to play
Heve honey store, but none so sweet
As ere our little one went away.
O bees, sing soft, and bees, sing low,
For she is gone who loved you so!"

A wonder fell on the listening bees
Under those pleasant orchard trees,
And in their toil that summer day
Ever their murmuring seemed to say:
"Child, O child, the grass is cool
And the posies are waking to hear the song
Of the bird that swings by the shaded pool,
Waiting for one that tarrieth long!"
'Twas so they called to the little one then,
As if to call her back again.

O gentle bees, I have come to say
That grandfather fell asleep to-day,
And we know by the smile on grandfather's face
He has found his dear one's hiding place.
So bees, sing soft, and bees, sing low,
As over the honey fields you sweep;
To the trees aboom and the flowers ablow
Sing of the grandfather fast asleep.
And ever beneath these orchard trees
Find cheer and shelter, gentle bees.
—[Eugene Field.

BEESWAX.

Pin Hook, Hog Eye, Rubber Neck and Hole-in-the-Ground are names of a few of the postoffices in Missouri.

They are digging 800 bushels of potatoes to the acre out in the new state of Washington. At least that is the estimate.

There are 80 anti-vaccination leagues in England and Scotland, and a determined opposition is also being organized in Ireland and Wales.

There are 40,000 women studying in the various colleges in America. And yet it is only 25 years since the first college in the land was opened to women.

In Eastern New Mexico nearly 600,000 acres of fruit and farm lands have been reclaimed by the construction of storage reservoirs and irrigating canals during the past two years.

School education in Louisiana is very deficient. The recent school census shows a school population of 370,000, of whom but 85,000 attend school, and many of these attend but one month.

Two hundred and fifty tons of hops will be picked this season from the ranch of the Snoynalmie Hop Growing association in Washington. The hops will be picked by about 300 Klickitat Indians.

The advance of public sentiment in California in regard to the cowardly practice of carrying concealed weapons is shown by the action of the San Francisco courts. A man was recently fined $250 for this offence, and the supreme court of the state has affirmed the decision.

The national Japanese gambling game is barra or "flower." The cards are 48 oblong slips of pasteboard, divided into 12 series, each representing a month. Six players, with four cards each, play a sort of combination of Casino, euchre and poker.

A favorite method with silk manufacturers of imparting a pale straw color to pieces of silk is to steep them in a very weak solution of hydrochloric (muriatic) acid. This cannot be practiced with success by the housewife, as the process is a somewhat delicate one.

The farmers in the Palouse country, Washington, have straw roads, which are pronounced excellent. They take the straw after it is threshed and scatter it over the roads, and, after a while, when it is settled down, it makes a road like papier mache, smooth and dustless.

A clergyman in New South Wales complains that out of 117 marriages which he has celebrated within the last year 29 called him out of bed between 11 at night and 6 in the morning. He never knows when he is to have a peaceful night, and all on account of a freak of fashion in his parish.

A most remarkable alloy of gold and aluminium is now under the examination of scientists. It is of a beautiful, rich, purple color. This royal metal will make a handsome addition to those now used for purposes of adornment. From all accounts it seems amendable to the methods of jewelers in making their gold ornaments.

After the passage of an electric storm there is quite an appreciable amount of ozone in the atmosphere, so much so that its presence may frequently be detected by exposing a piece of blotting paper, previously dipped in a solution of starch and iodine of potash, when it will be turned blue.

A marvelous illustration of the patience of the Chinese is found in the salt mines in Central China. Holes about six inches in diameter are bored in the rock by means of a primitive form of iron drill, and sometimes a period of 40 years elapses before the coveted brine is reached, so that the work is carried on from one generation to another.

The following will prove valuable to parties interested in mines who desire to know how much ore there is in sight at a mine. One cubic foot of lead ore weighs 474 pounds, thus a vein of galena or lead ore one foot wide, six feet high and six feet long will produce 16,532 pounds, or a vein one and a half inches wide will net one ton, three inches wide four tons, etc.

Two doctor books are heirlooms in the family of a Clinton, Mo., gunsmith. They are dated 1577 and 1613 and contain old-fashioned remedies for all ills and ails of the flesh. The title of the index says: "This is the index of two books for King Charles ye First. His book." It is said they were taken from the palace of the unfortunate monarch shortly before his execution.

To test melons is a difficult matter, and a Georgia farmer, who has been annoyed by mistakes made in attempting to determine when melons are ripe by thumping them, now judges by scraping off the thin rind with his thumb nail. "If the edges of the skin on each side of the scar are left ragged or granulated, the melon is ripe, but if the edges of the scar are smooth and even and the skin does not come off clean, then the melon is green.

If a small quantity of colorate of potash be powdered and mixed with an equal quantity of powdered sugar, a candle may be lighted by means of the mixture without matches. Place a little of it in the depression around the wick of a candle that has been previously used, and then touch the mixture with a glass rod, the end of which has been dipped in oil of vitrol; it will burst into flame, lighting the candle.

In the collection of curiosities at Woolwich arsenal, where the great English guns are made, is probably the largest steel shaving in the world. It was the result of an accident. A workman who had charge of a lathe on which a 60-pounder was being turned left his post for some time, and on his return he found that a shaving over 70 feet in length had been turned from the gun's jacket in his absence. It was subsequently tied into a huge Turk's head knot, painted red, white and blue and placed among the curiosity collection.

A curiosity has been found in Washington. It consists of a very large moose horn grafted into the base of a tree. It has been in that position for years, as the tree has grown around it so as to get such a grip on it that cutting the wood away is the only means of separating the two. It was found near the Betty O'Brien mine on the Highlands south of town. It is evident that at some remote period a huntsman was chasing the monarch of the woods, who in running away, was caught in a tree, and in trying to extricate himself the horn was broken off.

Near Higate, about forty miles west of St. Thomas, Canada, was discovered the large skeleton of any extinct animal yet found. It belonged to the order of mastodon giganticus and measured 22 feet from end of nostrils to tip of tail. The tooth only of one of these huge monsters of prehistoric times was dug up recently at Falling Springs, near Belleville, Miss., which weighed 14 pounds, 12 ounces, and had the skeleton been discovered it would probably have been found to be that of an animal 90 feet long.

If two pieces of sugar be smartly rubbed together in the dark a pale blue light will be noticed as a result. The following is of some practical value: If one or two pieces of phosphorus of the size of peas be inclosed in a small bottle half full of olive oil and kept for some little time, the air space in the bottle will become filled with a phosphorescent vapor. The phosphorescence will fade, but may be renewed by simply uncorking the bottle. Sufficient light will be given out to tell the time by; in fact this method is used by watchmen in some places where explosives are stored.

A curious thunderbolt fell at Rega, near Schleban, in Germany, recently. It appeared to be a ball of fire, and came down the chimney of a bedroom in which a man, his wife and three children were sleeping. On emerging from the fireplace it broke into two parts, each of which assumed a globular form. One of these globules ran along the rafters and disappeared, while the other traveled slowly towards the bed on which it afterwards jumped. Thence the man watched it roam around the room and finally disappeared through the wall with a loud crash. None of the occupants were injured further than being temporarily deafened.

MORE BLACKSTONIANS

Relate the Reasons for Entering the Profession.

And the Bee Places the Same Before the Public—Bright Galaxy of Local Attorneys.

C. E. Sumner.

"How did I come to be practicing law? By hard work and all-around hustling," said C. E. Sumner. "After going through the common school, I entered the Agricultural college at Lansing, Michigan, from which institution I graduated in 1879. I then went to teaching school as a means of immediate maintenance, but was on the fence whether to adopt teaching or law as a future profession. In 1881 the school of Political Science was organized as a separate department to the college, from which I graduated. I determined to take a course in this department, knowing that it would prepare me to teach and be of great assistance to me if I should resolve to practice law.

"After I had taken a year's course I received a letter from the congressman of the district, in which I lived, tendering me a position in the war department at Washington. In this letter he suggested that if I desired to become a lawyer I could attend law school in Washington and keep up the duties of my position as well. You may believe I jumped at the chance. I went to Washington and worked four years, keeping up my duties and studies at the same time, and I tell you it was the hardest four years of my life. At the end of that time I resigned my position and came to Toledo and was admitted to the bar in the spring of 1887, and have been in Toledo ever since."

E. B. Southard.

"My older brother is responsible for my being in the profession," said E. B. Southard. "I was perfectly willing that he should run the farm, but was bound and determined that he shouldn't run me. If you ever had a big brother, you probably understand the situation. Well, I always had a desire to become a lawyer, or enter some profession. I never was so very much taken up with work on the farm, and when my brother and I couldn't agree it gave me an excellent opportunity to leave the farm and attend school.

Geo. A. Bassett.

"I have been raised in Lucas county, was born on my father's farm September 12, 1863. I worked on the farm in summer and went to district school in winter. When I left the farm I entered the public schools in this city, and graduated from the High school in the class of 1881.

"Immediately after this I began reading law with my brother, J. H., and was admitted to the bar in March, 1885, and have been hustling ever since."

"Well, about the first time the desire came over me to become a lawyer was along in '78 some time," remarked George A. Bassett, as he settled back in his easy chair. "I was then working at the printer's trade over in Wood county, and was 'sticking type' on a large law brief for the supreme court of this state, in which case the old Mansfield & Coldwater railroad was involved. This is the road, it will be remembered, to which a large number of farmers and others in Wood, Seneca and other counties made subscriptions to the capital stock for the purpose of insuring an early completion of the project. The road never was completed, although a good share of the road bed was thrown up, and the farmers are now being sued for the amounts of their unpaid subscriptions. In the fall of 1883 I began the study of law in the office of Doyle, Scott & Lewis, and in 1886 was admitted to the bar, and you find me still engaged in protecting the rights of the people. Oh, yes, it is a dignified, fascinating profession, and when you once get into the meshes of it you find it difficult to withdraw gracefully and satisfactorily."

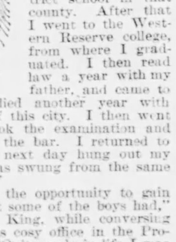
W. H. A. Read.

"The inclination was natural," said W. H. A. Read. "My father was a lawyer, and I just followed in his footsteps. My parents and near relatives endeavored to make a doctor of me, but it was no go. I considered that if I couldn't be a lawyer I didn't care to take up any profession. I was born on a farm in Summit county, and received my early education at a district school in that county. After that I went to the Western Reserve college, from where I graduated. I then read law a year with my father, and came to Toledo and studied another year with Lee & Brown, of this city. I then went to Columbus, took the examination and was admitted to the bar. I returned to Toledo, and the next day hung out my shingle, and it has swung from the same place ever since."

Harry King.

"I didn't have the opportunity to gain an education that some of the boys had," remarked H. E. King, while conversing with a Bee in his cosy office in the Produce Exchange. "Quite early in life I was thrown on my own resources, but had fortunately obtained a common school education at my home in Cumberland, Md. I was not content with this, however, but was determined to go to college. Well, I hustled around, and the result was I graduated from the Millersville State Normal school of Pennsylvania. I then went into commercial life, and after laying away some money resolved to become a lawyer, and just two years after leaving the normal school at Millersville I entered Ft. Edwards institute.

"After taking a course there my money became exhausted and I again hustled in commercial pursuits, this time for three years, studying law in the meantime, when occasion permitted. At the end of that time I took up a course of law in the law department of the University of Michigan. Early in 1883 I was admitted to the bar in Ohio, and shortly after came to Toledo, and connected myself with the firm of which I am a member at present."



Byron A. Case.

"Like all great men," said Byron A. Case, "I was born on a farm, and my early education was obtained at a district school. I was raised in this county from the cradle up. I attended public schools in this city and graduated in the class of 1886. Immediately after I graduated I accepted a position as deputy in the probate office. I worked there a year and then went to Ann Arbor to college for two years. In 1890 I was admitted to the bar, and in April of that year took up the practice of law. The following May the firm of Southard & Case was formed, and we have been pulling together since."

SOMETHING THE MATTER

With the Jarbeau Show—A Weak Performance—Coming Attractions.

It took two men to write Starlight, the piece presented at the People's by Jarbeau last evening, but they couldn't have been very busily occupied over it. They ought to be ashamed of their production, anyway, for Starlight is devoid of any plot or lines that would vaguely suggest a plot. It is weak, in fact very weak, and not as good as half the farces put on after variety performances. So much for the piece. Jarbeau would certainly appear to much better advantage in something a little more carefully constructed. Farce comedy just at present allows plenty of room for horse play, slapsticks, poor acting and the like, and the members of the Jarbeau company contribute their mites toward these ends. Some of them appear to have just come off the variety stage and interpret their parts in a manner peculiar to variety people. The women are stiff and stand around like set rocks. Some of them can song and dance fairly well, but there their ability ends. Jarbeau herself does some very clever things, and then again at times the contortions of her face in trying to look chic are painful. However, there's no getting around the fact that Jarbeau is good, only there's something the matter, perhaps its the piece and people. Budd Ross as Michali Braliigani was excellent, and Harry Crandall did some very clever work as Old Muddle Brain. William Sellery came out in a very dirty Italian costume and a very poor wig and sang a very good song in very good style. He reminded one of a man who had never had a wardrobe and was forever and always borrowing grease paint. There are other characters in the play, but the plot is actually not sufficiently clear enough to give the critic opportunity to tell one character from another. Starlight holds forth the remainder of the week at the People's.

Opera Coming Next Week.

Next week the comic opera, Pearl of Pekin, will be presented for the first time in this city at the People's theater. The company is said to be a large and good one and carries its own scenery, bric-a-brac, furniture and decorations. The opera has had long runs in the larger cities, and will certainly please Toledoans.

To-morrow Evening.

To-morrow evening the Little Tycoon will be given at Wheeler's by R. E. Graham and the original company. It will probably be the best rendition of this popular opera that Toledoans will have an opportunity to hear. Graham is excellent as General Knickerbocker, and the company is strong throughout.

AT IT ONCE MORE.

The Toledo Exposition Company Already Thinking About Next Year.

"The recent fair puts the Toledo Exposition company on its feet in good shape," said Secretary Crane this morning, "and we are right in it again head and heels looking forward to preparations for next year's exposition. The greatest obstacle we had to cope with was inexperience, and I think that will not handicap us in the future. Next year everything will be on a grander scale in all departments, and the exposition will be open nights, a new departure in this line. There will be fireworks, concerts and other entertainments to draw the people. Already we have applications for space. The members of the company will be satisfied if they can give a good show and draw people to Toledo and keep even in a financial way. Our aspirations in this direction promise to be realized."

Mr. Crane is to visit the fairs at Columbus, St. Louis and other places and gather points that may be applied here. During the coming winter an effort will be made to have a convention of Ohio fair managers and companies in Toledo to take up matters for the benefit of all concerned.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR CHILDREN

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Routine Matters Attended to Last Night.

The board of education met last night and had a short and quiet meeting. All were present except Major and Eversman were absent.

Superintendent of Buildings Conrad recommended the necessity of a new supply of seats in Miss Sumner's room in the Erie school.

On motion of Mr. Schlingman the matter was referred to the building committee with power to act.

Fifteen pupils were reported as being desirous of attending the deaf mute school and the matter of furnishing a room for them was talked of. It was thought that one of the rooms in the basement of the Jefferson school might be used after some repairs were made.

On motion of Mr. Schlingman the question was referred to the teachers' committee with power to act.

The building committee reported, through Mr. Trost, that they had investigated the Monroe street school property, and were of the opinion that they were occupying too much ground, 10 feet of the adjoining property being occupied by the janitor's house.

Mr. Trost recommended that a survey be made, and if such was found to be the case, to buy 10 feet of the adjacent property, which they thought could be done for $30 per front foot. This was referred back to the building committee with power to act, after which the board adjourned.

"It is a fact," that Hood's Sarsaparilla does cure scrofula, salt rheum, and other diseases or affections arising from impure state or low condition of the blood, overcomes that tired feeling, creates a good appetite, and gives strength to every part of the system. Try it.

This is the way the garbage is sometimes collected from Washington residences: The garbage wagon drives up to the front of a row of fine houses. There is a back alley which might be utilized, if tenants and the garbage men knew what was right. Two men go into the house by the basement door, pass through the house to the back yard, pick up the garbage barrel, carry it through the house to the wagon at the front, empty it, and then carry it back through the house. This is done at every house in the block.

MARRIED AN EARL.

London, Sept. 15.—The earl of Dudley and Miss Rachel Gurney were married to-day.

KEMP'S BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE

Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

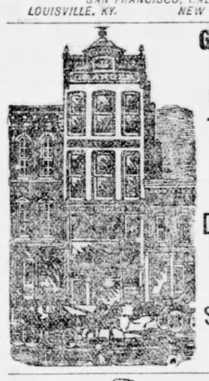
SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK N.Y.



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SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Board of Fire Commissioners of the City of Toledo, Ohio, until
SEPTEMBER 16, 1891.

For furnishing the said city four thousand (4,000) feet of woven cotton rubber-lined hose, 2½ inches internal diameter, the same to be double-lined seamless tube, smooth bore, fitted with expansion ring couplings complete, said bids to be accompanied with a written guarantee that the hose will withstand a water pressure of four hundred (400) pounds to the square inch.

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The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids or to accept only those which it shall be deemed for the best interest of the city.

By order board fire commissioners.
C. F. WALL, Secy.
Sept 8, 1891. sep8to16

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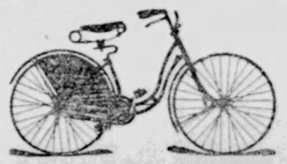

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The celebrated comedienne, Miss Vernona Jarbeau in her brilliant musical comedy.
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Supported by her own company of comedy and musical talent.
PRICES { Evenings—15, 25, 35, 50 and 75 cents. Matinees—15, 25 and 35 cents.
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One night, Wednesday, September 16, Willard Spenser's fascinating comic opera.
THE LITTLE TYCOON.
The original Gen. Knickerbocker, R. E. GRAHAM.
A grand company of 50 people and orchestra.
PRICES—25, 50, 75c and $1. Seats at Holmes'.
Sept. 18-19—Charlotte Thompson.

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ELECTRIC MOTORS
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Most Efficient Motor on the Market.
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Special Attention Given to
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Furniture,
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Cheaper at JOHNSON BROS. than any other place in the city. All new goods and terms to suit the buyer. Call and be convinced.
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ST. CLAIR, PERRY AND SUMMIT STS.
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All kinds of Sea Food and Game in Season.
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G. A. MUHME, Home Chiropodist, office 117 Summit st over Mr. Egley's shoe store second floor. Removes Corns Bunions and Ingrowing Nails without leaving the feet sore. Positively cures Sweating and Odorous Feet. Examination free. Treats Callouses and frozen feet. EMMA McCARTHY, Secy.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER IS Universally known and everywhere esteemed as the only Powder that will improve the complexion, eradicate tan, freckles and all skin diseases.

BACK IN BROOKLYN.

Dr. Talmage Preaches on Kindness.

The World is Better Because Men Do Good Deeds for One Another.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Brooklyn Tabernacle contained many strangers on their way home from the watering places and foreign lands. Many of the members, absent from the city during the summer, were in their places. The church building and the organ, which have been almost continually under brush and hammer since the dedication, are now about completed.

The sermons Sunday were full of congratulation and were attended by the usual throngs. Dr. Talmage's morning sermon was on "Kindness," from the text, Acts xxviii, 2: "The barbarous people showed us no little kindness."

Here we are on the island of Malta, another name for Melita. This island, which has always been an important commercial center, belonging at different times to Phoenicia, to Greece, to Rome, to Arabia, to Spain, to France, now belongs to England. The area of this island is about one hundred square miles. It is in the Mediterranean sea, and of such clarity of atmosphere that Mt. Etna, 130 miles away, can be distinctly seen. The island is gloriously memorable, because the Knights of Malta for a long while ruled there, but most famous because of the apostolic shipwreck. The bestormed vessel on which Paul sailed had "laid to" on the starboard tack, and the wind was blowing east-northeast and the vessel, drifting probably a mile and a half an hour, she struck at what is now called St. Paul's bay. Practical sailors have taken up the Bible account and decided beyond controversy the place of the shipwreck. But the island which has so rough a coast is for the most part a garden. Richest fruit and a profusion of flower characterized it in Paul's time as well as now. The finest oranges, figs and olives grow there. When Paul and his comrades crawled up on the beach, saturated with the salt water, and hungry from long abstinence from food, and chilled to the bone, the islanders, though called barbarians, because they could not speak Greek, opened their doors to the shipwrecked unfortunates. Everything had gone to the bottom of the deep, and the barefooted, bareheaded apostle and ship's crew were in a condition to appreciate hospitality. About twenty-five months ago a few seasons ago I found in the life station near Easthampton, Long Island. They had got ashore in the night from the sea, and not a hat or shoe had they left. They found out, as Paul and his fellow voyagers found out, that the sea is the roughest of all robbers. My text finds the ship's crew ashore on Malta, and around a hot fire drying themselves, and with the best provisions the islanders can offer them. And they go into governments quarters for three days to recuperate, Publius, the ruler, inviting them, although he had severe sickness in the house at the time, his father down with dysentery and typhoid fever. Yea, for three months they stayed on the island watching for a ship, and putting the hospitality of the islanders to a severe test. But it endured the test satisfactorily, and it is recorded, for all the ages of time and eternity to read and hear in regard to the inhabitants of Malta: "The barbarous people showed us no little kindness."

Kindness! What a great word that is. It would take a reed as long as that which the apocalyptic angel used to measure heaven to tell the length, the breadth, the height of the munificent word. It is a favorite Bible word, and it is early launched in the book of Genesis, caught up in the book of Joshua, embraced in the book of Ruth, sworn by in the book of Samuel, crowned in the book of Psalms, and enthroned in many places in the New Testament. Kindness! A word no more gentle than mighty. I expect it will wrestle me down before I get through with it. It is strong enough to throw an archangel. But it will be well for us to stand around it and warm ourselves by its glow as Paul and his fellow voyagers stood around the fire on the island of Malta, where the Maltese made themselves immortal in my text by the way they treated these victims of the sea. The barbarous people showed us no little kindness."

Kindness! All definitions of that multiporent word break down half way. You say it is clemency, benignity, generosity, it is made up of good wishes, it is an expression of beneficence, it is a contribution to the happiness of others. Some one else says: "Why, I can give you a definition of kindness: it is sunshine to the soul. It is affection perennial, it is a climacteric grace, it is the combination of all graces. It is compassion. It is the perfection of gentle manliness and womanliness." Are you all through? You have made a dead failure of your definition. It cannot be defined. But we all know what it is, for we all felt its power. Some of you have felt it as I felt it, on some coast of rock as the ship went to pieces, but more of us have again and again, in some awful stress of life had either from God or from beaven hands stretched out, which "showed us no little kindness."

There is kindness of disposition, kindness of word, kindness of act, and there is Jesus Christ the impersonation of all of them! Kindness! You cannot affect it, you cannot enact it, you cannot dramatize it. By the grace of God you must have it inside you, an everlasting summer, or rather a combination of June and October, the geniality of the one and the tonic of the other. It cannot dwell with arrogance or spite or revenge or malevolence. At its first appearance in the soul all these Amalekites and Gergashites and Hittites and Jebusites must quit, and quit forever. Kindness wishes everybody well, every man well, every woman well, every child well, every bird well, every horse well, every dog well, every cat well. Give this spirit full swing and you would have no more need of societies for prevention of cruelty to animals, no more need of protective sewing woman's associations, and it would dull every sword until it would not cut skin deep, and unwheel every battery till it could not roll, and make gunpowder of no more use in the world except for rock blasting or pyrotechnic celebration. Kindness is a spirit diffused, implanted, and in answer to prayer, and then to be sedulously cultivated until it fills all the nature with a perfume richer and more pungent than mignonette, and, as if you put a tuft of that aromatic beauty behind the clock on the mantel, or in some corner where nobody can see it, you find people walking about your room looking this way and that, and you ask them, "What are you looking for?" and they answer, "Where is that flower?"—So if one has in his soul this infinite sweetness of disposition, its perfume will widen everything.

But are you waiting and hoping for some one to be bankrupted or exposed, or discomfited, or in some way overthrown, then kindness has not taken possession of your nature. You are wrecked on a Malta where there are no oranges. You are entertaining a guest so unlike kindness that kindness will not come and dwell under the same roof. The most exhausting and unhealthy and ruinous feeling on earth is a revengeful spirit, as I know by experience, for I have tried it for five or ten minutes at a time. When some mean thing has been done me or said about me, I have felt "I will pay him in his own coin. I will show him up. The ingrate! The traitor! The liar! The villain!" But five or ten minutes of the feeling has been so unnerving and exhausting I have abandoned it, and I cannot understand how people can go about torturing themselves five or ten or twenty years, trying to get even with somebody. The only way you will ever triumph over your enemies is by forgiving them and wishing them all good and no evil. As malevolence is the most uneasy and profitless and dangerous feeling, kindness is the most healthful and delightful. And this not an abstraction. As I have tried a little of the retaliatory feeling, so I have tried a little of the forgiving. I do not want to leave this world until I have taken vengeance upon every man that did me a wrong by doing him a kindness. In most of such cases I have already succeeded, but there are a few malignants whom I am yet pursuing and I shall not be content until I have in some wise helped them or benefited them or blessed them. Let us pray for this spirit of kindness. It will settle a thousand questions. It will change the phase of everything. It will mellow through and through our entire nature. It will transform a lifetime. It is not a feeling gotten up for occasions, but perennial. That is the reason I like petunias better than morning-glories. They look very much alike and if I should put in your hand a petunia and a morning-glory you could hardly tell which is the petunia and which the morning-glory; but the morning-glory blooms only a few hours and then shuts up for the day, while the petunia is in as widespread a glow at 12 o'clock at noon and 6 o'clock in the evening as at sunrise. And this grace of kindness is not spasmodic, is not intermittent, is not for a little while, but it irradiates the whole nature, all through and clear on to the sunset of our earthly existence. Kindness! I am resolved to get it. Are you resolved to get it? It does not come by hap-hazard, but through culture under the divine help. Thistles grow without culture. Rocky Mountain sage grass grows without culture. But this great red rose in the conservatory, its leaves packed on leaves, deep-dyed as though it had been obliged to fight for its beauty and it were still reeking with the carnage of the battle, that rose needed to be cultured, and through long years its floral ancestors were cultured. Oh, God! implant kindness in all our souls, and then give us grace to watch it, to enrich it, to develop it!

The king of Prussia had presented to him by the Empress of Russia the root of a rare flower, and it was put in the royal gardens on an island, and the head gardner, Herr Fintelmann, was told to watch it. And one day it put forth its glory. Three days of every week people were admitted to these gardens, and a young man, probably not realizing what a wrong thing he was doing, plucked this flower and put it in his buttonhole, and the gardener arrested him as he was crossing at the ferry, and asked the king to throw open no more his gardens to the public. The king replied: "Shall I deny to the thousands of good people of my country the privilege of seeing this garden because one visitor has done wrong? No, let them come and see the beautiful grounds." And when the gardener wished to give the king the name of the offender who had taken the royal flower, he said, "No, my memory is very tenacious and I do not want to have in my mind the name of the offender, lest it should hinder me granting him a favor some other time." Now, I want you to know that kindness is a royal flower and blessed be God, the King of mercy and grace, that by a divine gift and not by purloining we may pluck this royal flower and not wear it on the outside of your nature but wear it in our soul and wear it forever, its radiance and aroma not more wonderful for time than wonderful for eternity.

Still futher. I must speak of kindness of word. When you meet any one do you say a pleasant thing or an unpleasant? Do you tell him of agreeable things you have heard about him, or the disagreeable? When he leaves you, does he feel better or does he feel worse? Oh, the power of the tongue for good—production of happiness or misery! One would think from the way the tongue is caged in we might take the hint that it has a dangerous power. First, it is chained to the back part of the mouth by strong muscles. Then it is surrounded by the teeth of the lower jaw, so many ivory bars; and then by the teeth of the upper jaw, more ivory bars. Then outside of all are the two lips with the power of compression and arrest. And yet notwithstanding these four limitations, how many take no hint in regard to the dangerous power of the tongue, and the results are frustration, mortification, and damnation. There are those if they know a good thing about you and a bad thing will mention the bad thing and act as though they had never heard the good thing. Now there are two sides to almost everyone's character, and we have the choice of overhauling the virtue or the vice. We can greet Paul and the ship's crew as they come up the beach of Malta, with the words, "What a sorry looking set you are! How little of navigation you must know to run on these rocks! Didn't you know better than to put out on the Mediterranean this wintry month! It was not much of a ship anyhow, or it would not have gone to pieces so soon as that. Well, what do you want? We have hard enough work to make a living for ourselves, without having thrust on us two hundred and seventy-six ragamuffins." Not so said the Maltese. I think they said: "Come in! Sit down by the fire and warm yourself! Glad that you all got off with your lives. Make yourselves at home. You are welcome to all we have until some ship comes in sight and you resume your voyage. Here, let me put a bandage on your forehead, for that is an ugly gash you got from the floating timbers, and here is a man with a broken arm. We will have a doctor come to attend to this fracture." And though for three months the kindness went on, we have but little more than this brief record: "The barbarous people showed us no little kindness."

Oh, say the cordial thing! Say the useful thing! Say the hospitable thing! Say the helpful thing! Say the Christ-like thing! Say the kind thing! I admit that this is easier for some temperaments than for others. Some are born pessimists, and some are born optimists, and that demonstrates itself all through everything. It is a cloudy morning. You meet a pessimist and you say, "What weather to-day?" He answers, "It's going to storm," and umbrella under arm and waterproof overcoat show that he is honest in that utterance. On the same block, a minute after, you meet an optimist, and you say, "What weather to-day?" "Good weather; this is only a fog and will soon scatter." The absence of umbrella and absence of waterproof overcoat show it is an honest utterance. On your way at noon to luncheon you meet an optimistic merchant and you say: "What do you think of the commercial prospects?" and he says, "Glorious. Great crops must bring great business. We are going to have such an autumn and winter of prosperity as we have never seen." On your way back to your store you meet a pessimistic merchant. "What do you think of the commercial prospects?" and he says, "Bad." And he answers: "Well, I don't know. So much grain will surfeit the country. Farmers will have more bushels but less price, and the grain gamblers will get their fist in. There is the McKinley bill; and the hay crop is short in some places, and in the southern part of Wisconsin they had a hail storm and our business is as dull as as it ever was." You will find the same difference in judgment of character. A man of good reputation is assailed and charged with some evil deed. At the first story the pessimist will believe it in guilt. "The papers say so, and that's enough. Down with him!" The optimist will say: "I don't believe a word of it. I don't think that a man that has been as useful and seemingly honest for twenty years could have got off the track like that. There are two sides to this story and I will wait to hear the other side before I condemn him." My hearer, if you are by nature a pessimist, make a special effort by the grace of God to extirpate the dolorous and hypercritical from your disposition. Believe nothing against anybody until the wrong is established by at least two witnesses of integrity. And if guilt be proven find out the extenuating circumstances if there are any. And then commit to memory so that you can quote for yourself and quote for others that exquisite thirteenth chapter of First Corinthians about charity that suffers long and is kind, and hopeth all things, and endureth all things. By pen, by voice, in public, and in private, say all the good about people that you can think of, and if there be nothing good, then lighten the chain of muscle on the back end of your tongue, and keep the ivory bars of teeth on the lower jaw, and the ivory bars of teeth on the upper jaw locked, and the gate of your lips tightly closed, and your tongue shut up. What a place Brooklyn would be to live in, and all other cities and neighborhoods to live in, if charity predominated! What if all the young and old gossipers were dead. The Lord hasten their funerals! What if tittle-tattle and whispering were out of fashion! What if in cphering out the moral arithmetic, we taught addition instead of subtraction! Kindness! Let us morning, noon, and night pray for it until we get it. When you can speak a good word for some one, speak it. If you can conscientiously give letter of commendation, give it. Watch for opportunities for doing good fifty years after you are dead. All my life has been affected by the letter of introduction that the Rev. Dr. Van Vranken, of New Brunswick Theological Seminary, wrote for me, a boy under him, when I was seeking a settlement in which to preach the gospel.

That letter gave me my pulpit. Dr. Van Vranken has been dead more than thirty years, yet I feel the touch of that magnificent old professor. Strange sensation was it when I received a kind message from Rev. Thomas Guard, of Baltimore, the great Methodist orator, six weeks after his death. By way of the eternal world? Oh, no, by way of this world. I did not meet the friend to whom he gave the message until nearly two months after Thomas Guard had ascended. So you can start a word about some one that will be on its travels and vigorous long after the funeral psalm has been sung at your obsequies. Kindness! Why if fifty men all aglow with it should walk through the lost world, methinks they would almost abolish perdition.

Furthermore, there is kindness of action. That is what Joseph showed to his outrageous brothers. That is what David showed to Mephibosheth for his father Jonathan's sake. That is what Onesiphorus showed to Paul in the Roman penitentiary. That is what William Cowper recognized when he said he would not trust a man who would with his foot needlessly crush a worm. That is what our assassinated President Lincoln demonstrated when his private secretary found him in the capitol grounds trying to get a bird back to the nest from which it had fallen, and which quality the illustrious man exhibited years before when having with some lawyers in the carriage on the way to court passed on the road a swine fast in the mire, after awhile cried to his horses "Ho!" and said to the gentlemen, "I must go back and help that hog out of the mire." And he did go back, and put on solid ground that most uninteresting quadruped. That was the spirit manifested by my departed friend Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, (and lovelier man never exchanged earth for heaven), when at Washington. A senator's wife who told my wife of the circumstances, said to him: "Mr. Stephens, come and see my dead canary bird." And he answered, "No, I could not look at the poor thing without crying." That is the spirit that Grant showed when at the surrender at Appomatox he said to Gen. Lee, "As many of your soldiers are farmers and will need the horses and mules to raise the crops to keep their families from suffering next winter, let each confederate who can claim a horse or mule take it along with him." That is the spirit which last night ten thousand mothers showed to their sick children coming to give the drink at the twentieth call as cheerfully and as tenderly as at the first call. Suppose all this assemblage, and all to whom these words shall come by printers' type, should resolve to make kindness an overarching, undergirding, and all-pervading principle of their life, and then carry out the resolution, why, in six months the whole earth would feel it. People would say: "What is the matter? It seems to me that the world is getting to be a better place to live in. Why, life after all is worth living. Why, there is Shylock, my neighbor, has withdrawn his lawsuit of foreclosure against that man, and because he has had so much sickness in his family he is going to have the house for one year rent free. There is an old lawyer in that young lawyer's office, and do you know what he has gone in there for? Why, he is helping fix up a case which is too big for the young man to handle, and the white-haired attorney is hunting up previous decisions and making out a brief for the boy.

Down at the bank I heard yesterday a note was due and the young merchant could not meet it, and an old merchant went in and got for him three months' extension, which for the young merchant is the difference between bankruptcy and success in business. And in our street is an artist who had a fine picture of the rapids of Niagara, and he could not sell it, and his family were suffering, and they were themselves in the rapids, and a lady heard of it and said, "I do not need the picture, but for the encouragement of art and helping you out of your distress, I will take it" —and on the drawing room wall are the rapids of Niagara. Do you know that a strange thing has taken place in the pulpit and all the old ministers are helping the young ministers, and all the old doctors are helping the young doctors, and the farmers are assisting each other in gathering the harvest, and for that farmer who is sick the neighbors have made a "bee," so they call it, and they have all turned in to help him get his crops into the garner. And they tell me that the older and more skillful reporters who have permanent positions on papers are helping the young fellows who are just beginning to try, and don't know exactly how to do it. And after a few erasures and interpolations on the reporter's pad they say: "Now here is a readable account of that tragedy: hand it in, and I am sure the managing editor will take it." And I heard this morning of a poor old man whose three children were in hot debate as to who should take care of him in his declining days. The oldest son declared it was his right because he was the oldest, and the youngest son said it was his right because he was the youngest, and Mary said it was her right because she better understood father's vertigo, and rheumatism, and poor spells, and knew better how to nurse him, and the only way the difficulty could be settled was by the old man's promise that he would divide the year into three parts and spend a third of his time with each one of them. And neighboring stores in the same line of goods on the same block are acting kindly to each other. It seems to me that those words of Isaiah are being fulfilled when he says, "The carpenter encouraged the goldsmith, and he that smoothes with the hammer, him that smote the anvil, saying it is ready for the soldering." What is the matter? It seems to me our old world is picking up. Why, the millennium must be coming in. Kindness has gotten the victory."

My hearers, you know and I know we are far from that state of things. But why not inaugurate a new dispensation of geniality. If we cannot yet have a millennium on a large scale, let us have it on a small scale, and under our own vestments. Kindness! If this world is ever brought to God that is the thing that will do it. You cannot fret the world up, although you may fret the world down. You cannot scold it into excellence or reformation or godliness.

The east wind and the west wind were one day talking with each other, and the ease wind said to the west wind: "Don't you wish you had my power? Why, when I start they hail me by storm signals all along the coast. I can twist off a ship's mast as easily as a cow's hoofs cracks an alder. With one sweep of my wing, I have strewn the coast from Newfoundland to Kew West with parted shiptimber. I can lift and have lifted the Atlantic ocean. I am the terror of all invalidism, and to fight me back forests must be cut down for fires, and the mines of continents are called on to feed the furnaces. Under my breath the nations crouch into sepulchres. Don't you wish you had my power?" said the east wind. The west wind made no answer, but started on his mission, coming somewhere out of the rosy bowers of the sky, and all the rivers and lakes and seas smiled at its coming. The gardens bloomed, and the orchards ripened, and the wheat fields turned their silver into gold, and health clapped its hands, and joy shouted from the hill tops, and the nations lifted their foreheads into the light, and the earth had a doxology for the sky, and the sky an anthem for the earth, and the warmth, and the sparkle, and the gladness and the foliage, and the flowers, and the fruits, and the beauty, and the life, were the only answer the west wind made to the insolence of the east wind's interrogation.

Kindness to all! Surely it ought not to be a difficult grace to cultivate when we see towering above the centuries such an example that one glimpse of it ought to melt and transform all nations. Kindness brought our Lord from heaven. Kindness to miscreants, kindness to persecutors, kindness to the cripple and the blind and the cataleptic and the leprous and the dropsical and the demoniacal characterized him all the way, and on the cross, kindness to the bandits suffering on the side of him, and kindness to the executioners while yet they pushed the spear, and hammered the spikes, and howled the blasphemies. All the stories of the John Howards and the Florence Nightingales and the Grace Darlings and the Ida Lewises pale before the transcendant example of him whose birth and life and death are the greatest story that the world ever heard, and theme of the mightiest hosanna that heaven ever lifted. Yea, the very kindness that allowed both hands to be nailed to the horizontal timber of the cross with that cruel thump! thump! now stretches down from the skies those same hands filled with balm for all our wounds, forgiveness for all our crimes, rescue for all our surfdoms. And while we take this matchless kindness from God, may it be found that we have uttered our last bitter word, written our last cutting paragraph, done our last retaliatory action, felt our last revengeful heart-throb. And it would not be a bad epitaph for any of us if by the grace of God from this time forth we lived such beneficent lives that the tombstone's chisel could appropriately cut upon the plain slab that marks our grave a suggestion from the text: "He showed us no little kindness." But not until the last child of God has got ashore from the earthly storms that drove him on the rocks like Mediterranean Euroclydons, not until all the thrones of heaven are mounted, and all the conquerors crowned, and all the harps and trumpets and organs of heaven are thrummed or blown or sounded, and the ransomed of all climes and ages are in full chorus under the jubilant swing of angelic baton, and we shall for thousands of years have seen the river from under the throne rolling into the "sea of glass mingled with fire," and this world we now inhabit shall be so far in the past that only a stretch of celestial memory can recall that it ever existed at all, not until then will we understand what Nehemiah calls "the greatest kindness," and David calls "the marvellous kindness," and Isaiah calls "the everlasting kindness" of God!

The dangers of hypnotism are illustrated by a case reported in the hospital of London. An amateur at a friend's house volunteered to hypnotize another visitor, and, after two trials, succeeded so well that the subject became extremely excited, lost the power of speech, and then passed into the condition of catalepsy; subsequently he had severe convulsions. He had simply been hypnotized by being made to look at a diamond ring, and afterward the sight of anything glistening threw him into a state of violent excitement. He was treated with various remedies but at first showed no improvement. After ten days the convulsive attacks were replaced by periods during which he sang persistently; he would sing every song he knew without stopping. After a fortnight of this he had a high temperature for several days, and altogether was very ill for three weeks.

A shocking affair is reported from Vilna, in Russia, as having occurred in the neighborhood. A large tame bear, which had been trained by the servants of a country gentleman to drink votky (whisky), entered a village tavern and killed the tavern keeper and three members of his family, in a fit of intoxication. The tragedy was brought about by the owner of the tavern attempting to snatch from the bear a keg of votky, which it had commenced to drink, after staving it in with his paws. In this conflict that ensued the infuriated animal hugged to death the tavern keeper, his two sons and daughter. When the peasants arrived on the scene with guns they found the intoxicated animal asleep on the floor in a pool of blood and votky, surrounded by its four victims. The bear was immediately shot.

Do not despair of curing your sick headache when you can so easily obtain Carter's Little Liver Pills. They will effect a prompt and permanent cure. Their action is mild and natural.

If an egg be kept in strong vinegar for a short while the shell will become more or less plastic and the egg can then be rolled out sausage-like, until it be of small enough diameter to go with ease in at the mouth of a beer bottle. If cold water be then poured into the bottle the shell, the lime of which has been softened by the vinegar, will harden and return to its original shape.

OHIO PENSIONS.

Buckeye Veterans and Their Dependents Who Have Been Granted Pensions.

Washington Sept. 15.—Pensions have been granted to the following residents of Ohio:

Original—Gustav A Shane, Richard M Howard, Conklin J Stanley, Jacob Warner, Conrad Fuhr, Augustus N B Fuller, William Grey, Daniel M Shively, Spence K Hill, Charles R Smead, Thomas Brown, Andrew J Stults, Samuel W Ross, Aristus A Kingsbury (navy), John Delahanty, Wm Scheibley, Isaac Easterwood, Caleb A Hotchkiss, Milton Bickensderfer, Wesley A Seeley, James L Maison, David Smith, Josiah Murphy, Joseph Droll, Henry Van Gundy, Bennett S James (navy) Charles T Scott, Frederick K Lewis, Daniel Young, Benjamin P Radabaugh, Russell B Alexander, Israel R Waitmore, David H Moore, Philip Schattong, Joseph Miller, William R Stuebaker, Samuel Wilkins, Robert Coates, Arthur W Dean, Henry Schuyler, Alexander E Thompson, Charles H Cooper, Charles T Schonlein, William H Rice, William Rankin, Thomas Stern (navy), Elias Baxter, Theodore Van (navy), Behrend Peterson (navy), Robert Johnson (navy), Ira J Burgess (navy), John T Mead (navy), Michael Jones (navy), David H Ramsey, John Seibert, Robert A Wobinson, Henry Yeakle, John G Windsor, Mahlon Blauvelt.

Additional—James H Wood (navy), Peter Reidenbach, Jacob C Walls, Marcus Case, Anton Hiner, Edwin Season, John Barrett (navy).

Increase—Joseph F Rulon (navy).

Original widows, etc—Lucy C Morse (mother), minors of Robert H Archer.

Mexican widow—Mary J. Barnhart.

FORCE THEM OUT.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC is a remedy which is far in advance of medical science, as it has been expelling Microbi from the blood, and curing the worst diseases for 50 years, and it is only recently that the medical world have concluded that

THE ONLY WAY

to cure disease is to force out the baccilli through the PORES OF THE SKIN.

S.S.S. Never Fails to do this.

AN EDITOR | MR. W. C. CURTIS, Editor of the Mecklenburg News, at Boydton, Va., says that he has been entirely relieved from an abscess which formed in his throat, and caused intense pain, almost choking him. He could not swallow solid food, and was in a most painful condition. He says that he took only three bottles, and that it effected a complete cure.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3. Atlanta, Ga.

THE KING OF ALL COUGH CURES; DOCTOR ACKERS ENGLISH REMEDY.

Sold in England for 1s. 1½d., and in America for 25 cents a bottle.

IT TASTES GOOD.

PURE PINK PILLS Dr. Acker's English Pills Cure Sickness and Headache. Small, pleasant, a favorite with the ladies. W. H. HOOKER & CO., NEW YORK.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

PURIFIES AS WELL AS Beautifies THE SKIN. Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of forty years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

A SAD CASE.

A Terrible Fate All Can Escape.

A woman was seen to spring from a pier. Upon recovery of the body it was found to be a young woman who had been suffering from nervous weakness and prostration, and who, despondent and despairing of a cure, had committed suicide.

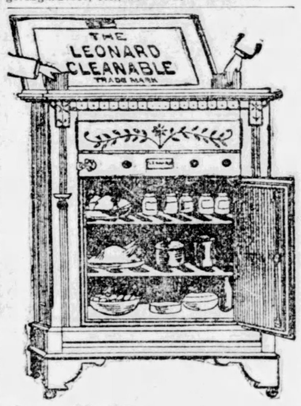
Thousands of weak, nervous and despairing women lead a life of utter mental and physical misery, caused by weakened vitality, shattered nerves, malaria and exhausted strength.

To such we would say, despair is foolish and unnecessary. All such cases can be cured by the use of the great nerve, brain and blood invigorator, Dr. Greene's Nervura. It is purely vegetable and harmless, and costs but $1.00 of druggists. Use it, you who are in hopeless despair of a cure, and it will give you a new nerve, a new vigor, a new life.

"I had terrible headaches for 30 years. They got so bad I felt that I should go insane, and made my husband promise not to put me in an asylum. I took Dr. Greene's Nervura, and now have no headache, sleep and eat well, am not nervous, my kidneys are healthy and blood pure. I was saved from that terrible fate, insanity or prostration, by this wonderful remedy, Dr. Greene's Nervura.

MRS. JENNIE ANTHONY,
21 W. Green St., Lynn, Mass."

N. B. Dr. Greene, the successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases, 35 W. 14th Street, New York, can be consulted free, personally, or by letter. Call or write him about your case, or send for symptom blank to fill out, and a letter fully explaining your disease, giving advice, etc., will be returned free.



Lawn Mowers,
Lawn Hose,
Hose Reels,
Garden Tools, Etc

Schunk, Hillenkamp & Co.,
519 and 521 MONROE ST.

BUCKEYE BREWING CO.
Brewers of Genuine
Pilsener, Export and
LAGER BEER!
TOLEDO, OHIO.
JOHN JACOBY, Supt.

Chain, Single Tree Irons, Etc.
BUY THE BEST which means the "BAKER"
Write to us for estimates on
SPECIAL FORGINGS.
Ask your Dealer for "BAKER" Chain and "BAKER" Clips, or write to
BAKER CHAIN & WAGON IRON MFG. CO., Allegheny, Pa.

J. W. CUMMINGS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Rooms 5 and 6 Kaufman Building.
37 Superior St. -: TOLEDO, O.

COTOTURLEY'S
413 ADAMS STREET.
And Leave orders for
ICE CREAM and ICES.
Churches Furnished at Special Rates.

Legal Notice.

Dennis Carty, whose place of residence is unknown, but who was last heard from at Grand Rapids, Mich., will take notice that on the 23 day of August, 1891, in the Court of Common Pleas of Lucas county, Ohio, where the same is now pending as cause No. 34731, the undersigned Millie E. Carty filed her petition praying for a divorce from him.

The said Dennis Carty will further take notice that he is required to answer the petition in said action not later than six weeks after the 31st day of August, 1891, the date of the first publication of this notice.

MILLIE E. CARTY.
Southard & Case, Attys.
aug31, sept7, 14, 21, 28, oct5

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus:

James Epps & Co. Homœopathic Chemists, LONDON, ENGLAND.

A BARGAIN
100x200 Ft. on Bancroft St.,
Between Collingwood and Parkwood Avenues, for sale cheap, for a few days.
J. Baldy, 1813 Madison St.

HAVE YOU TRIED
—THE—
A. NO. 1 PATENT Dave Barker COMPANY
BEST FLOUR MADE!
Geo. Miller & Son, Toledo Agts.

PATENTS PROCURED
—BY—
WM. WEBSTER
Patent Attorney
311 Superior Street
TOLEDO, O.
Phone 858.

We have the well earned reputation of having the Largest and Best arranged Stock of Modern and Classic Sheet Music, also Bound Volumes of such, in Toledo. Headquarters for Guitars, Banjos and Mandolins, of the leading makers.

AT PRICES JUST RIGHT.
IGNAZ FISCHER,
THE MUSIC DEALER,
229 Summit St. Ground Floor.

Notice to Contractors.

Street Grading.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon Monday,

THE 21st DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1891,

For improving the alley between Hamilton street and Tecumseh street from the west gutter line of Division street to the east gutter line of Lenk street by grading the same its full width to the established grade and providing the necessary drainage, culverts, etc.

Also, for improving the Brown road from the center of Oak street to the center of Miami street by grading the same its full width to the established grade and providing the necessary drainage, culverts, etc.

Also, for improving Tracy street from the center of the Brown road to the southerly city line by grading the same its full width to the established grade and providing the necessary culverts, drainage, etc.

Also, for improving Wayne street from the northerly gutter line of Western avenue to the westerly city line by grading the sidewalk beds on both sides to the established grade and providing the necessary drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid for that part of the improvement lying in the street intersections in cash within ninety days after the acceptance of the work, and the remainder of the cost will be paid in an assessment levied upon the abutting property in two installments, one-half in ten days after the passage of the assessing ordinance and the remainder in one year thereafter, excepting the alley between Hamilton street and Tecumseh street and Wayne street from Western avenue to the city line, which is payable in ten days after the passage of the assessing ordinance.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done (or double the amount of deposit) is reported to the Common Council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN,
City Clerk.

"OAK RIDGE,"
GREEN SPRING, O.
Grounds and Spring unsurpassed. Excellent Cuisine, Passenger Elevator, Baths and experienced attendants. Medical Superintendent. Model Health Resort and Medical Sanitarium.
$12 to $21 Per Week.
KING & HOUSEL, Owners.

VOCAL LESSONS.
Mr. Whiting will continue his vocal lessons through the summer. This will give an opportunity for pupils or others wishing to study through the vacation. Address 609 Madison street or call at parlors of First Congregational church.

Manhood Restored.
Small weak organs Enlarged, Free Remedy. A victim of youthful errors causing Emissions, lack of vigor and development, Nervous Debility, Varicocele, etc., will gladly send (sealed) Free to all sufferers a recipe that cured him after all other remedies failed. Address with stamp, L. A. BRADLEY, Grocer, Battle Creek, Mich.

MAN,
If from self abuse while young, or over indulgence in later years you have become sexually weak, and would be made strong—if you are strong but would be more vigorous, send four cents in stamps, for our Medical Book, and List of Questions, which will be sent free, sealed, and in a plain envelope, secure from observation. Address,
THE EVANS MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

FOR MEN ONLY. A NEW BOOK ON "Diseases of Men and Women." Only method to enlarge and strengthen weak, stunted, undeveloped organs and parts of the body. Also, the cause, effect, cure for nervousness, seminal weakness, spermatorrhœa, impotency, etc., copied to stay cured. Every condition of robust and noble manhood fully restored, unless previously exhausted. Many testify from 47 States and Territories, and foreign countries. You can write them. It may be the means of your life if you fail to answer this and investigate a form of treatment which is an absolutely unfailing as any human agency can be. Readers of this paper who write us a full faith, and desire it, can have Invaluable 132 p. book, sealed from observation, free of charge. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., Cor. of Main and Swan streets, BUFFALO, N. Y.

WEAK MEN CURED.
NO ELECTRIC NONSENSE.
NO STOMACH DRUGGING.
Send at once for sealed treatise FREE of The Common Sense Home Cure, for all weakness of men. A certain permanent cure for nervous debility, lost manhood, impotency, varicocele, etc. WEAK ORGANS ENLARGED and complete cure guaranteed. We furnish the best of references. Address ALBION PHARMACY CO., Lock Box 69, ALBION, MICH.

Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Big G is acknowledged the leading remedy for Gonorrhœa & Gleet. The only safe remedy for Leucorrhœa or Whites. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. A. J. STONER, M. D., Cincinnati, O. Sold by Druggists. Mfd only by THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. U. S. A.

Notice to Contractors.

Fifteen Street Paving.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 21st DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1891,

for improving Fifteenth street, from the paving in Madison street to the paving in Adams street, by paving the central twenty-four feet thereof with either cedar blocks or vitrified fire-brick, together with the necessary grading, curbing, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after completion of the work and acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hund

SOMETHING OF PEACHES.

How to Take Care of the Luscious Fruit.

The Proper Time to Can Them and Preserve Them—Views of an Expert.

It is now the season of peaches, and in spite of the tales of dealers and fruit-growers interested in Delaware crops, we have every evidence about us of an abundant supply of this delicious fruit. One of the nicest and simplest desserts we have is a peach pudding. Make a tender dough of a pint of pastry flour in which half a teaspoonful of soda and a rounded teaspoonful of cream of tartar has been mixed. Rub a teaspoonful of butter through the flour; add a teaspoonful of salt. Wet the mixture with a scant cup of cream; roll this biscuit dough out till it is about an inch thick. Peel and slice two quarts of very ripe peaches, and add a half cup of water to them, and a bit of butter the size of a walnut. Put them in a broad, shallow, porcelain-lined kettle, and set them where they will come to the boiling point rapidly. As soon as they begin to boil cover them with the biscuit dough; cover the dish closely, and let them cook in this way for 25 minutes. Then serve them. This dessert, therefore, should be cooking while the dinner is being served. When ready to serve them remove the cover of biscuit dough and lay it on the dessert platter, and pour the stewed peaches over it. Have ready a nice butter and sugar sauce to serve with it, or use simply rich sweetened cream.

A French fruit pudding, of which a batter quite similar to that used in the boiled pasts of cream cakes is the foundation, will be found to be very delicious. Boil in a saucepan a cupful of milk, add two large tablespoonfuls of butter, and when the butter is melted stir in two cups of pastry flour thoroughly. Remove from the fire and add the yelks of three eggs, one by one. Add two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar, then a gill of cold milk, and finally the whites of the three eggs beaten stiff. Have ready eight lusciously ripe peaches, peeled and sliced. Butter a truncated pyramid mold holding three pints. Put in layer of the batter half an inch thick in the bottom and cover it with a layer of peaches. Then add another layer of the batter, then another layer of peaches, and so continue till the preparation is all used. The top layer should be one of batter. Put the cover on the mold and set it in a pot of boiling water to steam for one hour; or if more convenient the cover may be left off and the mold may be set in a hot oven in half its height of boiling water, and left to cook in this way. A rich brandy or wine sauce should be served with this pudding. A Kirsch sauce is very nice with it. To make this sauce, put in a saucepan two cups of water and a cup of sugar. Bring it to the boiling point. When it boils thoroughly add in even tablespoonful of cornstarch, mixed with half a cup of water. Beat the mixture with a fork till it boils again, and when it is boiled about three minutes add half a gill of Kirsch. Beat the sauce well and strain it through a sieve or gravy strainer. In place of Kirsch a wine-glass of brandy may be added and a tablespoonful of butter.

It is a common thing to come across recipes for iced peaches and other iced fruits in the popular recipe books of the day. There is a refreshing sound about it, but in point of fact any one who tests these recipes will find that there is no more effective way of taking the flavor out of any fruit than to freeze it. Neither is there anything especially appetizing in the hard, icy bits which are the result of packing fruit in a freezer in salt and ice, no matter how well it is mixed with cream and sugar. The only method by which fresh fruit can be satisfactorily served in an ice cream is to prepare the ice cream first and add the fruit juice before it is put on the table; stirring it through thoroughly. A more satisfactory manner, probably, is to scoop out a hollow in the center of a mold of ice cream, and to fill it with fresh strawberries, peaches, pineapples or other fruit in season, properly sweetened and chilled, but not frozen. Even the hard cooking fruits used in the preserves and other pie fillings must be soaked 12 hours in brandy or some liquor before they are used, to prevent their being turned into bits of ice in the process of freezing. Of course fresh fruits could be treated in this way, but they would be no longer fresh but brandied fruit. Some fruit juices make delicious water ices, sherbets, as strawberries and pineapples, but peach juice does not bear to be so made of the flavor of the fruit as some other fruit juices, and it is so evanescent that it is likely to be lost in boiling.

An expert tells us that the best time to select peaches for canning or preserving is from the 1st of September to the 20th. The varities that come in at this time keep better and are better suited to preserving. A rich, yellow peach makes a very nice pickle and a good preserve; but old-fashioned housekeepers usually prefer the white Heath or Morris cling stones for preserving, though not for pickling. Yellow peaches make the best marmalade. Peaches are nice either canned in a light sirup or preserved in a heavy sirup.

To can them be sure to select perfectly ripe ones. Before peeling them prepare a sirup made in the proportion of seven pounds of granulated sugar to five pints of cold water. Stir this over the fire and let it boil for five minutes. Set it back and begin preparing the peaches. Have the cans before you as you work. Peel peaches enough to fill one can. As you peel a peach cut it in two, leaving the pit in one of the halves, and dropping both halves in the can. Continue till the can is full, then pour hot sirup over them to the brim. Put on the cover without the rubber. Continue to fill cans in this way till about ten or twelve are ready. Have a large, flat-bottomed boiler on hand (a clothes boiler will do very well for this purpose). It is convenient to have an open wooden rack fitted to the bottom of the boiler, but if you have none, flat strips of wood laid lengthwise, on which the cans may rest, will do. Set the cans in the boiler, side by side, separating them from each other, however, by kitchen towels or by wisps of straw, which will prevent them from knocking together while they are boiling. Fill the boiler up to the necks of the cans with water of about the temperature of the sirup. After the water around the cans begins to boil it should continue to do so for 20 minutes, when the peaches will be done. Lift the cans, one by one, onto a table. It will be found on examination that the peaches have absorbed considerable of the sirup, and that there is quite a space at the top of the cans. Have sirup ready on the stove, boiling hot, and lift the cans, one at a time, into a pan of boiling water beside it. Open the can; fill it up to the brim with this sirup; put on the rubber and seal it up. Wipe it off and set it back on the table. Treat all the cans in this way, screwing them up as tightly as you possibly can. As they cool screw them again; and when they are cold, before they are put away, test them thoroughly to see if they can be tightened any more. It is a good plan to fold a layer of cotton batting over the top of each can. This may save the contents of some defective can, into which air germs otherwise might intrude and cause its contents to ferment. Peaches have a much finer flavor and look much better when the pits are left in. These can easily be removed when the contents of the can are turned out to be served. Some people prefer to tear open the halves of their canned or preserved peaches rather than to cut them even with a silver knife.

A preserved peach is quite a different article from a canned one, although the two processes are so often confounded. A preserved peach depends for its preservation on the quantity of sugar used rather than upon its being sealed up like a canned peach in an air-tight can. To preserve peaches, prepare a sirup three-quarters of the weight of the peaches used. Put the sugar over to boil, adding a cup of cold water to every pound of sugar. Beat the white of two eggs, with their egg-shells, and stir them into the cold sugar and water. Place the sirup where it will come to a boiling point very slowly. An iron kettle, lined with porcelain, is the best thing to cook it in. Stir the sirup often while it is coming to the boiling point, but the moment it boils cover the kettle closely, and draw it back where the sirup will merely simmer or bubble up only at the sides of the kettle. Leave it to cook this way for half an hour. Then remove the cover and skim off the thick white scum which will cover the sirup. The remainder is clarified sirup, and is the proper sirup to be used to preserve so rich a fruit as peaches. Pare the peaches, dropping them one by one as they are peeled and halved into a pan of acidulated water, or water in which a teaspoonful of wine-vinegar is mixed to the quart. This prevents the peaches from turning black while peeling. Do not leave in the pits in preserving, but crack one-third of them, selecting firm and sound ones. Blanch the kernals and add them to the sirup. Cook the peaches in the sirup till they are tender enough to be pierced easily with a straw, but not till they break to pieces. Set cans or jars in pans of boiling water, fill them with the hot peaches, set them away immediately till they are cold, then cover them with brandied paper and seal them up, or you may seal them up boiling hot, as in canning, if you prefer. They will keep in either way, but the first is the old-fashioned way, and most old families prefer it.

It is not generally known that a delicious jelly may be made from the parings of any rich peaches. Put the parings in a jar and set the jar in boiling water. Let them boil for half an hour, or until all the juice is drawn out of them. Strain and measure this juice, and allow a pound of sugar to a pint of juice. Boil the juice for 20 minutes, and then add the sugar, which has been heating in the oven, and continue the boiling for a minute or two, or until it jellies. If you are tired, as you are likely to be after preserving peaches, simply extract the juice from the parings and set it in the refrigerator until the next day. It will not be injured by keeping 24 hours, and some people think it will be improved.—New York Tribune.

FINE SPORT IN THE NORTH.

Excellent Catches of Fish in the Maine Streams and Along Her Coasts.

This month always brings with it a new hope for the fishermen. All the joys of seeking the trout in the deep pools of southern New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey are practically new, and sport has become synonymous with work. But the labor done in this cause repays one. A struggle for the splendid fish which come to the hook along the Maine and New Hampshire shores is worth while, for the bluefish which have gone north from the New Jersey and Long Island coasts are deserving of a struggle. Besides, a journey north is prolific of the handsomest results, for when the salt water fish give out and lose their interest in the bait the fishermen have the splendid opportunity of changing their devotion to the denizens of the thousands of streams and pools that lie among the hill and forests of the New England states. For, notwithstanding the lateness of the season, the fresh water fish along the Canadian border are showing a gaminess which is in remarkable contrast to their habits earlier in the season. Sportsmen who have gone into the Maine woods this year have been very greatly disappointed until the last week, when their disappointment changed into an unqualified surprise at the briskness of the sport. The same condition exists in the northern districts of Vermont and New Hampshire. There the streams are swifter and the fish are larger, but they are by no means so plentiful. The reason for this is that the fishing has been overdone there this summer. The sportsmen began going into these regions early in June and have kept it up with great assiduity ever since. The state authorities declare that they will stop this ill advised course of the local authorities permitting absolutely free fishing, and so in the course of two or three years the tourists will again have an opportunity to sound the praises of the Yankee streams.

Along the New Jersey shore there is still some good sport with the blackfish, but the fishing confines itself almost entirely to these. The bluefish and sea bass are extremely scarce, the catching of one being a decided exception to the run of the day's catch.

Jamaica bay, because it has been protected to a very considerable extent by the game clubs along its shores, still furnishes excellent sport, and a visit will repay the fisherman for a day's outing there. The bluefish and blackfish there are very large and gamy, and the anglers who have gone there within the last few days came back with very promising yarns.

There have been several desperate attempts made last week to secure a good day's sport in the Great South bay, but without any other result than the most melancholy disappointment. Fishing in this beautiful sheet of water has been practically destroyed by the menhaden smacks that ply their trade near the inlet and either catch or scare away everything with fins that comes within their reach.

GENTLE GIANTS.

A Race of Men Who Were Physically and Morally Our Superiors.

The Guanches, the inhabitants of the Canary Islands, are said to be the remnants of the ancient race who 10,000 years ago peopled the drowned continent of Atlantis, says the Cornhill Magazine. They are reported to have been strong and handsome, and of extraordinary agility of movement, of remarkable courage, and of a loyal disposition; but they showed the credulity of children and the simple directness of cowards. So tall were they that the Spaniards speak of them as giants, and their strength and endurance were so great that they conquered by stratagem, but not by force. They ran as fast as horses, and could leap over a pole held between two men 5 or 6 feet high; they could climb the highest mountains and jump the deepest ravines.

Their endurance as swimmers was so great that they were accustomed to swim across the nine-mile strait between the Lacerote and Graciosa; having no boats their method of fishing was to strike the fish with sticks or darts, or catch them in their hands while swimming. Their skulls, which are preserved in the museums of the island, and of which I took photographs, show marked cerebral development, the frontal and parietal bones being well developed and the facial angle good. In the early days of the conquest, before rapine and murder had done their vile work, the Guanches are spoken of as teeming musical and fond of dancing and singing.

Though so strong physically, the Guanches were nevertheless a very gentle race; they rarely made war with one another, and when the Europeans fell into their hands they did not kill them, but sent them to tend sheep in the mountains. So tame were the birds in this happy land that when the Spaniards first landed they came and fed out of their hands. To kill an animal degraded a man; the butcher was a reprieved criminal and an outcast and lived apart, he and his assistant being supported by the state. No woman was allowed to approach the shambles, and in such horror was killing held by these gentle giants that no man could be ennobled until he had publicly declared that he had not been guilty of killing any animal, not even a goat.

Their standard of morality was high; they were monogamists and adultery was punished by imprisonment and death; robbery was almost unknown among them and drunkenness not yet invented. The Guanches were bound by law to treat woman with the greatest respect, and a man was obliged to make way for every woman he met walking, to bear her burdens, and deferentially to escort her home should she wish it. If a Guanche were ennobled for any great deed the people were assembled on the occasion and among the questions asked, to which a negative answer must be given before the patent of nobility was granted, was: "Has he ever been disrespectful to women?" The women are not celebrated as having been beautiful, but they were almost as agile and strong as the men. Even in war the women and children were protected and pillage was forbidden.

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Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

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SPERMATORRHŒA, quickly and PROSTRATORRHŒA radically cured.

NIGHT EMISSIONS and SEXUAL WEAKNESS thoroughly and completely cured and a perfect restoration to health and manly vigor guaranteed.

RHEUMATISM, LAME BACK, SCIATICA, PARALYSIS, NEURALGIA, ASTHMA, DISEASES of the THROAT, LIVER, KIDNEYS, HEART and LUNGS quickly relieved and permanently cured.

THIS IS THE BEST equipped, the largest and most reliable Medical dispensary in the United States for the cure of the above named diseases as well as OLD SORES and ULCERS, FEVER SORES, ECZEMA, BARBER'S ITCH, etc., which are by the mode of treatment practiced at this institution rapidly and radically cured.

THE TREATMENT given at this Dispensary is peculiarly our own and is different from that given by any medical practitioner, the remedies used being the discoveries of our Dr. Samuel Charles Evans, who has given all of the best years of his life to their production and perfection. They are infallible. Their efficacy is amply attested by the thousands of cures that have been performed by our treatment. No one need suffer from the many ills above enumerated because we can guarantee a cure if the sufferer will but call at our Dispensary or write us.

OUR GUARANTEE IS NO CURE NO PAY. In proof of which we are willing and anxious to take the cases of RESPONSIBLE AFFLICTED PERSONS ON THAT BASIS. Those suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, the symptoms of which are a dull, distressed mind, which unfits them for performing the business and social duties of life, making happy marriages an utter impossibility, causing depression of spirits, evil forebodings of the future, feeling as tired in the morning as when retiring; lost manhood, trembling, confusion of thoughts, watery and weak eyes, constipation, pimples, pain and weakness in the limbs, etc., should consult us at once and immediately be restored to strong, vigorous MANHOOD.

YOUNG MEN

Who are victims of SOLITARY VICE—that fearful and health destroying habit which in each year of its ravages sweeps thousands upon thousands of young men of brilliant mind, great talent, strong manhood and bright prospects for the future to an early grave. All who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary vice should call at our Dispensary at once or on their inability to conveniently do that write for a correct list of questions, known as our "List of Questions" and Medical Book, which will, on receipt of four cents in postage stamps, be mailed under cover of plain wrap. Letters sent free from observation. All cases and correspondence are treated with the confidence that our high reputation guarantees they will receive. Our remedies are safely packed in plain packages and sent to our patients in all parts of the country. Call on or address THE EVANS PRIVATE DISPENSARY, Cleveland, O.

Ask my agents for W. L. Douglas Shoes. If not for sale in your place ask your dealer to send for catalogue, secure the agency and get them for you.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

WHY IS THE W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet, made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and *because we make more shoes of this kind than any other manufacturer*, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom made shoes costing from $5.00 to $9.00.

$3.50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2.25 and $2.00 Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they are the best, on account of their merits as the increasing sales show.

Ladies $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best French imported shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

Ladies' $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola. Stylish and durable.

Caution—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

S. W. NETTLETON, 121 SUMMIT ST.
Our Agent for Toledo.

GEO. F. C. KLUEPPINGER,

Sole Manufacturer of

Weis's Patent Skylights!

Patented Oct. 8, 1889.

No Sweating or Dripping from any cause.

Manufacturer of

Klueppinger's Patent Feed Steamer for Stock

GALVANIZED IRON CORNICES AND SHEET METAL WORKS.
FIRST-CLASS SLATE ROOFING.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

130 OTTAWA STREET

L. H. MEINERT
501—SUMMIT ST.—503

We make the following flavors in Ice Creams and Ices:

ICE CREAMS.	ICES.
Vanilla.	Lemon.
Chocolate.	Orange Flower.
Coffee.	Peach.
Strawberry.	Pine Apple.
Raspberry.	Raspberry.
Pistache.	Strawberry.
Hazelnut.	Maraschino.
Tutti Frutti.	Tutti Frutti.
Nesselrode.	Apricot.
Maraschino.	Coffee.
	Cherry.

Roman Punch and Biscuit Glaces. Charlotte de Russe, in individual forms, either in paper case or in mould.

Delivered Promptly to all parts of the city shipped to surrounding towns.

MANHOOD!

How Lost! How Regained!

A Great Medical Work for Young and Middle-Aged Men. New Edition.

KNOW THYSELF.

Or SELF-PRESERVATION. A new and only Gold Medal PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, ERRORS of YOUTH, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, PREMATURE DECLINE, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MAN. 300 pages, cloth, gilt; 125 invaluable prescriptions. Only $1.00 by mail, double sealed. Descriptive Prospectus with endorsements of the Press and voluntary testimonials of the cured. FREE! SEND NOW.

Consultation in person or by mail. Expert treatment. INVIOLABLE SECRECY and CERTAIN CURE. Address Dr. W. H. Parker, or The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass., or Post Office Box 1926.

HEAL THYSELF

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators but no equal.—*Herald.* (Copyrighted.)

J. B. MARSTON,
CIVIL ENGINEER
No. 833 Superior St., near Masonic Temple.

THE EVANS PRIVATE DISPENSARY.

(See boilerplate above.)

TRAVELER'S REGISTER.

Corrected by William Gates, Boody House Ticket office.

All trains run on Central Standard time which is 28 minutes slower than City time.

Trains marked * (star) daily. Trains marked † daily except Sunday. Trains marked ‡ daily except Saturday.

From Pennsylvania Station

Pennsylvania Lines.

Depot, Dumaul, Chestnut and Mulberry sts.

Depart for Pittsburg, { Atlantic Express, 7 25 a m
Baltimore, Washington, { 3 a m, Day Express, 9 35 a m
Philadelphia, New York { 9 p m, Fast Line, *9 p m
Arrive

The Bee

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of THE BEE, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes.

Advertisements of Wants, For Rent, For Sale, Lost, Found, etc., not exceeding four lines (28 words), will be inserted in these columns for 50 cents a week, two weeks $1; one month $2. For one insertion 30 cents, two times 40 cents, three times 50 cents and four times 60 cents will be charged. Over four lines at proportionate rates, payable in advance. Parties desiring situations will be given three insertions free.

No credits allowed for advertisements ordered in for a certain number of times and stopped before expiration.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head:
Once, 5cts; Three times, 10cts; Six times 15cts.

CARPENTER—Wanted the name and address of a carpenter who is competent to do repair work from plans and specifications; about 8 days' work; union man preferred. Address Unionist, this office. 15sep5p

WANTED—Buffers on chandelier work. Central Chandelier Co. 15sep5

WANTED—A man for general work; must have experience in tending bar. Inquire 16 South St Clair st. 14sept4p

PORTER WANTED—An experienced porter. Address D, 20 Bee office. 12sep3

WANTED—For the United States army able-bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35 years; good pay, rations, clothing and medical attendance; applicants must be prepared to furnish satisfactory evidence as to age, character and habits. Apply at 4th floor, Bass block, Calhoun st, Ft Wayne, Ind. 3jly6m

WANTED—Al coat, pants and vest makers, union men preferred; sack, 36 up; D B frock, 39 to 42; vests $1 50 to $2.25; pants, $1.50 to $2.50; also clerk in store who has a knowledge of cutting. Address or call, John F Golster, Jackson, Mich. 9sepsp

SOLICITOR—Wanted, advertising solicitor to travel: north until November, then in the southern state; experienced man preferred. Call after 9 o'clock this evening. J M House, 618 Madison st 14sepsp

COATMAKERS wanted—First-class workmen; also a bushelman to work by the week. Call at 418 Madison street. Joe Buter. 1sep3

WANTED—Ten good men at quarries of Toledo Glass Sand Co, near Sylvania; wages $1 35 per day; board $5 per week. 29aug tf

1000 MEN Wanted—To be measured for a custom made pant at $3 or suit at $13 25 at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co., 603 Adams st. 10augtfmp

WIRE WORKERS—Wanted 3 experienced wire workers at the American Brass and Metal Works, Detroit, Mich. 21jy tf

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—A girl for general housework; small family. Inquire at 1319 Monroe st. 15sep2p

NURSE GIRL—Wanted, nurse girl; good, bright nurse girl. Apply at 2024 Collingwood ave. Mrs W B Geroe. 15sep5p

WANTED—Several experienced girls at 123 and 125 St Clair st. Wendt & Raush.

WANTED—A girl for general housework; bring your recommendations and call in evening at 1:4 29th st, between Jefferson and Monroe. 15sep2p

WANTED—Apprentice girls and plain sewing girls at 317 18th st. 11sep5p

WANTED—A kitchen girl and laundress, one who is a first class washer and ironer at the Aubry house, 417-419 Oak st. 14sat2pp

WANTED—Two experienced dining room girls. The Jefferson. 14sep2

WANT a girl or woman for general house work. Call at 36 South Superior street. Otto Banse. 12sep3p

EXPERIENCED SECOND GIRL—Wanted; must come well recommended. Call between 7 and 9 in the evening at 806 Huron st, cor Walnut. 14sep3

WANTED—Girl who understands washing, ironing and cooking. Mrs N L Ries, 222 Erie st, between Jefferson and Madison. 14sep3p

WANTED—A neat young girl to assist in general housework; no washing; references required. Mrs Henry W De Vore 2333 Glenwood ave. 12s p6p

WANTED—A competent girl to do general housework; must bring references. Apply evenings 1715 Adams st, corner 18th 12sep3

GIRLS—Wanted, four girls to learn cane seating in the rattan department. Toledo Iron Wheel Co. 12sep tf

WANTED—Girls for hotel and general housework. Situations furnished free of charge. City Employment office, 809 Summit st. 11sep6p

WANTED—Tailoress, to work in shop. Address D 100, care Bee. 9sep6p

DINING ROOM GIRL—Wanted at Hotel Montreal 9sep6p

LADIES who will do writing for me at their own home will guarantee good wages. Address with self-addressed envelope Miss Edna L Smythe, South Bend, Ind, proprietor of the famous Gloria water for the complexion. 8sep12

WANTED—Good German girl to do kitchen and laundry work; must be a good cook; good wages. Mrs Chas T Lewis, 153 Prescott st. 18aug tf

WIVES—Wanted—To tell their husbands to get their clothes made at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co., 603 Adams st. Suits, $13 25; pants, $3. 10augtfmp

WANTED—At 921 or general housework at 952 Huron st, corner Lagrange. 9june tf

FOR RENT ROOMS.

ROOM—Nicely furnished front room with board, suitable for one or two gentlemen, at 922 Huron st, between Adams and Madison; references required. 15sep3p

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room suitable for two gentlemen or man and wife; on bath room floor. 712 Madison st, next to Hotel Madison. 13sep6p

FOR RENT—Desk room or part of desirable office at The Mutual Fire Association, 241 Superior. 11sep6p

FOR RENT—Turner hall club room, for clubs, parties or secret societies. Inquire Louis John, 425 St Clair st. 14aug3m

OFFICES—For rent, rooms 1 and 2 Worthington block, corner Adams and Superior sts. Inquire of Dr E M Cook. 10aug tf

MISCELLANEOU

FIRE, accident, plate glass and life insurance; houses and stores for rent and sale; lots in Dawson's addition, Dorr, Wisconsin and Missouri sts on easy terms. C C & H B ("Bert") Dawson, 2 Drummond block, opposite postoffice, phone 1288. 15sep12

MEXICAN COCKROACH DESTROYER—Guaranteed to thoroughly exterminate roaches in from 5 to 10 days in every instance. For sale at Richmond & Strongs, druggists, 601 Monroe street. 12sep6p

STAMPS, corporate seals and stencils, all kinds and sizes; a large style of letters to select from; prices low; work finished promptly. Wyman Boardman, 409 St Clair st, near Adams. 18aug1m

WANTED—Citizens of Toledo to know that Koella the artist has moved from Fourth ward to Hassenzahl's block, 324 Cherry st. Call if you want fine photography. 26aug1m

ANY ONE having money to loan on improved city or farm property at good rates will find it to their interest to call on T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison st. No charge for investment. 17augtf

FOR THE BEST—Tomato catsup ever made, and for the finest delicacies in cheese, fish, etc., go to A. Rensch & Co., 607 Monroe street. Wholesale and retail. 13aug1m

FOR RENT—Turner hall club room. Inquir Louis John, 425 St Clair st. 7aug1m

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7apr1yr

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationery, art goods, cigars and tobaccos at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 31jan1y

GEORGE W. MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 73 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. Jan1tf

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order, delivered in any part of city; will set in position if desired. Phone 341. The Merrell Manufacturing Co, Curtis st. 27mar1y

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A white and black spotted hound bitch, with long, black ears and tail cut off; answers to the name of Fanny. Finder please return to Thomas Ohrman, 301 Hamilton st and receive reward, or to W S Melchior & Co, 609 Monroe st. 14sep3p

LOST—Near Forest cemetery, female scotch terrier, nickel plated chain, collar and padlock. Liberal reward for return to 323 Michigan st. 14sep1p

LOST—Gold eyeglass and chain, on Dorr st or Collingwood ave. Please return to 1921 Parkwood ave 9sept tf

BUSINESS CHANCE.

PHOTOGRAPHER—We have the best paying photograph gallery in Detroit for sale; profits last year over $6,000; returning from business only reason for selling. Apply at once, Rothwell & Co, 92 Griswold st, Detroit, Mich 13sep6p

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY—To loan on real estate in large or small amounts at low rate of interest. T. J. Merrell, 512 Madison st. 17Augtf

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 16may tf

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR SALE OR RENT—At a bargain, a beautiful modern home; 150 feet front; corner to barn, gas, water, etc, etc. Central ave near Collingwood. Sam T Fisk, 311 Madison st. 7aug1m

FOR SALE.

PORK and cider barrels for sale. Inquire at Buckeye tobacco works. 15sep6p

DO YOU WANT A BARGAIN—If you do, we can give it to you; large 12-room house, new, natural gas up and down stairs, elegant cellar, lot 42x132 to an alley, on Lagrange near Page, street paved, etc etc. Chas J Kirschner & Co, 512 Madison st. 15sep6

FOR SALE—Saloon, doing a big business, will sell cheap if sold at once. S Canfield, room 2, Marine building, foot of Jefferson st, Toledo, O 14sept3p

COUNTER—For sale, a 19 foot counter and a 10-foot showcase, at Igo Fischer's music store 14sep2p

FOR SALE—In 7th ward, house of 9 rooms, bath room, cellar, city water, well and cistern, both kinds of gas, good barn, convenient to street cars; $3,500 cash if taken soon. Address A B, Box 97, Toledo. 14sep6p

FOR SALE—House in process of erection in desirable neighborhood of the 9th ward; will arrange rooms and finish to suit, and sell on reasonable terms. 13sep6p

FOR SALE—7 room house in Ewing place, new and well built, street cars convenient, neighborhood good; will sell for $1,800 on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Good 1½-story frame residence on Cantrell st, near Western ave, 6 rooms, nicely arranged, house well located and in good condition; will sell at very reasonable price. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—New cottage of 6 rooms on South st near Summer st, a short distance from Union depot and railroad grounds; price $1,800 on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Cottage of 6 rooms on Anna st near Western ave, lot 30x134; will sell on monthly payments at very reasonable figures. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$1,800 will buy a new 7-room house in first-class location on Indiana ave, lot 30 feet front, sewerage in, natural gas pipes laid, street cars pass the door; on terms of payment will suit you. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Only $900, payable monthly, will buy a new, good and substantial cottage of 6 rooms on South st near M C railroad crossing; good lot and prominent street, natural gas, street cars convenient. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—New house at Air Line Junction for $1,650, well built, 8 rooms and good cellar, lot 30 feet front; if you want a first-class place cheap see this one. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On monthly payments, good house on Western ave near Gibbons st; a trifle more than rent will buy this place, 7 rooms, lot 30 feet front, street cars past the property. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—House on Boyd st, near M C R'y, 6 rooms, new, lot 30x120; everything in good condition; will sell at reasonable terms on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—For $850, a good 5-room cottage on Hiett ave, near Walbridge ave, well built and nicely located, lot 30 feet front; will sell on long time if desired. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—A very desirable 7-room house on Western ave, near Curtis st; electric cars, stores, schools and business convenient; will sell on very reasonable terms to the right parties. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—New cottage on Delance st, East Toledo, five rooms, convenient and nicely arranged, large lot, will sell on monthly payments for $900. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—At Air Line Junction, a new cottage of five rooms, for $750 on monthly payments, lot 30 ft front. If you want this place see us soon. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$1,500 will buy a beautiful cottage of 6 rooms on Rhower st, in first-class neighborhood, two lines of street cars convenient. Let us show you the place. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Cottage on Empire street near Adams street. Six rooms; will sell at reasonable price, on long time if desired. Get our figures Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Cottage of 5 rooms on Orchard street, a short distance from Broadway. Lot 30x142. Price $1,100, on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

EXCELLENT FARM FOR SALE—120 acres, large house, good barn, granary and outbuildings, cellar, an excellent well, river Raisin forms a horse shoe around the farm; 20 acres river bottom; black loam and clay soil; can be bought at a bargain; will exchange in part for city property; farm is located near Petersburg, Mich. Chas J Kirschner & Co, 512 Madison st.

FOR SALE—Pheaton, Cooney make, in good repair, 2 sleighs, one for delivery, harness nearly new; all very cheap. Call 2117 Jefferson street. 11sep6p

FOR SALE—House and lot No 1611 22d st, near Monroe. M C Moore. 10sep3p

FOR SALE—The saloon of the late Charles Chase, 922 Summit st. 9sep6p

FOR SALE—Cheap, 1 road cart, 1 single and 1 double buggy. Inquire 1154 Dorr st. 14sep3p

FARM—For sale a farm of 100 acres, half mile south of Gibsonburg, O. This land is in the center of the natural gas and oil basin of this region. Unsurpassed location for stone quarries and sites for lime kilns, half a mile from railroad track; 80 acres of the tract the best quality of farming land. Also 111 acres of land situated near Neapolis, Lucas county, O. Address Dr S B, or Della Taylor, Fremont, O. 9sep1m

ENGINE—For sale, engine, 40-horse power engine with 8-foot fly-wheel, in good running order, cheap. Call or address Goulet & Co, 505 St Clair st, Toledo, O. 8sep1m

SPLENDID FARM—For sale, close to Shelburn, containing 80 acres; price $40 per acre, or one nearly adjoining containing 86 acres, price $30 per acre. For particulars address G Downes, Shelburn, Sullivan Co, Ind. No agents. 2sep1p

FARM—For sale, of 244 acres, nicely located in Ohio, with good house, two barns, three wells, two orchards, one living spring. This property has also another house good enough for family to live in, with two barns; has a sugar bush of 1,000 maple trees, and considerable beech, maple and elm timber. To a purchaser I can give a better deal than can be found anywhere in the country. Would not object to taking a moderate priced house and lot well located in this city as part payment. For particulars and price address George B St John, 1925 Warren st, Toledo Ohio. 31augtfmp

FOR SALE—Grocery store doing a good business and located in one of the best parts of the city; not over $800 or $900 cash needed. Address C 36, Bee office. 24jy tf

PROPERTY—For sale; house and lot on Walbridge ave, $1,900; house and lot on Washington st, $2,900; 73 ft on Collingwood, near Delaware ave, at $80; 100 ft on Robinwood, near Bancroft at $80; house and lot on Lee st, 2d ward, $1,400; 3 new cottages now being built on East Broadway for $1,000 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving & Russell, 16 Produce Exchange. 28augtf

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 50x121. Call at 518 Adams street. 21mar tf

FOR RENT—HOUSE.

HOUSE—For rent, one-half of brick house, cor of Stickney and Huron, 7 rooms, up and down stairs, good cellar, all conveniences; information on the premises. 13sep5p

FOR RENT—House of 8 rooms, No 837 Lafayette st; all modern conveniences and street cars pass the door; $13 per month. Inquire of Patrick Watters, 442 Lafayette st, or at the saloon cor Erie and Washington sts. 15sep3p

FOR RENT—An elegant house, centrally located, newly papered, 11 rooms, modern conveniences, first-class neighborhood; price $40. W. L. Holbrook, room 3, Gardner Place. 12sep6

FOR RENT—Two comfortable furnished rooms with all modern conveniences. Call 211 Ontario st. 14 ep3

FOR RENT—At reasonable price, furnished rooms suitable for one or two gentlemen or man and wife. 2067 Adams st. 14sep6p

FOR RENT—A pleasant furnished bed room suitable for one gentleman. 324 15th st between Adams and Madison. 14sep3p

FOR RENT—Store, No 2141 Monroe st, opposite Spohn's drug store. This is the best outside point in the city for a first-class butcher shop. Will rent or sell fixtures. Inquire 2119 Bartlett st 9sep6p

FOR RENT—A large new boarding house and bar room, in the city of Findlay, near factories; free gas. Address M C Mackey, Findlay, O. 4sep9p

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1225 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient to public business. Apply to W. Grainger, 305 Summit st. 4apr tf

WANTED—SITUATION

A GOOD LAUNDRESS would like table linen, towels or any kind of washing to take home. Address 803 Wisconsin st. 15sep3

WANTED—Situation by a young man or 18 years as clerk in store or to drive delivery wagon; have had experience. Address D 25, Bee office. 15sep2

SITUATION—Wanted, by a competent meat cook; good hand on soups and entrees. Please address D 21 Bee office. 14sep3

WANTED—Situation as city salesman, not afraid to work, with extensive experience about the city; willing to assist at any other work about the concern; shipping, books, etc. Inquire Bee office, D 24. 14sep3

SITUATION—Wanted by a watchman or janitor to take care of business block, college, school or private residence; best of references. Address D 23, care Bee. 14sep6p

WANTED—Offices to clean or rooms of any kind by a colored woman; references given. Address D 22 care Bee office. 14sep3

WANTED AGENTS.

WANTED—Our agents make $100 to $300 a month selling our goods on their merits; want country and general agents, and will take back all goods unsold if a county agent fails to clear $200 and expenses after a 30 days' trial, or a general agent less than $150; we will send large illustrated circulars and letter with a special offer to suit territory applied for, on receipt of three 1 cent stamps. Apply at once and get in on the boom. Address Renner Manufacturing Company, Pittsburg, Pa. 1 v3m

WANTED—TO BUY.

HORSE—Wanted to buy a family horse; bay or black preferred; must be young, gentle and of good action; must be cheap for cash. Address D 98, Bee office. 14sep1p

FOR EXCHANGE

GRIST MILL IN ILLINOIS—Roller process; capacity 35 barrels per day; price, $5,000. Box 34, Tefft, Ind. 9sep6p

NIAGARA FALLS AND BUFFALO EXCURSION.

The next Niagara Falls excursion will leave Wheeling & Lake Erie, Cherry street depot, Sunday, September 20, 5:20 p. m. Rate, $6. Tickets good until September 30.

CITY NEWS.

The Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

Ask for Seyfang's New Process Bread.

The Toledo Laundry Co., 332 Summit St.

Diphtheria is reported at 825 Lagrange street.

The Hoag street school was opened yesterday morning.

The Ontario school is expected to be opened next week.

Feilbach & Co. are exclusive agents for A. Booth's Oysters. Try them.

Bryant C. L. S. C. at the Central Congregational church this evening.

Toledo council, C. K. of A., meets tonight at St. Mary's hall, Cherry street.

Parks' city ambulance will do work for $2.50 to any part of the city. Phone 1217.

The William Frail saloon case was continued in police court this morning until the 21st.

Miss Clouse, pianist, will resume lessons on Thursday, Sept. 17, at her studio, 311 Superior street.

This is a good time in the year to have your house painted with Buckeye Paints. They are the best.

Rev. P. P. Pope and other ministers of Toledo will visit the Detroit conference in session next week.

Other cases in police court this morning prevented the hearing of the Peter Dunn saloon case, and it was continued until this afternoon.

The Robisons are putting in a new switch at the corner of Huron and Beech streets, which necessitates a transfer of passengers.

To-morrow afternoon the W. H. M. S. of St. Paul's M. E. church will hold its last meeting for the conference year in the church parlors.

Ed Graham was arraigned in police court this morning on a charge of petit larceny. His case was continued until to-morrow morning.

Charles Worden was sentenced to the reform farm yesterday afternoon in police court for stealing a watch and chain from J. N. Reisinger.

The September term of the circuit court will convene to-morrow. The docket is much lighter than last term.

A fire yesterday afternoon caused the loss of two small barns at 725 Dorr street. The barns were owned by Mr. Warner and occupied by Mr. Jarvis.

Show your friends about the city in a carriage or surrey from the Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

Isadore Shet elroe was fined $20 and costs in police court this morning for assaulting one Jacob Bauman, with whom he had been boarding.

All of the members of the Fourteenth O. V. I. living in Toledo will attend the reunion at McClure on Thursday. Special train will be run on the Clover Leaf.

Angostura Bitters should find a place in every household. The best cure for indigest on. Manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. All druggists keep them.

The Woman's Home Missionary society, of St. Paul's M. E. church, will hold its last meeting of this conference year in the church parlors Wednesday, September 16, at 3 p. m.

Ask your grocer for A. Booth's Oysters.

George and Sarah Lumley were each fined $5 in a disturbance case, which came up in police court this morning, and the complaining witness, Henry F. Rabe, was fined the costs.

Frank Bizzo and Frank Cane indulged in disturbances last night, and were arraigned in police court this morning. Both asked for a continuance until to-morrow, which was granted.

Only two drunks were on the police court docket this morning, Frank Carter was fined the costs, Thomas Smith put up his watch for bail, but failed to appear, and an order for his rearrest was issued.

The Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 438.

The county commissioners, yesterday afternoon, resolved to deepen and widen county ditch 126, from the Lyttle ditch to the mouth. They have no money and $324 was transferred from the general fund.

Lewis Peters was arrested last evening on two charges, one for disturbance and the other for malicious destruction of property. Before court was called the cases were both settled by the costs being paid.

F. L. Case, of near Air Line Junction, reports that some tramp entered his house yesterday afternoon and stole a coat and vest, a pair of shoes and a watch and chain. The matter was given to the officers for investigation.

Half fare to Columbus next week via the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railroad, account Ohio State fair.

Early this morning the patrol wagon was called to the corner of Erie and Monroe streets, where Bernhard Welsher had been slightly hurt by a street car. He was taken to his home, 317 Wauseon street, and medical attendance called.

The Smead School for Girls will reopen Wednesday, September 23. Boys desirous of beginning Latin before entering the High School, are admitted to the Latin classes. For particulars apply to the Misses Smead.

The case of the city against the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City Railroad company on hearing to a jury in probate court to-day. It is an action to condemn property across the Clover Leaf tracks to open up Wabash street.

Show your friends about the city in a carriage or surrey from the Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

Isadore Shet elroe was fined $20 and costs in police court this morning for assaulting one Jacob Bauman, with whom he had been boarding.

All of the members of the Fourteenth O. V. I. living in Toledo will attend the reunion at McClure on Thursday. Special train will be run on the Clover Leaf.

Angostura Bitters should find a place in every household. The best cure for indigest on. Manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. All druggists keep them.

The Woman's Home Missionary society, of St. Paul's M. E. church, will hold its last meeting of this conference year in the church parlors Wednesday, September 16, at 3 p. m.

Ask your grocer for A. Booth's Oysters.

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The following deaths have been reported at the health office: Maggie Daley, age 53 years; John Raiser, age 66 years; Margaret Horbiur, age 72 years; Wm. Schreasebeur, age 11 month; Stanilon Sewandouski, age 1 month; Mary Mongroski, age 7 months.

Hon. C. P. Griffin, of Toledo, was a caller at headquarters yesterday. He was a member of the last house and is a candidate for re-election. He reports the outlook flattering in his section for McKinley and honest money. Mr. Griffin is accompanied on his visit to this city by his wife and will remain several days.—Columbus Journal.

Sleeplessness, nervous prostration, nervous dyspepsia, dullness, blues, opium habit, cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Samples free at druggists; by mail 10c. Miles Med. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

FOR DETROIT.

See City of Toledo time table in this paper. Four hours in Detroit. Fare, 50c round trip.

Every day brings us something new in the way of Dress Goods. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

TOLEDO TRAVELING MAN

Does a Turn in the East and Makes Himself Scarce.

The Cleveland Leader this morning prints the following special dispatch from Providence, R. I., dated yesterday:

Detective McHenry returned to Providence to-day from New York. He brought with him about $1,500 worth of jewelry and valuables belonging to Mrs. Edna Gifford, one of the charming young women of East Providence. The property in question was taken away, it is charged, by Samuel Y. Gifford, a commercial traveler from a Toledo, O., firm which does an extensive business in the east. On a flying eastern trip Gifford met the East Providence lady and they were married under assumed names by Rev. Jacob Ide, of Mansfield, Mass. They passed their honeymoon in and about Boston. Then Gifford induced Edna to buy diamonds and jewelry from a loan company in Boston. He disappeared after living with his Providence wife but four weeks. When he disappeared he took all the jewelry. She located him in Troy with a young woman. She also learned that the female companion was wearing the jewelry which she had bought. This girl's name was Clemence. Detective McHenry recovered some of the jewels from the Clemence woman, who claimed to be the wife of Gifford, and she displayed a marriage certificate signed by an Albany minister. Gifford was followed to Sandusky and there it was found that he was the reputed husband of another woman who was well known because of handsome features and elegant wardrobe. She, too, claimed to be the wife of Gifford, whose name, she said, was really Clarenden. The Sandusky woman was induced to give up some jewelry which Detective McHenry convinced her belonged to the Providence wife. No trace of Gifford could be found beyond Sandusky, but as all the property was recovered from the two women and returned to Mrs. Gifford here the hunt was abandoned. Mrs. Gifford has retained Congressman Charles H. Page to bring a suit for divorce.

Dress Trimmings in all the newest effects in Gimp, Metal and Feather Trimmings. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

WOMAN'S ERA.

What Radical English Women Are Doing in Public Life.

Only a fair-sized audience greeted the eminent English reformer, Miss Florence Belgarnie, in Memorial hall, last evening. It is not creditable to Toledoans that such a guest should come and go, almost unrecognized, unless as was perhaps the case her coming was not sufficiently made known. It is likely arrangements will be made for a parlor lecture by Miss Belgarnie at Mrs. Segur's residence, on Thursday afternoon next, and that she will return to Toledo later in the season to be greeted by larger audiences.

Mrs. Clark, of the W. T. C. U., introduced Miss Belgarnie, who, characterizing the present as "Woman's Era," said she would speak principally of what some months' observation had shown her was the diverging lines in methods of influencing public opinion of the English and American women. In attending the Women's congress in Paris at the time of the exposition, where delegates were present from Scandinavia, which has lately opened its universities to women; Switzerland, which has always been the great center of woman's advance; Spain, Italy, France; Germany, most retrograde of all countries on the woman question; England and America, Miss Belgarnie found the American women the most advanced of all, as was perhaps natural since they came from the country where women were held in the highest esteem.

In England as in America, however, public mind had advanced from the belief expressed in an old adage,

A woman, a dog, and a walnut tree,
The more you beat them the better they be,

to the belief that "The true measure of a woman's right is her capacity to receive, without any reference to what she may or may not do with it."

And while in America the advance of woman has been along social, educational and temperance lines, English women had also made a determined and successful advance along political lines. The English women have now the right to vote for everything except members of parliament. They ballot for members of the city councils and of the county councils, for members of poor boards and of the school boards, and an these two boards they also sit as members, elected by the ballot as are their male coadjutors.

The English women are divided, by their political convictions, into two organizations, conservative women having the Primrose Dame league and the liberal women the Women's League association. There are about one-half million of women organized in the Primrose league. The liberal association is smaller, but more active and more aggressive, and its honored president is Mrs. William E. Gladstone. The threefold purpose of the organization is: 1. To advance the liberal principles and support the liberal party; 2. To care for the interests of women and children; 3. To advance the political enlightenment and education of women.

The speaker gave some very clear and amusing illustrations of the way the women defeat obnoxious candidates, prevent the making of undesirable nominations, and help to carry their friends into office. Without venturing to advise women of America as to what they should do, these experiences of English women were related to show them what could be done by women in politics, whose motto was not so much "women's rights" as "the duty of woman."

Housekeepers will be suited in our Carpet department. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

EMANCIPATION CELEBRATION AT FOSTORIA SEPT. 22.

One dollar for the round trip. Tickets for sale by George Fields, Edward Jones, W. E. Clemens, A. J. Johnson, John Brown, Mrs. Julia Brown, Mrs. George Scott and Rev. M. A. Dyer. Train leaves Hocking Valley depot at 6:30 a. m., Sept. 22.

The newest designs in Lace Curtains and Draperies. See our display. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

PROPOSED RINK.

It Will Very Likely be Built by the Burns Curling Club.

Last night the first game of the season was played at the rooms of the Burns Curling club, on Water street. The reds won and the sides were as follows: Reds, Winfred, Ritchie, Reid, Skip; Blacks, Laidlaw, Jordan, Dennie, Skip. Score, Reds, 27; Blacks, 20.

The next game will be played Monday night next.

As the winter season approaches, the rink talk is being revived. It will be remembered that the club considered the matter last spring, but abandoned the project at that time. Last night some preliminary matters were talked over, and while nothing definite was decided upon, there is little doubt but that the rink will be built before winter.

Said W. B. Jordan to a BEE this morning: "We will in all probability build the rink before cold weather comes on. The matter has been talked over, and we think we ought to build it. If it is erected it will likely be located on Cherry street, or on some street where a suitable location can be had. If the building is put up it will be about 100x130 feet, and will furnish ample room for our purposes. Besides places for curling on either side the center will be devoted to skating purposes. The offices and one club, reception rooms, etc., will be in the front of the building. There is little doubt but that such a rink would be self-sustaining."

For real bargains look through our Linen department. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

EXCURSION TO ST. LOUIS

The Wabash railroad will sell round trip tickets to St. Louis, September 19 and 20 at half fare. See Wabash agents.

Fall Jackets and Coats.
Almost endless variety of styles and materials. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

SPORTING.

Games Yesterday.

LEAGUE

	Pitchers—	R	H	E
Philadelphia	Kling—13	15	3	
Cleveland	Beatin— 3	8	6	
Boston	Staley— 1	3	6	
Chicago	Hutchinson— 7	8	1	
Brooklyn	Caruthers— 5	9	2	
Cincinnati	Mullane—11	19	0	
New York	Russie— 3	8	8	
Pittsburg	Galvin— 4	6	0	

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E
Columbus	Knell—10	12	1	
Washington	Cassian— 2	5	5	
Louisville	Straiton— 3	5	3	
Boston	Haddock— 7	11	5	
St. Louis	Rettger— 7	9	2	
Baltimore	Healy— 4	12	0	

The National League.

	W.	L.	P.	Per cent
Chicago	75	44	120	.630
Boston	69	49	118	.585
New York	62	48	110	.564
Philadelphia	60	55	115	.522
Pittsburg	58	67	120	.442
Cleveland	53	68	121	.438
Brooklyn	51	66	117	.436
Cincinnati	46	72	118	.390

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.	Per cent
Boston	82	36	118	.695
St. Louis	77	44	121	.636
Athletics	65	52	117	.556
Baltimore	65	53	118	.551
Columbus	58	67	125	.464
Milwaukee	52	67	119	.437
Washington	43	77	117	.342
Louisville	41	79	120	.342

Amateur.

The Commercials challenge the Heroes for a game of ball Sunday, Sept. 20, at 2:30 p. m. on the Forrer street grounds for $2, $3 or $5 a side. If accepted answer through the Wednesday BEE. Manager Commercials.

The Ivies challenge the Emersons for a game or ball to be played on the Forrer street grounds for $2.25 a side, Sunday, September 20. Manager Ivies' base ball club.

NOTICE TO GESANGVEREIN.

Members of the Toledo Gesanverein are hereby notified that rehearsals will be resumed Wednesday, Sept. 16, 1891, at 8 o'clock p. m., at the rooms of Steadman's Business College, corner Adams and Summit street. Entrance on Adams street. By order of committee.

"Kid Gloves."
Fall shades in all the popular brands. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

HO! FOR THE HILLSDALE FAIR.

For the fair at Hillsdale the Lake Shore railway will sell excursion tickets Sept. 28 to Oct. 2, at half rates, good to return until Oct. 3.

CORRECT!

WEDDING INVITATIONS.
WEDDING Announcements.
WEDDING RECEPTION CARDS.

We issue invitations, announcements and everything pertaining to Wedding Stationery correct in engraving—form—and material unequaled.

To persons desiring excellence in engraving, paper, shape and style we solicit comparison.

Our Sample Book sent upon application for inspection.

Wright, Kay & Co.,
JEWELERS, IMPORTERS AND ART STATIONERS,
140 Woodward Avenue,
DETROIT.

WILL REMOVE FROM TOWN.

General Offices of the C., J. & M. at Toledo Will Go It Is Said.

It is said that when the Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw goes into the hands of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad, that the offices of the former road at Toledo will be abolished or removed from the city. At present the offices of the general manager, general freight and passenger agent, superintendent, cashier, comptroller and general counsel are located here. It is said that instead of these a general agent or commercial agent will represent the road in Toledo.

Train Dispatchers' Meeting.

Members of the Train Dispatchers' Association of America have received copies of the proceedings of the fourth annual convention held in Toledo recently. The frontispiece contains an excellent likeness of C. E. Case, of Toledo, secretary of the association. The report says many good things about the hospitality of Toledo, Toledo people and the various local organizations.

Cinders Here and There.

Geo. C. Osborn, of the Wabash freight department, is in Dayton to-day.

W. A. MacAndrews, traveling passenger agent of the Great Northern, is in the city to-day.

J. M. Osborn, division freight agent of the Wabash, has returned from a trip over the line.

General Manager J. M. Ferris, of the Toledo & Ohio Central railroad, is in Cleveland to-day.

E. B. Coolidge, general agent of the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad at Detroit, is in the city.

D. C. McWaters, traveling passenger agent of the Pennsylvania, is in town from Cleveland.

H. E. Pilcher, of Cincinnati, general southern agent of the Hoosic Tunnel fast freight line, is in town.

Commercial Agent C. C. Gridley, of the C., H. V. & T., is expected home to-morrow from La Platte, Mo., where he has been for a few days with his wife.

Surveys are being made for a branch of the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad, from Rush Run, on the Ohio river, to Smithfield, O., about eight miles, to open up coal fields.

Material is being placed in position and work will be commenced at once on the Wheeling & Lake Erie shops in this city. It is expected to have them under roof before the snow flies.

ONLY ONE FAULT.

Only one fault can